

SENDER: COMPLETE THIS SECTION	COMPLETE THIS SECTION ON DELIVERY
■ Complete items 1, 2, and 3. Also complete item 4 if Restricted Delivery is desired.  ■ Print your name and address on the reverse so that we can return the card to you.  ■ Attach this card to the mailpiece,	A. Signature  **Congretion**  B. Received by (Printed Name),  Duayne F. Velley  12-6-13
or on the front if space permits.	
1. Article Addressed to: #13-098	D. Is delivery address different from item 1? ☐ Yes  If YES, enter delivery address below: ☐ No
Dwayne E. Kelley HC 67 Box 71 West Union, WV 26456	
_	3. Service Type  Control of the cont
	4. Restricted Delivery? (Extra Fee) Yes
2. Article Number 7011 0470	PE85 E528 0000
PS Form 3811, February 2004 Domestic Retu	urn Receipt 102595-02-M-1549

United States Postal Service



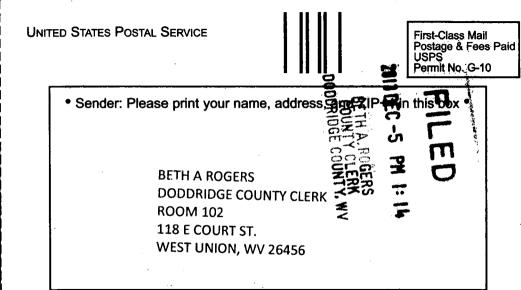
First-Class Mail Postage & Fees Paid USPS Permit No. G-10

• Sender: Please print your name, address, and ZIP+4 in this box •

ւումբենականի կիրարկարարի անականի կինականի կինական հայարարան հայարարարարան անական հայարարարան անական հայարարար

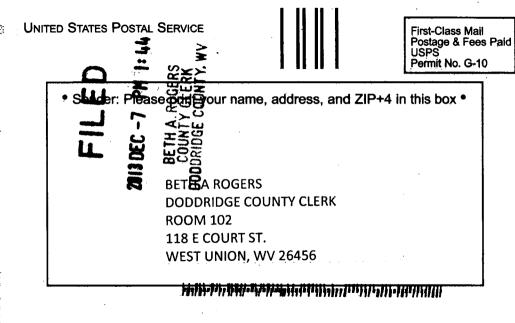


SENDER: COMPLETE THIS SECTION	COMPLETE THIS SECTION ON DELIVERY
<ul> <li>Complete items 1, 2, and 3. Also complete item 4 if Restricted Delivery is desired.</li> <li>Print your name and address on the reverse so that we can return the card to you.</li> <li>Attach this card to the back of the mailpiece, or on the front if space permits.</li> </ul>	A. Signature  X. Rosalia Clark DAddressee  B. Received by (Printed Name)  Rosalia Clark Date of Delivery  12/4/13
1. Article Addressed to: #13-099  Richard M & Rosalie Clark Route 1, Box 324A Salem, WV 26426	D. Is delivery address different from item 1? The Yes If YES, enter delivery address below: A No Mew 911 Address is 37 Clark Farm Drive Salen, www 26426
	3. Service Type    \( \overline{\text{Discretified Mail}} \)   Express Mail    Registered   Return Receipt for Merchandise    Insured Mail   C.O.D.
	4. Restricted Delivery? (Extra Fee)
2. Article Number (Transfer from service label) 7011 04	70 0000 8523 2877



հյդոհյոնիկյեւթիլերդերդորիիիրուրժ<u>ը</u>ովիուրկորին

SENDER: COMPLETE THIS SECTION	COMPLETE THIS SECTION ON DELIVERY
<ul> <li>Complete items 1, 2, and 3. Also complete item 4 if Restricted Delivery is desired.</li> <li>Print your name and address on the reverse</li> </ul>	A. Signature  X Pour Cart DAddressee
so that we can return the card to you.  Attach this card to the back of the mailpiece, or on the front if space permits.	B. Received by (Printed Name) C. Date of Delivery 12-6-13
1. Article Addressed to: #13-098	D. Is delivery address different from item 1?
Dorthella McIntyre 8375 Big Flint Rd West Union, WV 26456	Beverly Asheralt
š	3. Service Type  Certified Mail
	4. Restricted Delivery? (Extra Fee)
2. Article Number (Transfer from service label) 7011 0470	0000 8523 2846
PS Form 3811, February 2004 Domestic Retu	urn Receipt 102595-02-M-1540



SENDER: COMPLETE THIS SECTION	COMPLETE THIS SECTION ON DELIVERY
Complete items 1, 2, and 3. Also complete item 4 if Restricted Delivery is desired.  Print your name and address on the reverse so that we can return the card to you.  Attach this card to the back of the mailpiece, or on the front if space permits.	A. Signature  X. Addressee  B. Received by (Printed Name)  C. Date of Delivery
1. Article Addressed to: #13-098	D. Is delivery address different from item 1?
Shirley L. Gessler 9371 Big Flint Rd West Union, WV 26456	
<b>.</b>	3. Service Type  Certified Mail Registered Return Receipt for Merchandise C.O.D.
	4. Restricted Delivery? (Extra Fee) ☐ Yes
2. Article Number 7011 0471	0 0000 8523 2822
PS Form 3811 February 2004 Domestic Bett	urn Receipt 102595-02-M-1540

United States Postal Service



First-Class Mail Postage & Fees Paid USPS Permit No. G-10

• Sender: Please print your name, address, and ZIP+4 in this box •

BETH A ROGERS

DODDRIDGE COUNTY CLERK, ROOM 102

118 E COURT ST.

WEST UNION, WV 26456

**Asst. Chief Tax Deputy** 

**Sheriff of Doddridge County** 

The Person paying Money into the Treasury shall forthwith file one of these Receipts with the County Clerk

### **Doddridge County, West Virginia**

No. 1045

Date: December 5, 2013

\*\*\*Customer copy\*\*\*

#13-098 kleinfelder mopa-s001 & mopa-s006 pipeline project

\$500.00

In Payment For:

318

**Building Permits (LP)** 

12-Flood Plain Ordinance #20

**Fund** 

By: BH - MEH - AML

W. C .Underwood Jr.

**Asst. Chief Tax Deputy** 

**Sheriff of Doddridge County** 

### Permit Fee Detail Sheet EQT Gathering, LLC - MOPA-S001 and MOPA-S006 Pipeline Project

Doddridge County Floodplain Development Permit Application Fee Calculation (Inside Floodplain)			
Estimated Construction Costs	\$45,000.00		
Amount over \$100,000	-\$55,000.00		
Drilling Oil and Gas Well Fee	\$1,000.00		
Deposit for additional charges	\$1,000.00		
\$5 per \$1,000 over \$100,000	-\$275.00		
Amount Due with application	\$1,725.00		

\$500,00

### Legal Advertisement:

### **Doddridge County**

### Floodplain Permit Application

Please take notice that on the 3<sup>rd</sup> day of December, 2013 **EQT GATHERING, LLC.** 

filed an

application for a Floodplain Permit to develop land located at or

about: SURFACE OWNERS: SHIRLEY GESSLER, DWAYNE KELLEY, &

**DORTHELLA MCINTRE** 

**GRANT DISTRICT BIG FLINT** 

WB 42/132, DB 249/546, & 251/593, TM 03/02/11, 03/5/5 & 03/6/12

The Application is on file with the Clerk of the County Court and may be inspected or copied during regular business hours.

Any interested persons who desire to comment shall present

the same in writing by **DECEMBER 23<sup>RD</sup>**, **2013**.

Delivered to the:

Clerk of the County Court

118 E. Court Street, West Union, WV 26456.

Beth A Rogers, Doddridge County Clerk

Dan Wellings, Doddridge County Flood Plain Manager

P. 01

TRANSACTION REPORT

DEC-02-2013 MON 06:55 PM

FOR:

DODDRIDGE CO. CLERK

304 873 1840

SEND

\*

\*

Ж

,	DLI	NU							
	DATE	START	RECEIVER	TX TIME	PAGES	TYPE	NOTE	M#	DP
( ,	DEC-02	06:55	PM 93048731600	27"	1	FAX TX	OK	747	
<u>.                                    </u>									

TOTAL:

27S PAGES:

1

Legal Advertisement:

Doddridge County

Floodplain Permit Application

Please take notice that on the 3<sup>rd</sup> day of December, 2013 **EQT GATHERING, LLC.** 

filed an

application for a Floodplain Permit to develop land located at or about: SURFACE OWNERS: SHIRLEY GESSLER, DWAYNE KELLEY, & DORTHELLA MCINTRE

GRANT DISTRICT BIG FLINT

WB 42/132, DB 249/546, & 251/593, TM 03/02/11, 03/5/5 & 03/6/12

The Application is on file with the Clerk of the County Court and may be inspected or copied during regular business hours.

Any interested persons who desire to comment shall present the same in writing by DECEMBER 23<sup>RD</sup>, 2013.

Delivered to the:

Clerk of the County Court

118 E. Court Street, West Union, WV 26455.

Beth A Rogers, Doddridge County Clerk

Dan Wellings, Doddridge County Flood Plain Manager

# DODDRIDGE COUNTY FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT

### **PERMIT**

PURPOSE FOR PERMIT: ACCESS ROAD + PIPELINE
PURPOSE FOR PERMIT: ACCESS ROAD + PIPELINE MOPA 3001 + 3006
ISSUED TO
ADDRESS: 115 Professional Place  Bridge port, WV  PROJECT ADDRESS: BIG FLINT + BRUSH RUN
PROJECT ADDRESS: BIG FLINT + BRUSH RUN
ISSUED BY: Day Welling
DATE: $12/23/2013$
CONSTRUCTION MUST START WITHIN 180 DAYS FROM ISSUED DATE. PERMIT EXPIRES IN 12 MONTHS FROM ISSUED DATE. IF EXTENTION IS NEEDED A REQUEST MUST BE MADE IN WRITING STATING A REASON FOR THE EXTENTION.
THIS PERMIT MUST BE POSTED ON THE PREMISES IN A CONSPICUOUS PLACE SO AS TO BE CLEARLY

#13-098

FQT MOPA-5001 + MoPA-5006

MOPA-5001 + Project

### DODDRIDGE COUNTY 2013 NOV 2013 NOV 2013 NOV 2013 NOV 2014 PM 2: 12

COUNTY CLERK DODDRIDGE COUNTY, WY

### **SECTION 1: GENERAL PROVISIONS (APPLICANT TO REAL AND SIGN)**

- 1. No work may start until a permit is issued.
- 2. The permit may be revoked if any false statements are made herein.
- 3. If revoked, all work must cease until permit is re-issued.
- 4. Development shall not be used or occupied until a Certificate of Compliance is issued.
- 5. The permit will expire if no work is commenced within six months of issuance.
- 6. Applicant is hereby informed that other permits may be required to fulfill local, state, and federal requirements.
- 7. Applicant hereby gives consent to the Floodplain Administrator/Manager or his/her representative to make inspections to verify compliance.
- 8. I, THE APPLICANT CERTIFY THAT ALL STATEMENTS HEREIN AND IN ATTACHMENTS TO THIS APPLICATION ARE, TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE, TRUE AND ACCURATE.

APPLICANT'S SIGNATURE

DATE

11/21/13

SECTION 2: PROPOSE DEVELOPMENT (TO BE COMPLETED BY APPLICANT).

IF THE APPLICANT IS NOT A NATURAL PERSON, THE NAME, ADDRESS, AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF A NATURAL PERSON WHO SHALL BE APPOINTED BY THE APPLICANT TO RECEIVE NOTICE PURSUANT TO ANY PROVISION OF THE CURRENT DODDRIDGE COUNTY FLOODPLAIN ORDINANCE.

APPLICANT'S NAME: EQT Gathering, LLC c/o Megan Landfried

ADDRESS: 115 Professional Place, Bridgeport, WV 26330

**TELEPHONE NUMBER:** <u>304-841-2086</u>

BUILDER'S NAME: EQT Gathering, LLC

ADDRESS: 115 Professional Place, Bridgeport, WV 26330

**TELEPHONE NUMBER: 304-841-2086** 

ENGINEER'S NAME: Thomas Woodrow, P.E.

ADDRESS: 230 Executive Drive, Suite 122, Cranberry Township, PA 15143

**TELEPHONE NUMBER: 831-531-5129** 

#### PROJECT LOCATION:

**PROPERTY See Attachment A** 

NAME AND ADDRESSES FOR SURFACE OWNER/OWNERS (IF NOT THE APPLICANT) See Attachment A

DISTRICT: Grant

DATE/FROM WHOM PROPERTY PURCHASED: N/A

LAND BOOK DESCRIPTION: See Attachment A

DEED BOOK REFERENCE: See Attachment A

TAX MAP REFERENCE: See Attachment A

EXISTING BUILDINGS/USES OF PROPERTY: N/A

NAME OF AT LEAST ONE ADULT RESIDING IN EACH RESIDENCE LOCATED UPON THE SUBJECT PROPERTY See Attachment A
ADDRESS OF AT LEAST ONE ADULT RESIDING IN EACH RESIDENCE LOCATED UPON THE SUBJECT

To avoid delay in processing the application, please provide enough information to easily identify the project location.

DESCRIPTION OF WORK (CHECK ALL APPLICABLE BOXES)

A. STRUCTURAL DEVELOPMENT

#### ACTIVITY

#### STRUCTURAL TYPE

<b>5</b> 3	New Structure		Residential (1— 4 Family)
	Addition		Residential (more than 4 Family)
	Alteration	<b>E3</b>	Non-residential (floodproofing)
	Relocation		Combined Use (res. & corn.)
	Demolition		Replacement
	Manufactured/Mobil Home		
в.	OTHER DEVEOPLMENT ACTIVITIES:		
	Fill Mining	Drilling	Pipelining
	Grading		
	Excavation (except for STRUCTURAL D	EVELOPME	ENT checked above)
	Watercourse Altercation (including dredg		•
	Drainage Improvements (including culver	rt work)	·
	Road, Street, or Bridge Construction	·	
	Subdivision (including new expansion)		
	Individual Water or Sewer System		
	Other (please specify)		
c.	STANDARD SITE PLAN OR SKETCH		

- 1. SUBMIT ALL STANDARD SITE PLANS, IF ANY HAVE BEEN PREPARED.
- 2. IF STANDARD SITE PLANS HAVE NOT BEEN PREPARED:

SKETCH ON A SEPARATE 8 1/2 X 11 INCH SHEET OF PAPER THE SHAPE AND LOCATION OF THE LOT. SHOW THE LOCATION OF THE INTENDED CONSTRUCTION OR LAND USE INDICATING BUILDING SETBACKS, SIZE & HEIGHT. IDENTIFY EXISTING BUILDINGS, STRUCTURES OR LAND USES ON THE PROPERTY.

3. SIGN AND DATE THE SKETCH.

**ACTUAL TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COSTS OF THE COMPLETE DEVELOPMENT** IRRESPECTIVE OF WHETHER ALL OR ANY PART OF THE SUBJECT PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION PROJECT IS WITHIN THE FLOODPLAIN \$45,000.00

- D. ADJACENT AND/OR AFFECTED LANDOWNERS:
  - 1. NAME AND ADDRESS OF ALL OWNERS OF SURFACE TRACTS ADJACENT TO THE AREA OF THE SURFACE TRACT (UP & DOWN STREAM) UPON WHICH THE PROPOSED ACTIVITY WILL OCCUR AND ALL OTHER SURFACE OWNERS UP & DOWN STREAM) WHO OWN PROPERTY THAT MAY BE AFFECTED BY FLOODING AS IS DEMONSTRATED BY A FLOODPLAIN STUDY OR SURVEY (IF ONE HAS BEEN COMPLETED).

See Attachment A

1. NAME AND ADDRESS OF AT LEAST ONE ADULT RESIDING IN EACH RESIDENCE LOCATED UPON ANY ADJACENT PROPERTY AT THE TIME THE FLOODPLAIN PERMIT APPLICATION IS FILED AND THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF AT LEAST ONE ADULT RESIDING IN ANY HOME ON ANY PROPERTY THAT MAY BE AFFECTED BY FLOODING AS IS DEMONSTRATED BY A FLOODPLAIN STUDY OR SURVEY.

NAME: See Attachment A	NAME:
ADDRESS:	ADDRESS:

#### E. CONFIRMATION FORM

THE APPLICANT ACKNOWLEDGES, AGREES, AND CONFIRMS THAT HE/IT WILL PAY WITHIN 30 DAYS OF RECEIPT OF INVOICE BY THE COUNTY FOR ALL EXPENSES RELATIVE TO THE PERMIT APPLICATION PROCESS GREATER THAN THE REQUIRED DEPOSIT FOR EXPENSES INCLUDING:

- (A) PERSONAL SERVICE OF PROCESS BY THE DODDRIDGE COUNTY SHERIFF AT THE RATES PERMITTED BY LAW FOR SUCH SERVICE.
- (B) SERVICE BY CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED.
- (C) PUBLICATION.
- (D) COURT REPORTING SERVICES AT ANY HEARINGS REQUESTED BY THE APPLICANT.
- (E) CONSULTANTS AND/OR HEARING EXPERTS UTILIZED BY DODDRIDGE COUNTY FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR/MANAGER OR FLOODPLAIN APPEALS BOARD FOR REVIEW OF MATERIALS AND/OR TESTIMONY REGARDING THE EFFICACY OF GRANTING OR DENYING THE APPLICANT'S FLOODPLAIN PERMIT.

NAME (PRINT):	Mesa	ξ.	Ladfried		
SIGNATURE: _	Meyn	۶	dof	DATE: -	11/21/13

and the state of t

### Property Owner Table - Floodplain Permit EQT Gathering, LLC - MOPA-S001 and MOPA-S006 Pipeline Project

13-	098
-----	-----

Property Owner Name	Mailing Address	Тах Мар	Parcel ID	Deed Book Reference	Land Book Description			
HOST PROPERTIES (INSIDE FLOODPLAIN)								
Shirley Lee Gessler	9371 Big Flint Rd, West Union, WV 26456 🕝	03-02-11	422910265	WB 42 x132	Big Flint 384 Ac			
Dwayne E Kelley	HC 67 Box 71, West Union, WV 26456	03-5-5	422909204	DB 249 x 546	Big Flint 27.27 Ac			
Dwayne E Kelley	HC 67 Box 71, West Union, WV 26456	03-5-5.2	422909205	DB 249 x 546	.955 Ac Big Flint			
Dorthella McIntyre	8375 Big Flint Road, West Union, WV 26456	03-6-12	422909327	DB 251 x 593	Big Flint 98.69 Ac			
Jordan & Deania Stanley	Rt 2 Box 290, West Union, WV 26456	03-5-32	422904771	DB 285 x 540	Big Flint 4.30 Ac			
Stephen & Remonda Trent	14 Millbrook Rd, Bridgeport, WV 26330-1054	03-5-5.1	422909129	DB 175 x 633	Big Flint Creek 11.88 Ac			
	PROPERTY OWNERS ABUTTING HOST PR	ROPERTIES - IN	SIDE FLOODPLA	AIN				
Michael Benedum	426 RR5, Salem, WV 26426	03-2-3	422909470	N/A	N/A			
Marty L Baker	164 Valley St. Salem, WV 26426	03-2-2	422910244	N/A	N/A			
Chestnut Grove Church Trustees	Route 3, Salem, WV 26426	03-5-30	422909096	N/A	N/A			
	PROPERTY OWNERS ABUTTING HOST PRO	OPERTIES - OU	TSIDE FLOODPI	.AIN				
Stanley Jordan	Rt 2 Box 290, West Union, WV 26456	03-3-1	422904771	N/A	N/A			
Albert & Roxann Leasure	HC 67 Box 73, West Union, WV 26456	03-6-1	422909199	N/A	N/A			
Arnold & Juanita Kraft	726 Brush Run, West Union, WV 26456	03-6-7	422909172	N/A	N/A			
Monty & Pamela Wilson	2290 Union School Rd, Mc Bee, SC 29101-8724	03-6-12.3	422909097	N/A	N/A			
Vera Carroll	954 Ralphs Run, West Union, WV 26456 05-17-7 422909461 N/A		N/A					
Roberta L Reed	Route 12 Ralphs Run Rd. Salem, WV 26426	05-17-12	422910270	N/A	N/A			
Elvy & Mary Jane Underwood	12 Underwood Lane, West Union, WV 26456 05-17-15 422910261 N/A		N/A					
Loris Underwood	Route 12 Ralphs Run Rd. Salem, WV 26426 0.		422909478	N/A	N/A			
Barbara Jean Durham	1 Route 3 Over, Salem, WV 26426	03-6-3	422907680	N/A	N/A			
Jeffrey Lynn Bonnell	1 Route 3 Over, Salem, WV 26426	03-6-2	422909332	N/A	N/A			
Flint O & G Co A Corp	Route 14, Salem, WV 26426	03-2-6	422909415	N/A	N/A			
David Hayes et al	Route 14, Salem, WV 26426	03-2-10	422909360	N/A	N/A			
Clark Jennings & Melissa Thompson	287A RR2 West Union, WV 26456	03-5-4.2	422909233	N/A	N/A			
Robert Smith	410 Church St. West Union, WV 26456	03-5-9	422909326	N/A	N/A			
Chestnut Grove Church Trustees	Off Route 3, Salem, WV 26426	03-5-30.1	422909080	N/A	N/A			
Evelyn & Ronald Heintzelman	Route 3, Salem, WV 26426	03-6-20	422909036	N/A	N/A			
Cecil Radcliff	127 Morgans Run Rd. West Union, WV 26456	03-6-21	422909027	N/A	N/A			
Elizabeth Connor	1 Route 3 Over, Salem, WV 26426	03-6-14	422909110	N/A	N/A			
Kenneth Ray Bonnell	1 Route 3 Over, Salem, WV 26426	03-6-2.2	422909151	N/A	N/A			
Connie Sue Martin Life	1 Route 3 Over, Salem, WV 26426	03-6-4.1	422909325	N/A	N/A			
Chestnut Christian Grove	Off Route 3, Salem, WV 26426	03-6-12.1	422909303	N/A	N/A			
Trustees of Chestnut Grove	Route 3, Salem, WV 26426	03-6-12.2	422909300	N/A	N/A			
Chestnut Grove Church & Cemetery	Off Route 3, Salem, WV 26426	03-5-22	422909299	N/A	N/A			
Larry Haught	Off Route 3, Salem, WV 26426	03-6-18.1	422909019	N/A	N/A			
Mark & Eilen Williams	67 HC 67 West Union, WV 26456	03-6-13	422909088	N/A	N/A			

After completing SECTION 2, APPLICANT should submit form to Floodplain Administrator/Manager or his/her representative for review.

### SECTION 3: FLOODPLAIN DETERMINATION (to be completed by Floodplain Administrator/Manager or his/her representative)

	THE	PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT:
	THE	PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT IS LOCATED ON:
	the a	Panel: 130 + 40 - d: 10   64   20 U   Is NOT located in a Specific Flood Hazard Area (Notify applicant that pplication review is complete and NO FLOOPLAIN DEVELOPMENT WIT IS REQUIRED).  Is located in Special Flood Hazard Area.
2) M	Zu/	FIRM zone designation A NGVD (MSE)
<b>v</b> ()	.0	Unavailable
	LJ	
	()	The proposed development is located in a floodway.  FBFM Panel No Dated
	0	See section 4 for additional instructions.

SIGNED DATE 12/23/2003

### SECTION 4: ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REQUIRED (To be completed by Floodplain Administrator/Manager or his/her representative)

The applicant must submit the documents checked below before the application can be processed. A plan showing the location of all existing structures, water bodies, adjacent roads, lot dimensions and proposed development. Development plans, drawn to scale, and specifications, including where applicable: details for anchoring structures, storage tanks, proposed elevation of lowest floor, (including basement or crawl space), types of water resistant materials used below the first floor, details of flood proofing of utilities located below the first floor and details of enclosures below the first floor, Also Subdivision or other development plans (If the subdivision or development exceeds 50 lots or 5 acres, whichever is the lesser, the applicant must provide 100-year flood elevations if they are not otherwise available). Plans showing the extent of watercourse relocation and/or landform alterations. \_\_\_ Ft. NGVD (MSL). Top of new fill elevation For flood proofing structures applicant must attach certification from registered engineer or architect. []Certification from a registered engineer that the proposed activity in a regulatory floodway will not result in any increase in the height of the 100-year flood. A copy of all data and calculations supporting this finding must also be submitted. Manufactured homes located in a floodplain area must have a West Virginia Contractor's License and a Manufactured Home Installation License as required by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

	or/Manager or his/her repre	sentative)	
		***************************************	
I have deter	mined that the proposed a	activity (type is or is not) in	
	•	oodplain Ordinance adopted by	•
=	<del>-</del>	unty on May 21, 2013. The peri	
issued subj	act to the conditions attac	hed to and made part of this pe	ermit.
SIGNED	40-27 40-07 40-7 40-7	DATE	
SIGNED	•,""	DATE	
If the Flood	plain Administrator/Manag	ger found that the above was n	ot in
	· ·	ne Doddridge County Floodplai	
	•	tion, the applicant may comple	
appealing p	rocess below.		
APPEALS:	Appealed to the County	Commission of Doddridge Coun	ity?
0 V 0 N-			
[] Yes {} No	Hearing Date:		

### SECTION 6: AS-BUILT ELEVATIONS (To be submitted by APPLICANT before Certificate of Compliance is issued).

The following information must be provided for project structures. This section must be completed by a registered professional engineer or a licensed land surveyor (or attach a certification to this application).

### COMPLETE 1 OR 2 BELOW:

Actual (As-Built) Elevation of the top of the lowest floor (including basement or crawl space is FT. NGVD (MSL)
2 Actual (As Built) elevation of floodproofing is FT. NGVD (MSL)
Note: Any work performed prior to submittal of the above information is at risk of the applicant.
SECTION 7: COMPLIANCE ACTION (To be completed by the Floodplain
Administrator/Manager or his/her representative).
The Floodplain Administrator/Manager or his/her representative will complete this section as applicable based on inspection of the project to ensure compliance with the Doddridge County Floodplain Ordinance.
INSPECTIONS:
DATE: BY: DEFICIENCIES ? Y/N
COMMENTS
SECTION 8: CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (To be completed by Floodplain
Administrator/Manager or his/her representative).
Certificate of Compliance issued: DATE: BY:

# CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE FOR DEVELOPMENT IN SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA (OWNER MUST RETAIN)

-	RMIT NUMBER:	
PURPOSE	-	
CONSTRUCTION LOCATION:	**************************************	
OWNER'S ADDRESS:		
THE FOLLOWING MUST BE CO	OMPLETED BY THE FLOODPLAIN OR HIS/HER AGENT.	
	BY CERTIFIED WITH THE REQUIREMENT OF THE OPTED BY THE COUNTY COMMISSION OF 21, 2013.	
SIGNED	DATE	



230 Executive Drive Suite 122 Cranberry Township, PA 16066 o| 724.772.7072 f | 724.772.7079

### **TRANSMITTAL**

To:

Date: December 3, 2013

Mr. Dan Wellings Floodplain Coordinator Doddridge County Commission 118 East Court Street West Union, WV 26456

Reference No: 136508

cc: Project File

Subject:  Doddridge County Floodplain Development Permit #13-098 MOPA-S001 & MOPA-S006 Pipeline Project Doddridge County, West Virginia EQT Gathering, LLC				
	$\boxtimes$	Attached		Under separate cover
Via:	Remarks:			the amount of \$500.00 for fees pipeline crossing of a floodplain.

By:

Matt Albright Project Manager

FILED

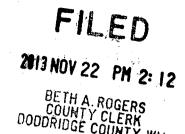
113 DEC -4 PM 2: 11

BETH A ROGERS
COUNTY CLERK



November 21, 2013

Mr. Dan Wellings Floodplain Coordinator Doddridge County Commission 118 East Court Street West Union, WV 26456



Re: Doddridge County Floodplain Development Permit Application

MOPA-S001 & MOPA-S006 Pipeline Project Doddridge County, West Virginia

EQT Gathering, LLC

Dear Mr. Wellings:

EQT Gathering, LLC (EQT) is proposing to install the 0.93-mile, 16-inch diameter MOPA-S001 and the 0.82-mile, 12-inch diameter MOPA-S006 natural gas pipelines in Doddridge County, West Virginia (Figure 1). The proposed MOPA-S001 & MOPA-S006 pipelines (Project) will tie into an existing EQT Production Company Well Pad to the south and the proposed Pandora Compressor Facility to the north. Kleinfelder East, Inc. (Kleinfelder), on behalf of EQT, has enclosed a Doddridge County Floodplain Development Permit Application for your review and approval along with a permit fee detail sheet and check in the amount of \$1,725.00.

A list of property owners located along and adjacent to the Project is included as Attachment A.

The Project location maps (Figure 1 - USGS Topographic Map and Figure 2 - Aerial Imagery Map) depict the proposed right of way (ROW) associated with the pipeline construction activities. A description of the pipeline construction activities is included as Attachment B.

The Flood Hazard Map (Attachment C) depicts locations where temporary construction activities will enter and exit the floodplain. Approximately 350 feet of temporary access roads and 3,980 feet of pipeline will be installed in the floodplain with a temporary construction disturbance of 0.69 acres. Following completion of the pipeline installation activities, the Project ROW will be restored to pre-construction contours and no permanent structures will be constructed; therefore, there will be no change to the base flood elevations. It should be noted that a pig launcher will temporarily remain in the floodplain at the connection point of the MOPA-S001 and MOPA-S006 Pipelines (39.371291, -80.718763 (Figure 1)) until the MOPA-S003 Pipeline can be constructed and the pig launcher moved outside of the floodplain permanently.

State and Federal permit applications for the Project have been submitted and are enclosed as Attachment D. In addition, available State and/or Federal approvals at the time of this submittal are enclosed (Attachment D). Remaining approval letters can be forwarded to your office upon receipt.

We appreciate your timely review of this request. Please contact Matt Albright (724-831-5101) or Megan Landfried (304-848-0061) with any questions.

Respectfully submitted,

mitting, cuilt

Matthew J. Albright Project Manager

c: Megan Landfried, EQT

CRANPA13L0554

Enclosures (7)

Doddridge County Floodplain Development Permit Application/Detail Sheet/Check

Figure 1 – USGS Topographic Map

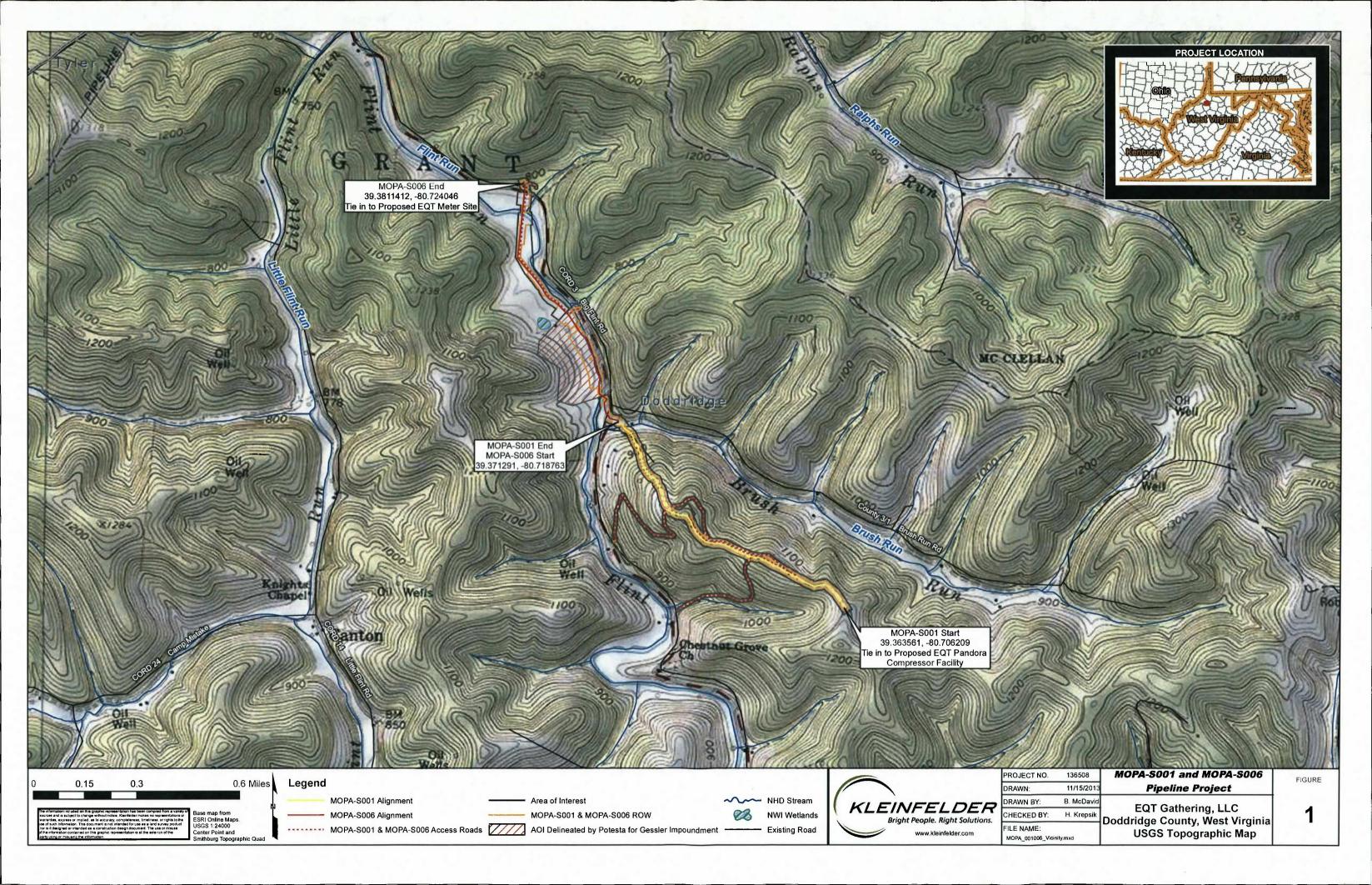
Figure 2 – Aerial Imagery Map

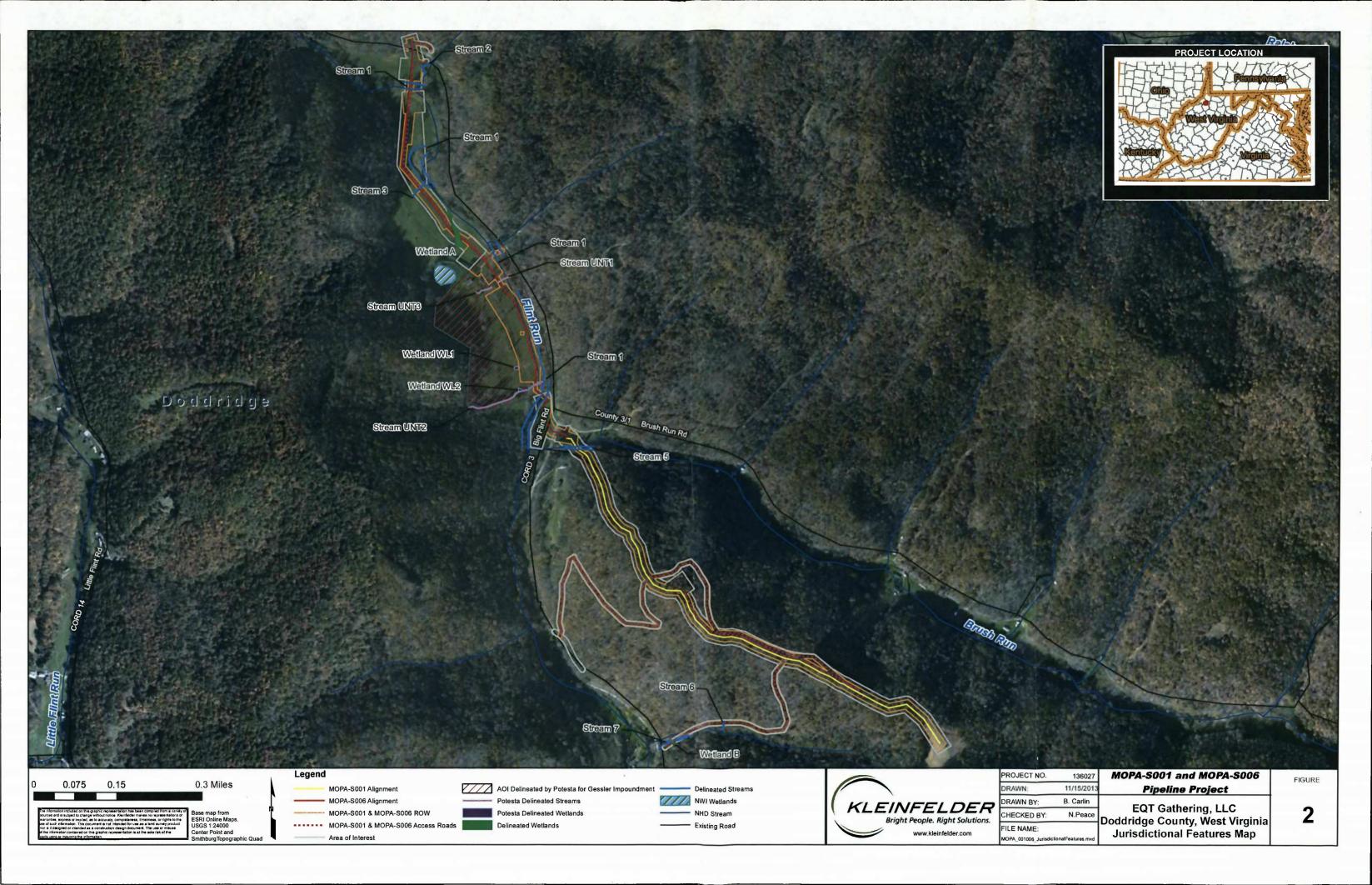
Attachment A - Property Owner Table

Attachment B - Pipeline Construction Description

Attachment C - Flood Hazard Map

Attachment D - State & Federal Permit Applications and Approval Letters





# ATTACHMENT A PROPERTY OWNER TABLE

# ATTACHMENT B PIPELINE CONSTRUCTION DESCRIPTION



### PIPELINE CONSTRUCTION DESCRIPTION

#### MOPA-S001 & MOPA-S006 Pipeline Project

### **Doddridge County, West Virginia**

Construction on the MOPA-S001 & MOPA-S006 Pipeline Project will utilize erosion and sediment (E&S) control measures that consist of compost filter sock, silt fence, right-of-way (ROW) diversions, trench breakers (plugs), silt fence, and temporary and permanent seeding and mulching. Best Management Practice (BMP) specifications from the site-specific E&S control plan (E&SCP) will be utilized by the construction contractor. Straw/hay bales will not be used as an E&S control.

Descriptions of the Pipeline Project construction activities are outlined in the sequence below:

- 1. Prior to beginning land disturbing activities, clearly mark all clearing limits, sensitive areas and their buffers, and trees that are to be preserved within the construction area. These shall be clearly marked, both in the field and on the plans, to prevent damage and offsite impacts.
- 2. Install stone construction entrances at all locations where temporary access roads will be accessing a paved roadway.
- 3. Install temporary E&S controls (silt fence, ROW diversions, etc.) Prior to any excavation work to ensure, to the maximum extent practicable, that no significant erosion or sedimentation occurs.
- ROW diversions and/or other erosion and sediment control devices will be installed as needed. If clearing and grubbing is required, see below regarding the management and disposal of debris.
- 5. After access to and along the proposed utility line has been provided, the general clearing and grubbing of the trees and brush along the ROW for pipe trenching may commence to the width specified in the E&SCP. Trees shall be windrowed on low side of ROW. All pollutants, including waste materials and demolition debris, that occur on-site during construction shall be handled and disposed of in a manner that does not cause contamination of surface waters. Woody debris may be chopped and spread on-site.
- 6. Minor grading within the ROW will be conducted where necessary to provide an even surface for safe and efficient operation of construction equipment. Grading will be the minimum amount necessary and BMPs will be installed promptly. Tree stumps, and large rocks and boulders will also be removed for safety at this time.
- 7. Excavate pipeline trench. Pipeline trench shall be excavated to a width of approximately 5 feet and a minimum cover of 3 feet shall be provided above pipeline at all locations except for wetlands and streams. A minimum cover of 5 feet shall be provided along pipeline at wetland and stream crossings.



- 8. The proposed construction ROW will be used as a work area for trench excavation, equipment movement, and the storage of soil stockpiles, as needed. Equipment soil stockpiles, and other materials area to remain upslope of BMPs during construction activities.
- 9. Segregation of topsoil and subsoil will be performed where trench excavation takes place in an agricultural, wetland, or residential area.
- 10. Temporary E&S controls for stream crossings shall be installed at locations shown on the E&SCP and associated detail sheets.
- 11. Stream and river pipeline crossing construction methods will be installed at locations shown on the E&SCP sheets and as specified on the detail sheets. Waterbodies will be crossed with temporary bridges, such as timber mats or approved equal crossings, prior to crossing the conveyance, if flowing water is present at the time of the construction of that waterbody. Stream bank stabilization will be performed immediately following completion of the pipeline installation.
- 12. Wetland crossing widths for utility crossings will be kept to a minimum and will be stabilized by placing timber mats, riprap, or pre-fabricated swamp mats, as shown on the detail sheets. All materials used to stabilize access roads in wetland areas will be removed from the wetland upon completion of the pipeline construction.
- 13. Pipeline sections will be transported to the work area and strung along the working side of the ROW parallel to the trench line. The pipeline will be bent to conform to the trench contour, aligned, welded and placed on temporary supports alongside the trench. Welds will be visually and radio-graphically inspected and repaired as necessary. The pipe section will be lowered into the trench and placed on padding material laid on the trench bottom to protect the pipe coating. Any wetness encountered during construction work will be dewatered by using pumps, hoses, and dewatering bags, and will be discharged to a well-vegetated upland area.
- 14. Install trench breakers (plugs) at locations as shown on the E&SCPs and as specified on the associated detail sheets.
- 15. The trench will be subsequently backfilled with suitable excavated material. The backfill material will be slightly crowned in upland areas to allow for settlement that may occur. Crowning the soil slightly over the pipeline will help prevent future stormwater-related problems from settling of the backfilled area. No crowning of the soils will take place in wetlands, streams, or floodplains, disturbed areas will be restored to their original topographic contours.
- 16. Exposed and unworked soils shall be stabilized by application of effective BMPs that protect the soil from erosive forces of raindrops, flowing water and wind. All disturbed areas that are at final grade must be seeded and mulched within seven days and areas that will not be worked again for 21 days or more must be seeded and mulched within seven days. For disturbed areas with slopes of 3:1 or greater, the area will be vertically tracked and erosion control fabric shall be installed after seed, mulch, and soil supplements have been applied. The temporary/permanent seeding and mulch table on the detail sheets consist of



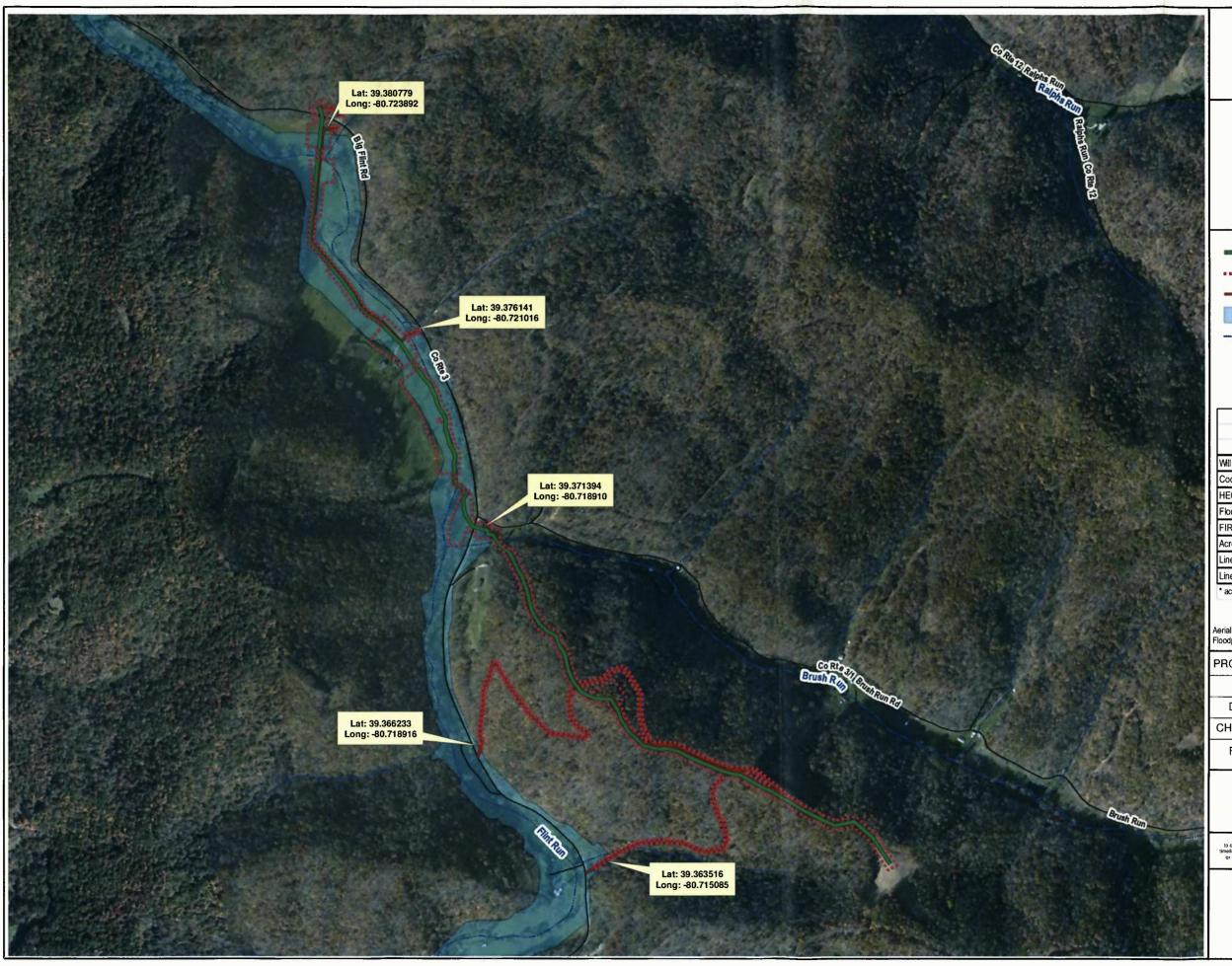
the type of seed and application rate that shall be applied, including the nurse crop that shall be used during certain time of the year to promote stabilization of the soil until the perennial seedlings establish.

- 17. In the unlikely event that there are excess excavated materials remaining after the trench has been backfilled, the material will be disposed of within the existing ROW in an upland area outside of wetlands, streams, and floodplains. Material will be spread in a thin layer and tied into existing contours to create positive drainage for stormwater runoff.
- 18. All E&S controls will be inspected, at a minimum, once every seven calendar days and within 24 hours after any storm event greater than 0.5-inch per 24-hour period until there is a uniform, perennial 70 percent vegetative coverage established. Temporary BMPs will be removed upon achieving vegetative stabilization. The 70 percent requirement refers to the total area vegetated and not a percent of the site.
- 19. No sediment tracking on the roadway is allowed. In the event that sediment is inadvertently tracked onto the road, the road shall be cleaned thoroughly by the end of each day. Sediment shall be removed from roads by shoveling or pickup sweeping and shall be transported to a controlled sediment disposal area. Street washing of sediments to the storm drain system is not allowed. If street wash wastewater can be controlled from entering the storm drainage system, then it shall be pumped back onto the site, contained and disposed of properly.
- 20. Construction access restoration shall be equal or better than the pre-construction condition and grades that were altered during construction activities shall be restored to original grades and match existing drainage patterns.
- 21. Linear construction activities such as right-of-way and easement clearing, roadway development, pipelines, and trenching for utilities, shall be conducted to meet the soil stabilization timeframe requirements. Contractors shall install the bedding materials, roadbeds, structures, pipelines, or utilities and re-stabilize the disturbed soils so that the 7-day requirements are met.

The current base flood elevation at the proposed Flint Run crossings is a maximum of approximately 765 feet. Following completion of the pipeline installation activities, the ROW will be restored to pre-construction contours and no permanent structures will be constructed; therefore, there will be no change to the base flood elevations. It should be noted that a pig launcher will temporarily remain in the floodplain at the connection point of the MOPA-S001 and MOPA-S006 Pipelines (39.371291, -80.718763 (Figure 1)) until the MOPA-S003 Pipeline can be constructed and the pig launcher moved outside of the floodplain permanently.



# ATTACHMENT C FLOOD HAZARD MAP



### FLOOD HAZARD MAP

MOPA-S001 & MOPA-S006 Pipeline Project EQT Gathering, LLC Doddridge County, WV

Alignment (1.75 mi)

Right Of Way/Temporary Workspace

Access Road

100 Year Floodplain (FEMA/WV 2013)

Stream (NHD)

	ige District e County, WV	
Flint Rur	Watershed	
Will Construction activities take place in a	YES	
Coordination with county flooplain coord	YES	
HEC-RAS study required:	N/A	
Floodplain shown on mapping:	YES	
FIRM Map number(s) for project:	4017C0040C	
Acreage of temporary construction in flo	1.26 ac	
Linear feet of pipeline in floodplain:	3,980 ft	
Linear feet of temporary access roads in floodplain:		2,555 ft

<sup>\*</sup> ac = (length of pipeline X 5 foot wide trench + length of access roads x 20 ft wide AR)/43560

Aerial Photography: ESRI; NWI Weltand: US FWS; Stream: USGS; Floodplain: WV GIS Technical Center & FEMA

PROJECT NO.: 136027

DRAWN: 11/15/2013

DRAWN BY: GHB

CHECKED BY: MA/HK

FILE NAME: MOPA001006\_Floodplain





# ATTACHMENT D STATE & FEDERAL PERMIT APPLICATIONS AND APPROVAL LETTERS

13-098

# NATIONWIDE PERMIT-12 APPLICATION FOR MOPA-S001 & MOPA-S006 PIPELINE PROJECT

# DODDRIDGE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA

#### PREPARED FOR:

EQT GATHERING, LLC 115 PROFESSIONAL PLACE BRIDGEPORT, WV 26330

#### SUBMITTED TO:

MR. MARK TAYLOR
ENERGY RESOURCE BRANCH, REGULATORY DIVISION
U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS, HUNTINGTON DISTRICT
502 EIGHTH STREET
HUNTINGTON, WV 25701

PREPARED BY: Kleinfelder East, Inc. 230 Executive Drive, Suite 122 Cranberry Township, PA 16066

**NOVEMBER 15. 2013** 

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Exec	utive Summary	1
1.0	Introduction	2
1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5	Project Description  Land Owner Information  Location  Site Description  Climate/Site Conditions	3 3 3
2.0	Methods	4
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4	Date of Field Work and Personnel Scope of Work Desktop Analysis ACOE Jurisdictional Statement	4 5
3.0	Findings	
3.1	Jurisdictional Findings	6
4.0	Impacts	11
5.0	Engineer Drawings	16
6.0	Permit Requirements	30
LIST	OF TABLES	
Table:	Land Owner Information	7
LIST	OF FIGURES	
Figure	e 1 – General Vicinity Map e 2 – Jurisdictional Features Map e 3 – Soils Map	

#### **APPENDICES**

**Appendix A – Wetland Delineation Data Sheets** 

Appendix B – Wetland Delineation Photos for Impacted Features

Appendix C – Agency Correspondence Letters

#### **Executive Summary**

EQT Gathering, LLC (EQT) proposes to construct the 0.93-mile, 16-inch diameter MOPA-S001 and the 0.82-mile, 12-inch diameter MOPA-S006 steel natural gas pipelines in Doddridge County, West Virginia (Figure 1). The proposed MOPA-S001 and MOPA-S006 pipelines (Project) will tie into a proposed EQT Production Company Meter Site to the north and the proposed Pandora Compressor Facility to the south. The Project proposes to recover natural gas from state-permitted wells within the region. The purpose of the Project is to establish pipeline connections required for the gathering of natural gas.

Kleinfelder East, Inc. (Kleinfelder) conducted stream and wetland investigations between September 3 and 5, 2013 to identify streams and wetlands within the area of interest (AOI). A portion of this Project was delineated by Potesta & Associates, Inc. (Potesta) on October 22, 2012, which was formerly known as the Gessler Freshwater Impoundment. During combined field investigations, thirteen (13) jurisdictional features were observed within the AOI and included nine (9) streams and four (4) wetlands (Figure 2). Project-specific details regarding the AOI are provided in Section 1.0. The methodology utilized for Kleinfelder's site review and desktop analysis is provided in Section 2.0. Section 3.0 provides documentation of the features identified during delineation of the project AOI.

The proposed MOPA-S001 and MOPA-S006 pipelines and associated access roads would temporarily impact two (2) perennial streams, two (2) intermittent streams, three (3) ephemeral streams and two (2) palustrine emergent (PEM) wetlands. These temporary impacts would be associated with fill-related activities. Section 4.0 provides information regarding the proposed impacts and avoidance and minimization measures taken to reduce impacts. Section 5.0 includes engineer drawings depicting cross sections and profiles of the proposed impacts.

#### 1.0 Introduction

The contents of this report constitute a Nationwide Permit-12 (NWP-12) application and Preliminary Jurisdictional Determination (PJD) request. As such, this report contains all information applicable to a Pre-Construction Notification (PCN) for a NWP-12.

Applicant Information: EQT Gathering, LLC c/o Megan Landfried 115 Professional Place Bridgeport, WV 26330 Business Phone: 304-848-0061

Fax: 304-848-0040

Agent Information: Kleinfelder c/o Thomas Woodrow, P.E. 230 Executive Drive, Suite 122 Cranberry Township, PA 16066, USA Business Phone: 724-831-5129

Fax: 724-772-7079

#### 1.1 Project Description

The proposed 0.93-mile, 16-inch diameter MOPA-S001 and the 0.82-mile, 12-inch diameter MOPA-S006 steel natural gas pipelines will be installed at a minimum depth of three (3) feet below the ground surface in upland areas and at a depth of four (4) feet below the ground surface at stream and wetland crossings within the construction Right-of-Way (ROW). The Project is approximately 1.75 miles total in length with an AOI of approximately 60.76 acres in total. Kleinfelder completed the survey of approximately 37.69 acres in September 2013. Potesta surveyed approximately 23.07 acres in October 2012. The Project will tie into a proposed EQT Production Company Meter Site to the north and the proposed Pandora Compressor Facility to the south. The proposed Project crosses four separate streams listed in the National Hydrography Dataset (NHD) and no National Wetland Inventory (NWI) wetlands (Figure 1).

#### 1.2 Land Owner Information

**Table 1. Land Owner Information** 

Property Owner	Address
Stanley L. & Loreen V. Jordan	348 Knights Fork Rd, West Union, WV 26456
Eric S. Gessler	9371 Big Flint Rd, West Union, WV 26456
Dwayne E. Kelley	62 HC 67, West Union, WV 26456-9314
Roxann S. & Albert Leasure	200 Brush Run, West Union, WV 26456-9300
Dorthella McIntyre Life	Unknown Address
Juanita M. Krafft Et. Al.	726 Brush Run, West Union, WV 26456
Monty S. & Pamela M. Wilson	2290 Union School Rd, Mc Bee, SC 29101-8724
Stephen W. & Remonda L. Trent	14 Millbrook Rd, Bridgeport, WV 26330-1054

#### 1.3 Location

Approximate coordinates of the Project are: Northern terminus (MOPA-S006 End) 39.3811412°, -80.724046°; Start of MOPA-S006 and End of MOPA-S001 39.371291°, -80.718763°. Southern terminus (MOPA-S001 Start) 39.363561°, -80.706209°. The project is located in Doddridge County as shown on the General Vicinity Map (Figure 1).

To drive to the Project site: From the town of West Union, WV, drive approximately 9.5 miles east on US Route 50 to Big Flint Road (County Road 3). Turn left (north) on Big Flint Road and travel for approximately 8.8 miles to the intersection of Big Flint Road and Brush Run Road. This intersection is at the approximate midpoint of the proposed project.

#### 1.4 Site Description

Figure 1 depicts the general location of the proposed AOI. The Project predominantly traverses upland deciduous forests and pasture lands. The landscape ranges from predominantly forested ridges that transition into multiple valleys, ravines, and a floodplain. Four wetlands were identified within the AOI, as well as three ephemeral, four intermittent, and two perennial streams. Elevations throughout the AOI range from approximately 740 feet to 1,220 feet above mean sea level (MSL). A County Road (Big Flint Road) crosses the AOI at two different locations.

#### 1.5 Climate/Site Conditions

According to the National Weather Service, average annual precipitation for Clarksburg, WV (approximately 26 miles east of the site) is 45 inches. During the 12 months preceding the September 2013 field studies, Clarksburg, WV received 46.56 inches of precipitation. This area received approximately 8.18 inches of precipitation during the month preceding the field studies (August 2013). This level of precipitation is approximately 3.77 inches above the monthly average. During the week preceding the field studies, precipitation measured 3.06 inches. Weather conditions during the week of the site visit consisted of temperatures averaging 64-81 degrees Fahrenheit with intermittent rain.

#### 2.0 Methods

#### 2.1 Date of Field Work and Personnel

Field work was conducted between September 3 and 5, 2013 by Kleinfelder biologists Evan McClung and Jillian Tompkins. Evan McClung is a Senior Environmental Scientist with 15 years of experience conducting stream assessments, wetland delineations, and habitat assessments. Jillian Tompkins is an Environmental Scientist with two years of experience conducting stream assessments, wetland delineations, habitat assessments, and the operation of professional-grade Global Positioning System (GPS) units. A portion of the Project was delineated by Potesta on October 22, 2012, which was formerly known as the Gessler Freshwater Impoundment.

#### 2.2 Scope of Work

At the request of EQT, Kleinfelder biologists delineated wetlands and watercourses within a minimum 150-foot AOI (minimum 75 feet on either side of the pipeline centerline) of the proposed pipeline alignments and a minimum 50-foot AOI (25 feet on either side of the centerline) of access roads according to procedures outlined in the 1987 U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' (ACOE) Wetland Delineation Manual and the ACOE Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Regional Supplement Version 2.0 (ACOE, 2012).

Kleinfelder utilized a three-parameter approach involving the examination of vegetation, soils, and hydrology to identify wetlands. Representative photographs were taken of each stream or wetland feature, which are provided in Appendix B. Wetlands were delineated in the field at the wetland boundary. Larger streams (greater than 10-feet wide at the banks) were delineated at the top of each stream bank, and smaller streams (less than 10-feet wide at the banks) were delineated along the centerline of the stream channel. All feature delineation points were collected with a sub-meter accuracy GPS unit. Each data point was recorded with reference to a numbered flag location where it was collected. The GPS data points were verified and validated by the field and engineering teams and combined into shapefiles, which were used to create the mapping (Figures 1, 2 and 3) and the engineer drawings (Section 5.0).

Jurisdictional determinations were made in accordance with the procedures outlined in the 1987 ACOE Wetland Delineation Manual, the ACOE's Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Regional Supplement to the Wetland Delineation Manual (ACOE, 2012), and instruction and guidance conducted by ACOE personnel during field training in October 2012.

Wetlands determined to be ACOE jurisdictional exhibited hydric soils, hydrophytic vegetation, and indicators of hydrology. Jurisdictional streams exhibited ordinary high water marks, defined beds and banks, and a sorted substrate. Additionally, jurisdictional features were determined to have a significant nexus to a Traditional Navigable Water (TNW) via direct connectivity or the ability to affect physical, chemical or biological integrity to a TNW. Sections 3.0 and 4.0 provide detailed descriptions of each jurisdictional wetland and stream feature.

#### 2.3 Desktop Analysis

Kleinfelder conducted a desktop analysis to examine known stream and wetland data from the NWI and NHD databases. NWI data were obtained from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) (<a href="http://www.fws.gov/wetlands/Data/State-Downloads.html">http://www.fws.gov/wetlands/Data/State-Downloads.html</a>). NHD data were obtained from the ESRI online map service. These datasets were superimposed upon USGS topographic data to identify areas likely to contain hydrologic features.

After delineation, a desktop review was conducted to determine stream classifications (Tables 2 and 3). Designated trout streams were evaluated through consultation with the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection (WV DEP). High Quality Waters were evaluated by reviewing Water Quality Standard Data available through the WV DEP website (<a href="http://www.dep.wv.gov/WWE/Programs/wqs/Pages/default.aspx">http://www.dep.wv.gov/WWE/Programs/wqs/Pages/default.aspx</a>).

#### 2.4 ACOE Jurisdictional Statement

This report reflects the professional opinion of Kleinfelder. Formal determination of jurisdiction regarding wetlands and waters of the United States (U.S.) can only be determined by the ACOE with the submittal of a jurisdictional determination request by the Project Applicant.

#### 3.0 Findings

During the site reviews conducted by Kleinfelder and Potesta, thirteen (13) jurisdictional features were observed within the AOI and included nine (9) streams and four (4) wetlands.

#### 3.1 Jurisdictional Findings

Jurisdictional streams and wetlands in the AOI are described below and depicted in Figure 2. Table 2 provides a list of the jurisdictional features and descriptive information. Thirteen (13) jurisdictional features were observed and included nine (9) streams and four (4) wetlands. Data sheets for these features were completed and are included in this report as Appendix A. Photographs of streams and wetlands are included as Appendix B.

Table 2. Potentially Jurisdictional Aquatic Features Identified in the AOI

Name	Cowardin Code	HGM Code	Measurement Type	Amount	Units	Waters Types	Latitude	Longitude	Local Waterway	Wild Trout	Stocked Trout	High Quality Water
Streams	(INT)         R4SB3         Riverine         length         150         feet         RPW         39.38067         -80.72363         UNT to Flint Run         No         No           (EPH)         R6         Riverine         length         175         feet         NRPW         39.3757         -80.72384         UNT to Flint Run         No         No           F2 (INT)         R6         Riverine         length         750         feet         RPW         39.37261         -80.71987         UNT to Flint Run         No         No           (PER)         R3UB1         Riverine         length         295         feet         RPW         39.37108         -80.71862         Brush Run         No         No           (EPH)         R6         Riverine         length         40         feet         NRPW         39.36404         -80.71342         UNT to Flint Run         No         No           (INT)         R4SB3         Riverine         length         200         feet         RPW         39.36352         -80.71526         UNT to Flint Run         No         No           10 (INT)         R4SB3         Riverine         length         140         feet         RPW         39.37533         -80.72093 </th <th>•</th>											•
Stream 1 (PER)	R3UB1	Riverine	length	910	feet	RPW	39.37219	-80.71978	Flint Run	No	No	Yes
Stream 2 (INT)	R4SB3	Riverine	length	150	feet	RPW	39.38067	-80.72363	UNT to Flint Run	No	No	No
Stream 3 (EPH)	R6	Riverine	length	175	feet	NRPW	39.37757	-80.72384	UNT to Flint Run	No	No	No
Stream UNT2 (INT)	R6	Riverine	length	750	feet	RPW	39.37261	-80.71987	UNT to Flint Run	No	No	No
Stream 5 (PER)	R3UB1	Riverine	length	295	feet	RPW	39.37108	-80.71862	Brush Run	No	No	No
Stream 6 (EPH)	R6	Riverine	length	40	feet	NRPW	39.36404	-80.71342	UNT to Flint Run	No	No	No
Stream 7 (INT)	R4SB3	Riverine	length	200	feet	RPW	39.36352	-80.71526	UNT to Flint Run	No	No	No
Stream UNT1 (INT)	R4SB3	Riverine	length	140	feet	RPW	39.37533	-80.72093	UNT to Flint Run	No	No	No
Stream UNT3 (EPH)	R6	Riverine	length	175	feet	NRPW	39.37505	-80.72156	UNT to Flint Run	No	No	No
Wetlands												
Wetland A	PEM	Depress	area	0.30	acres	DELINEATE	39.37676	-80.72263	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Wetland B	PEM	Depress	area	0.02	acres	DELINEATE	39.36438	-80.71511	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Wetland WL1	PEM	Depress	area	0.02	acres	DELINEATE	39.37307	-80.72043	N/A	N/A	N/A	. N/A
Wetland WL2	PEM	Depress	area	0.02	acres	DELINEATE	39.37250	-80.72030	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### **Description of Jurisdictional Findings:**

Stream 1 (MO-S-1) is a perennial stream (Flint Run) that is located in the northern half of the Project AOI. Stream 1 is hydrologically connected to Streams 2, 3, 4, and 5 and Wetland A. At the time of the field investigation, the stream contained water 12 inches deep and 35 feet wide moving at a moderate pace over the streambed. The stream substrate was primarily composed of a silt/clay/mud mixture. Pools were observed and measured to a depth of approximately two (2) feet. This stream is a relatively permanent waterway (RPW) and meets the definition of jurisdictional water of the United States.

In addition, the WVDNR classifies Stream 1 as a High Quality Stream and as a state listed mussel stream. A mussel survey was conducted on September 24, 2013 which did not identify any state listed mussels in the area of the proposed pipeline and access road crossings. A copy of the report is provided as Appendix C.

Stream 2 (MO-S-2) is shown as a blue line perennial stream on Figure 1. Field investigations determined that it is an intermittent stream (unnamed tributary (UNT) to Flint Run). This stream is located within the northernmost portion of Project AOI. Stream 2 is hydrologically connected to Stream 1. At the time of the field investigation, the stream contained water zero (0) to one (1) inch deep and zero (0) to five (5) inches wide. The stream substrate was primarily composed of gravel. Pools were observed and measured to a depth of approximately five (5) inches. This stream maintains surface connectivity to an RPW and meets the definition of jurisdictional water of the United States.

Stream 3 (MO-S-3) is an ephemeral stream (UNT to Flint Run) that is located predominantly within a pasture in the northern portion of Project AOI. Stream 3 is hydrologically connected to Stream 1. At the time of the field investigation, the stream contained water less than one (<1) inch deep and six (6) inches wide. The stream substrate was primarily composed of a silt/clay/mud mixture. This stream maintains surface connectivity to an RPW and meets the definition of jurisdictional water of the United States.

<u>Stream UNT2</u> is an intermittent stream (UNT to Flint Run) that is located in the central portion of Project AOI. The stream substrate was primarily composed of gravel and cobble. This stream, as delineated by Potesta, is an RPW and meets the definition of jurisdictional water of the United States.

Stream 5 (MO-S-5) is a perennial stream (Brush Run) that is located centrally within the Project AOI. Stream 5 is hydrologically connected to Stream 1. At the time of the field investigation, the stream contained water five (5) inches deep and 10 feet wide moving at a moderate pace over the streambed. The stream substrate was primarily composed of gravel. Pools were observed and measured to a depth of approximately 10 inches. This stream is a RPW and meets the definition of jurisdictional water of the United States.

<u>Stream 6</u> (MO-S-6) is an ephemeral stream (UNT to Flint Run) that is located in the southern portion of Project AOI at a proposed access road crossing. Stream 6 is hydrologically connected to Stream 7. At the time of the field investigation, the stream did not containing any flowing water. The stream substrate was primarily composed of cobbles. This stream maintains surface connectivity to an RPW and meets the definition of jurisdictional water of the United States.

Stream 7 (MO-S-7) is shown as a blue line perennial stream on Figure 1. Field investigations determined that it is an intermittent stream (UNT to Flint Run). This stream is located in the southern portion of Project AOI at an access road crossing. Stream 7 is hydrologically connected to Stream 1 outside the AOI. At the time of the field investigation, the stream contained water approximately one (1) inch deep and six (6) inches wide. The stream substrate was primarily composed of gravel. Pools contained water at depths of four (4) inches. This stream maintains surface connectivity to an RPW and meets the definition of jurisdictional water of the United States.

<u>Stream UNT 1</u> is an intermittent stream (UNT to Flint Run) that is located in the northern portion of the Project AOI. The stream substrate was primarily composed of gravel and cobble. This stream, as delineated by Potesta, is an RPW and meets the definition of jurisdictional water of the United States.

<u>Stream UNT 3</u> is an ephemeral stream (UNT to Flint Run) that is located in the northern portion of the Project AOI. The stream substrate was primarily composed of gravel and cobble. This stream, as delineated by Potesta, maintains surface connectivity to an RPW and meets the definition of jurisdictional water of the United States.

<u>Wetland A</u> is a PEM wetland located in the northern portion of the Project AOI. Wetland A occurs within a field and floodplain of Flint Run (Stream 1). Data obtained during the site visit indicate hydric soils, hydrophytic vegetation, and indicators of hydrology parameters were met; therefore this area was determined to be a wetland as defined by the ACOE. This wetland maintains a surface connection to a RPW and is anticipated to be jurisdictional to the ACOE.

<u>Wetland B</u> is a PEM wetland located in the southern portion of the Project AOI associated with a proposed access road. Wetland B has been impacted by significant mechanical waste debris. Hydric soils, hydrophytic vegetation, and indicators of hydrology were observed and collected in the field, and therefore this area was determined to be a wetland as defined by the ACOE. This wetland maintains a surface connection to a RPW and is anticipated to be jurisdictional to the ACOE.

<u>Wetland WL1</u> is a PEM located in the central portion of the Project AOI within a field. Potesta staff observed hydric soils, hydrophytic vegetation, and indicators of hydrology, and therefore this area was determined to be a wetland as defined by the ACOE. This wetland exhibited a physical, chemical or biological connection to a RPW and meets the definition of a jurisdictional water of the United States.

Wetland WL2 is a PEM wetland located in the central portion of the Project AOI within a field. Potesta staff observed hydric soils, hydrophytic vegetation, and indicators of hydrology, and therefore this area was determined to be a wetland as defined by the ACOE. As determined by Potesta, this wetland maintains a hydrologic connection to an RPW (Flint Run) and is anticipated to be jurisdictional to the ACOE.

#### 4.0 Impacts

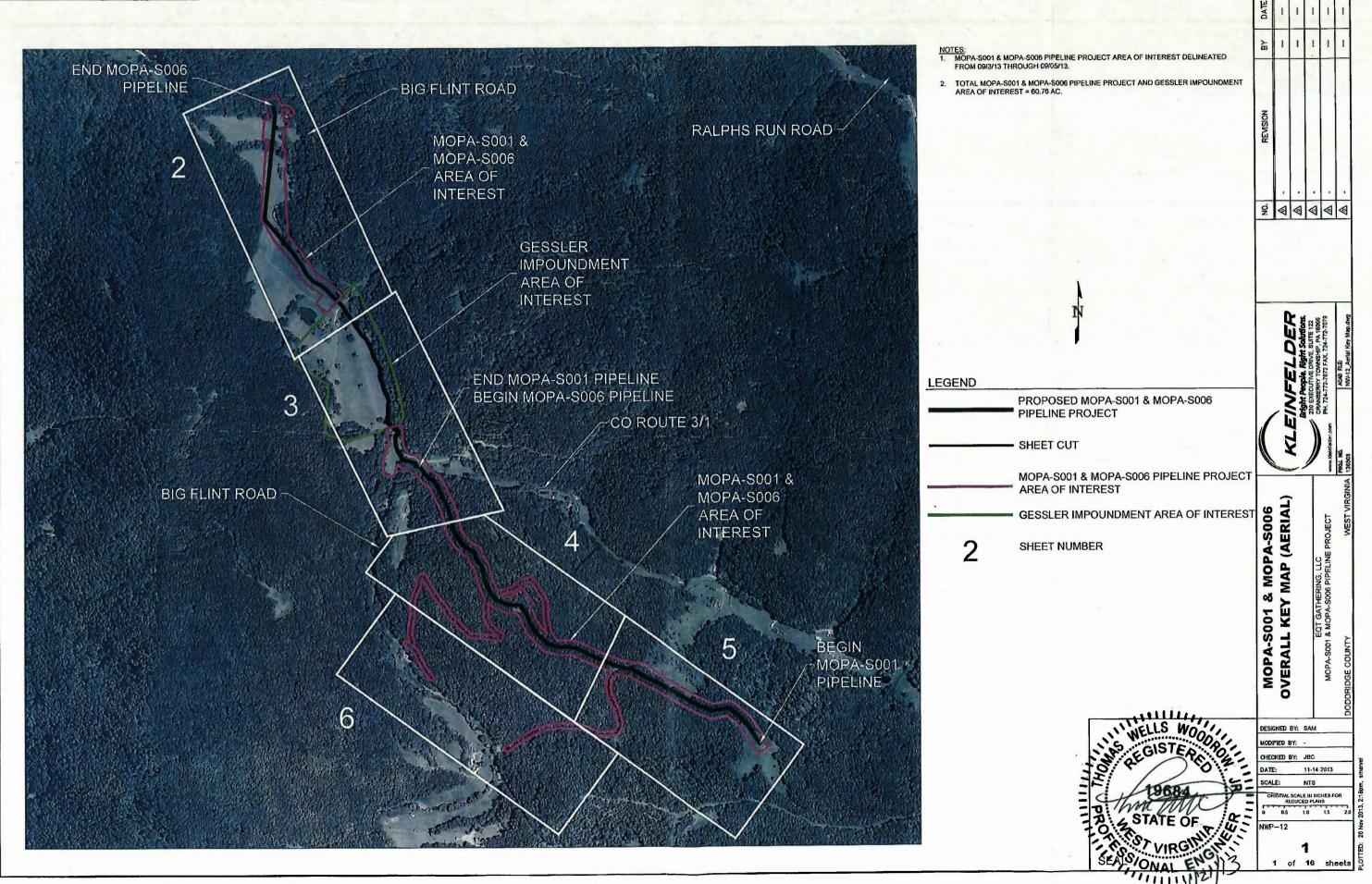
The proposed MOPA-S001 and MOPA-S006 pipelines and associated access roads would temporarily impact two (2) perennial streams, two (2) intermittent streams, three (3) ephemeral streams and two (2) PEM wetlands. Section 5.0 includes plan drawings depicting cross sections and profiles of the proposed impacts. Table 3 summarizes the proposed stream and wetland impacts and the avoidance and minimization measures for each aquatic feature. The coordinates provided in Table 3 reflect where the proposed impact will occur. Proposed impacts would be temporary in nature and less than 0.10 acre in area so no compensation or mitigation is proposed.

Proposed fill impacts associated with the installation of the pipelines will utilize a dry open cut installation method. Temporary impacts associated with access road improvements will be required due to grading and widening of existing road beds.

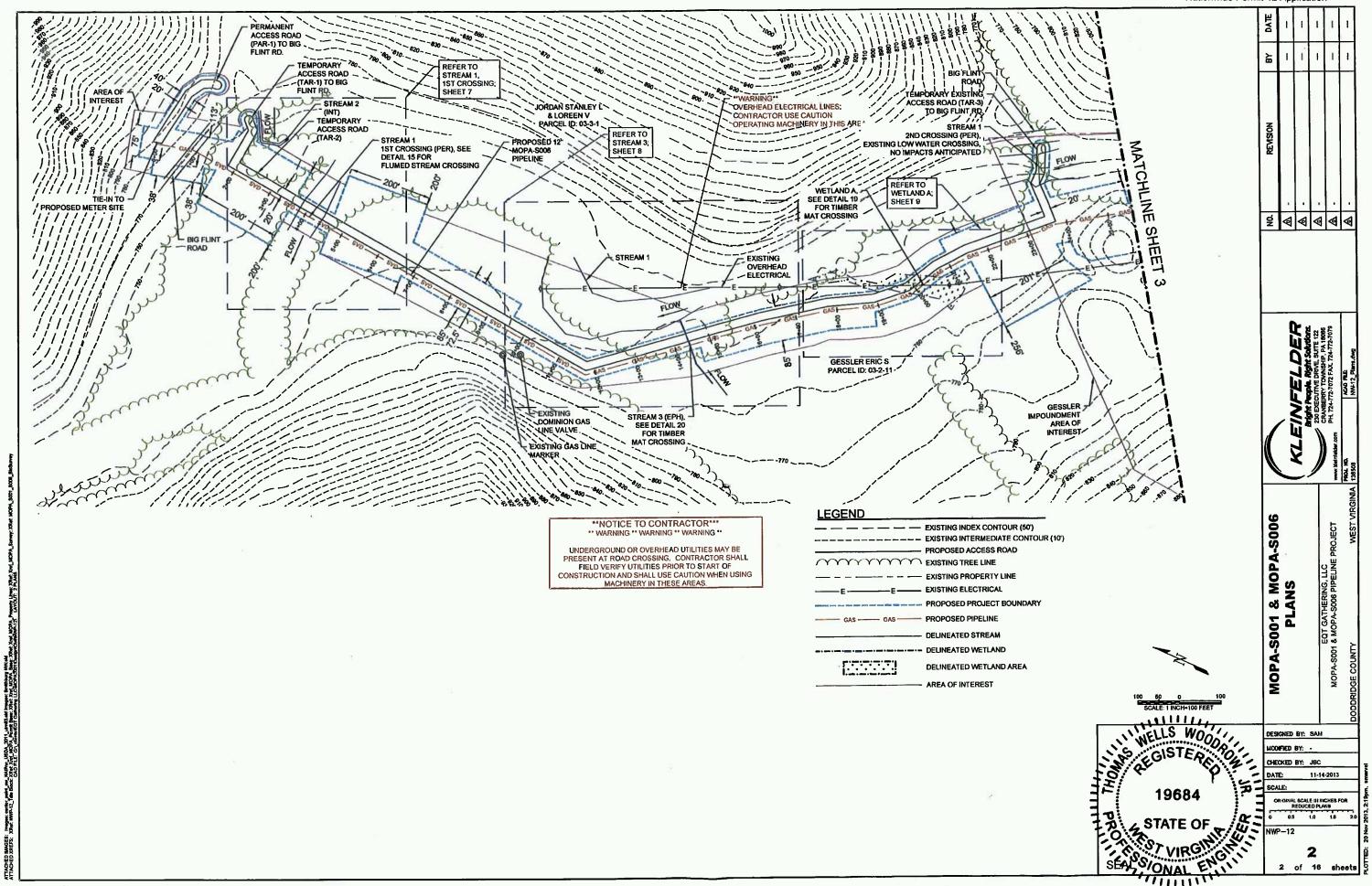
To the extent practicable, the location of the proposed pipeline was developed to avoid and minimize impacts to wetlands and streams. Field data collected during stream and wetland delineations provided the basis for adjusting the pipeline location in a manner that minimized and avoided impacts to aquatic habitats and biological features.

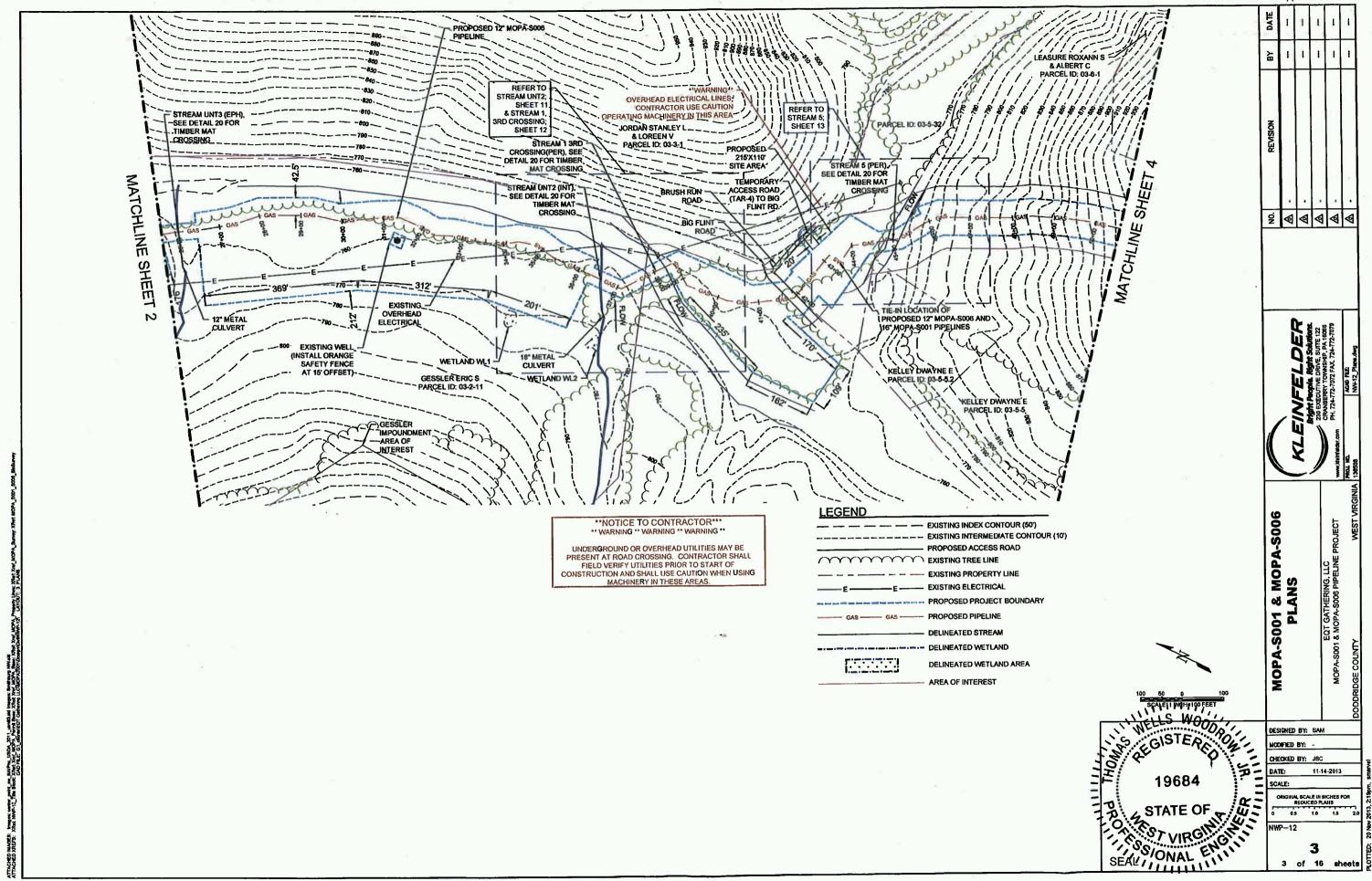
Waters Name	Local Waterway	Waterbody Type	HGM Code	Cowardin Code	Latitude	Longitude	Proposed Crossing Method		Temporary Impacts Associated with Access Road Installation (cubic yards)	Temporary Impacts Associated with Installation of 12-inch diameter pipeline (cubic yards) <sup>1</sup>	Temporary impacts Associated with Backfill of Native Fill Material around 12-inch diameter pipeline (cubic yards)	Temporary Impacts Associated with Installation of 18-inch diameter pipeline (cubic yards)	Temporary Impacts Associated with Backfill of Native Fill Material around 16-inch diameter pipeline (cubic yards)	Total Feature Length Temporarily Affected by Pipeline Fill (Feet)	Total Feature Area Temporarily Affected by Pipeline Fill (Acres)	Feature Length Located within Construction LOD (Foot)	Feature Area Located within Construction LOD (Acres)	Potential Temporary * Construction Impacts - Non-Fill (Linear Feet) <sup>2</sup>	Potential Temporary Construction Impacts - Non-Fill (Acres) <sup>2</sup>	Avoidance and Minimization
Streams					•	•					·		•				'			
STREAM 1 1ST CROSSING (PER)	Flint Run	RPW	Riverine	R3UB1	39.380276	80.723951	OPEN-CUT	59.014	22.257	1.717	53,317	N/A	N/A	59.014	0.007	40.060	0.054	35.060	0.047	Cannot reroute around this feature due to the length and nature of the stream.
STREAM 3 (EPH)	Unnamed Tributary to Flint Run	NRPW	Riverine	R6	39.377657	80.723706	OPEN-CUT	2.000	0.748	0.058	1,794	N/A	N/A	2.002	0.001	49.650	0.002	44.650	0.001	Cannot reroute around this feature due to the length and nature of the stream.
STREAM 1 <sup>3</sup> 2ND CROSSING (PER)	Fürst Run	RPW	Riverine	R3UB1	39.376133	80,721146	CONSTRUCTION	NIA	0.0003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	31.065	0.045	31.065	0.045	Cannot reroute around this feature due to the length and nature of the stream.
STREAM 1 3RD CROSSING (PER)	Flint Run	RPW	Riverine	R3UB1	39.372345	80.719516	OPEN-CUT	46.074	N/A	1.340	41.299	N/A	'N/A	46.074	0.005	40.000	0.043	35,000	0.037	Cannot reroute around this feature due to the length and nature of the stream.
STREAM 5 (PER)	Brush Run	RPW	Riverine	R3UB1	39.371032	80,718389	OPEN-CUT	25.418	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.506	25.468	29.188	0.003	61.600	0.037	56,600	0.034	Cannot reroute around this feature due to the length and nature of the stream.
STREAM 6 (EPH)	Unnamed Tributary to Flint Run	NRPW	Riverine	R6	39.364028	80.713403	CONSTRUCTION	N/A	0.449	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	18.100	0.001	18.100	0.001	Cannot reroute around this feature due to adjacent topography. Access road routed through existing road better the control of
STREAM 7 (INT)	Unnamed Tributary to Flint Run	RPW	Riverine	R4SB3	39.363549	80.715016	CONSTRUCTION	N/A	8.594	N/A	NIA	N/A	NIA	N/A	N/A	96.276	0.019	96.276	0.019	Cannot reroute around this feature due to adjacent topography. Access road routed through existing road bed
Stream UNT 2 <sup>4</sup> (INT)	Unnamed Tributary to Flint Run	RPW	Riverine	R4SB3	39.372651	80.719788	OPEN-CUT	2.900	N/A	0.084	2.787	N/A	N/A	3.108	0.001	43.349	0.003	38.349	0,003	Cannot reroute around this feature due to the length and nature of the stream.
Stream UNT 3 <sup>4</sup> (EPH)	Unnamed Tributary to Flint Run	NRPW	Riverine	R6	39.375285	80.721027	OPEN-CUT	2.330	N/A	0.068	2.090	N/A	N/A	2,330	0.001	40.037	0.002	35.037	0.001	Carnot reroute around this feature due to the length and nature of the stream.
Wetlands																				
WETLAND A	N/A	DÉLINÉATE	DEPRESS	PEM	39.376760	80.722630	OPEN-CUT	N/A	N/A	2.009	61.950	N/A	N/A	N/A	0,008	77.000	0.088	69.293	0.080	Shifting the alignment in this area would result in additional stream and wetland impacts.
WETLAND B	NIA	DELINEATE	DEPRESS	PEM	39.364380	80.715110	CONSTRUCTION	N/A	1.733	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	19.741	0.008	10.524	0.006	Access road routed through existing road bed.
	1) Temporary impacts reported above will consist of exca- sediment transport during construction. If stream flows a 2) Construction related disturbances would primarily con 3) Access road and culverts currently exist at this crossle 4) Data collected by Potesta on October 22, 2012.	re excessive, dam and sist of equipment cro	flume crossing ssings. Matting	methods may will be placed	be utilized. at temporary of	rossings to min	mize vehicular impacts. St						. I will occur due to nominal loss of nath	e fill during compaction process.	Stream banks will be rest	tored to original conti	ours and crossings wi	I be completed within	n 72 hours to minimize	impacts to the stream. BMPs will be placed to minimize

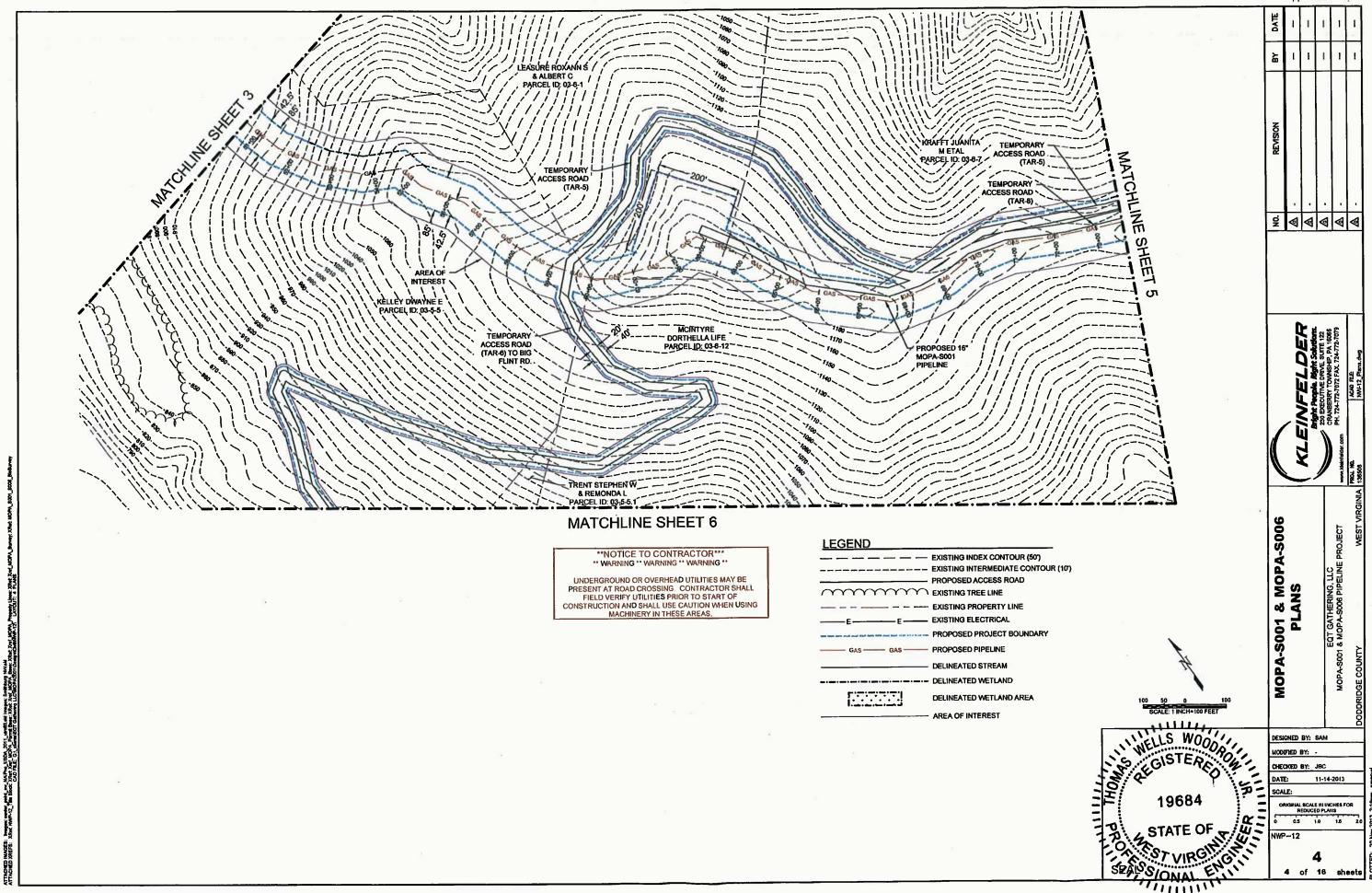
### 5.0 Engineer Drawings

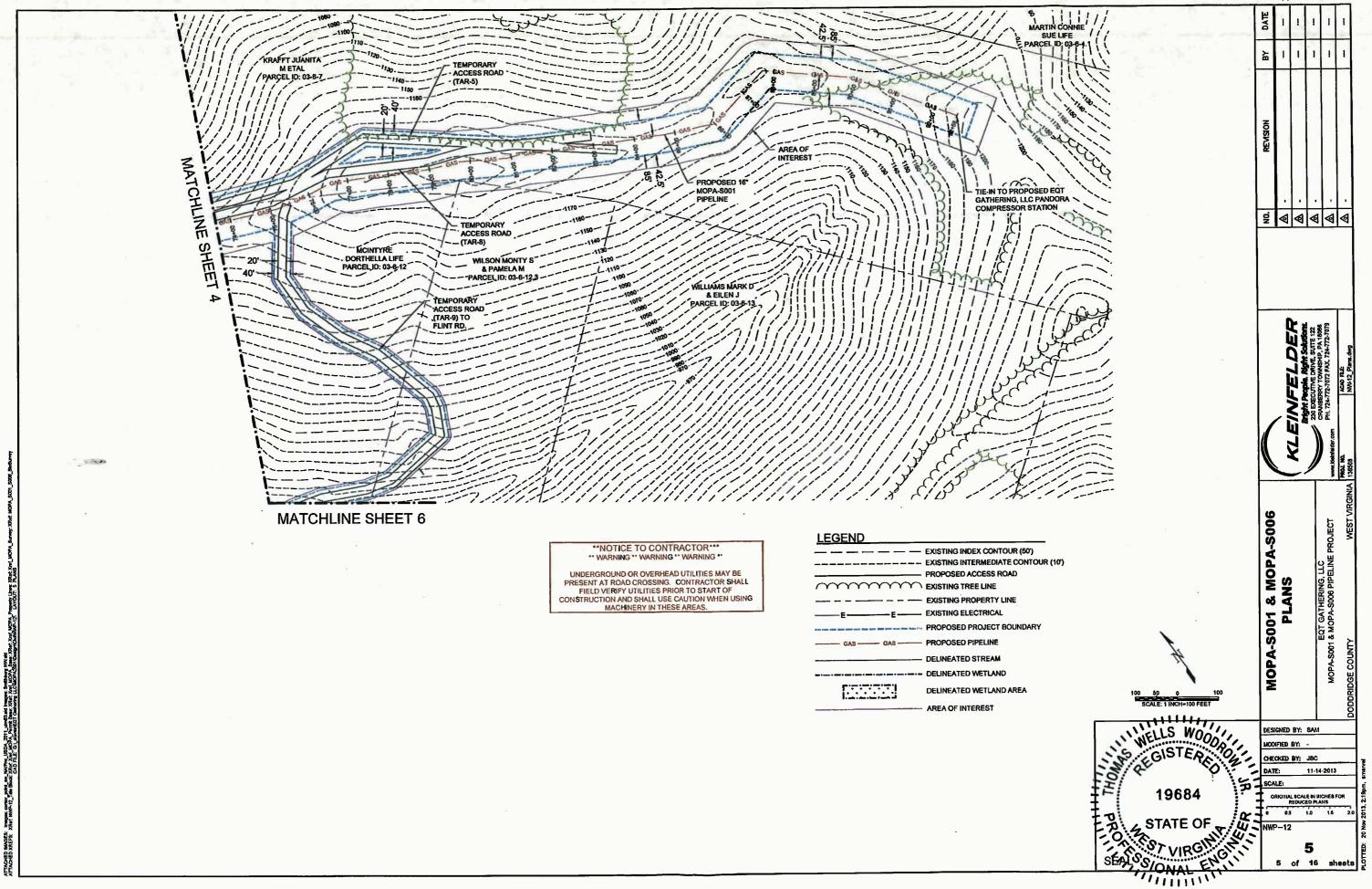


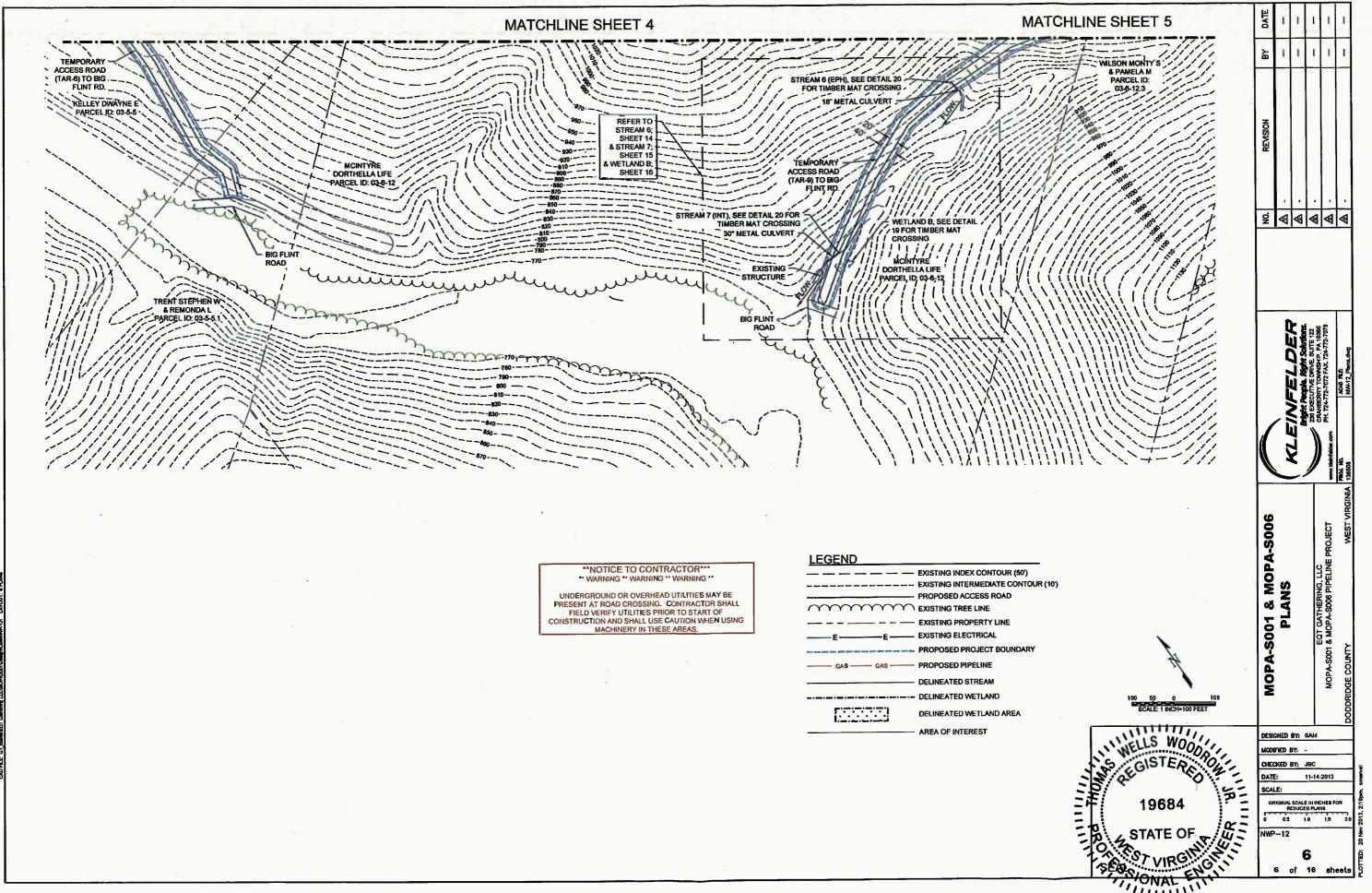
Page 14 November 15, 2013



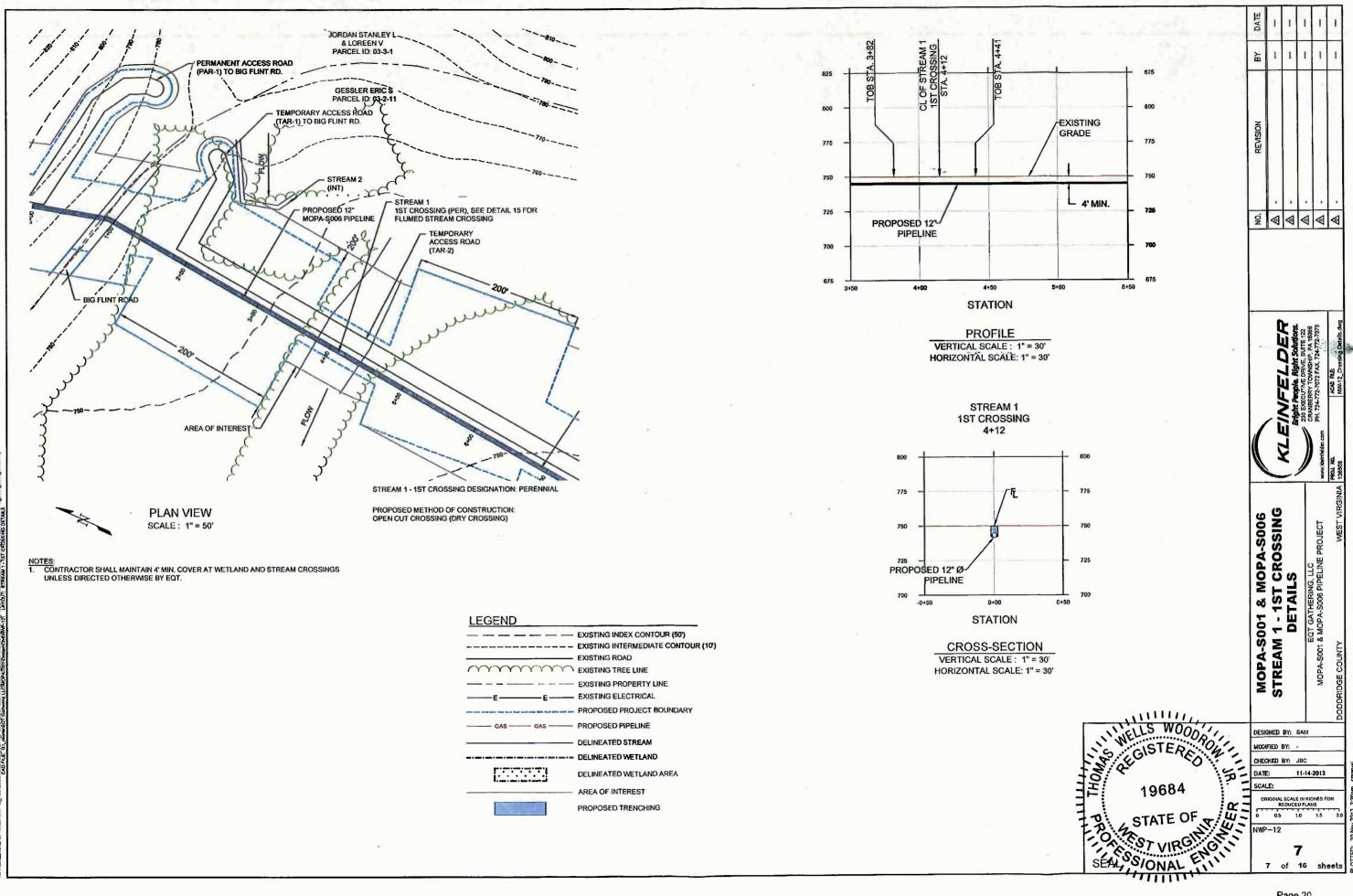


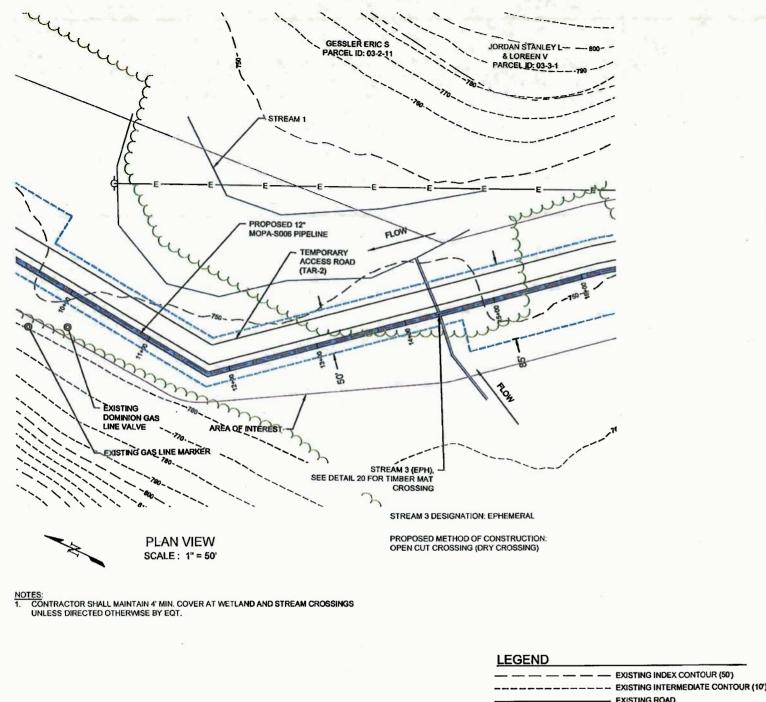




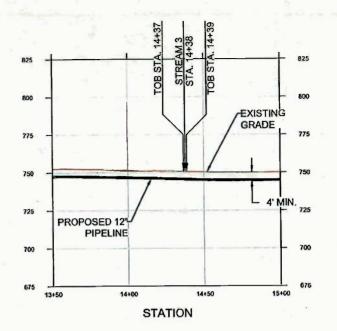


Page 19 November 15, 2013

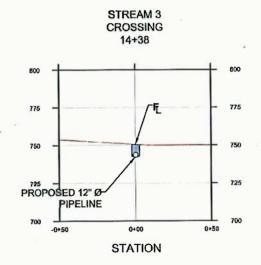




----- EXISTING INTERMEDIATE CONTOUR (10') EXISTING ROAD EXISTING TREE LINE - EXISTING ELECTRICAL PROPOSED PROJECT BOUNDARY GAS ---- PROPOSED PIPELINE DELINEATED STREAM DELINEATED WETLAND DELINEATED WETLAND AREA AREA OF INTEREST PROPOSED TRENCHING



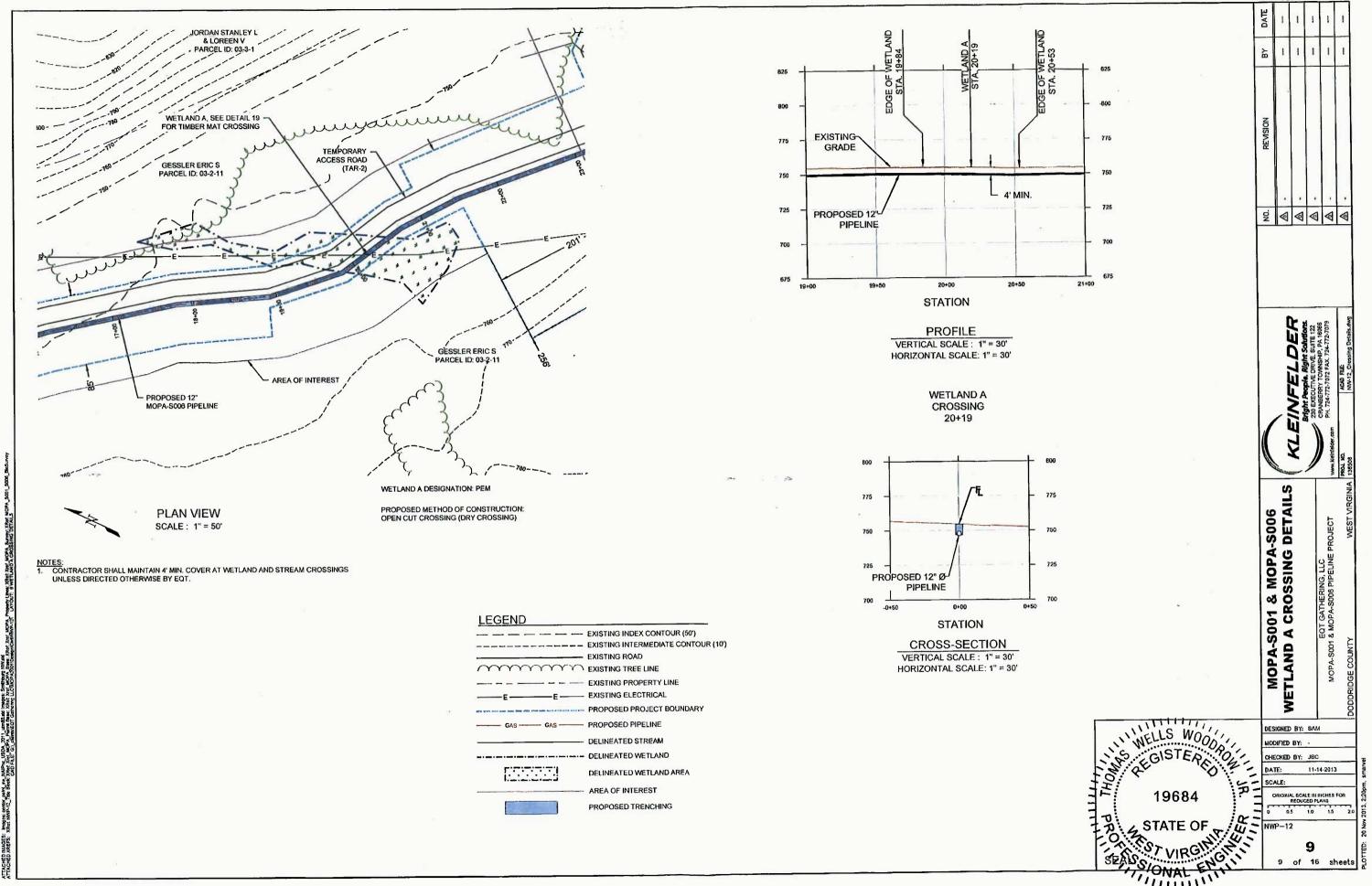
**PROFILE** VERTICAL SCALE: 1" = 30" HORIZONTAL SCALE: 1" = 30'

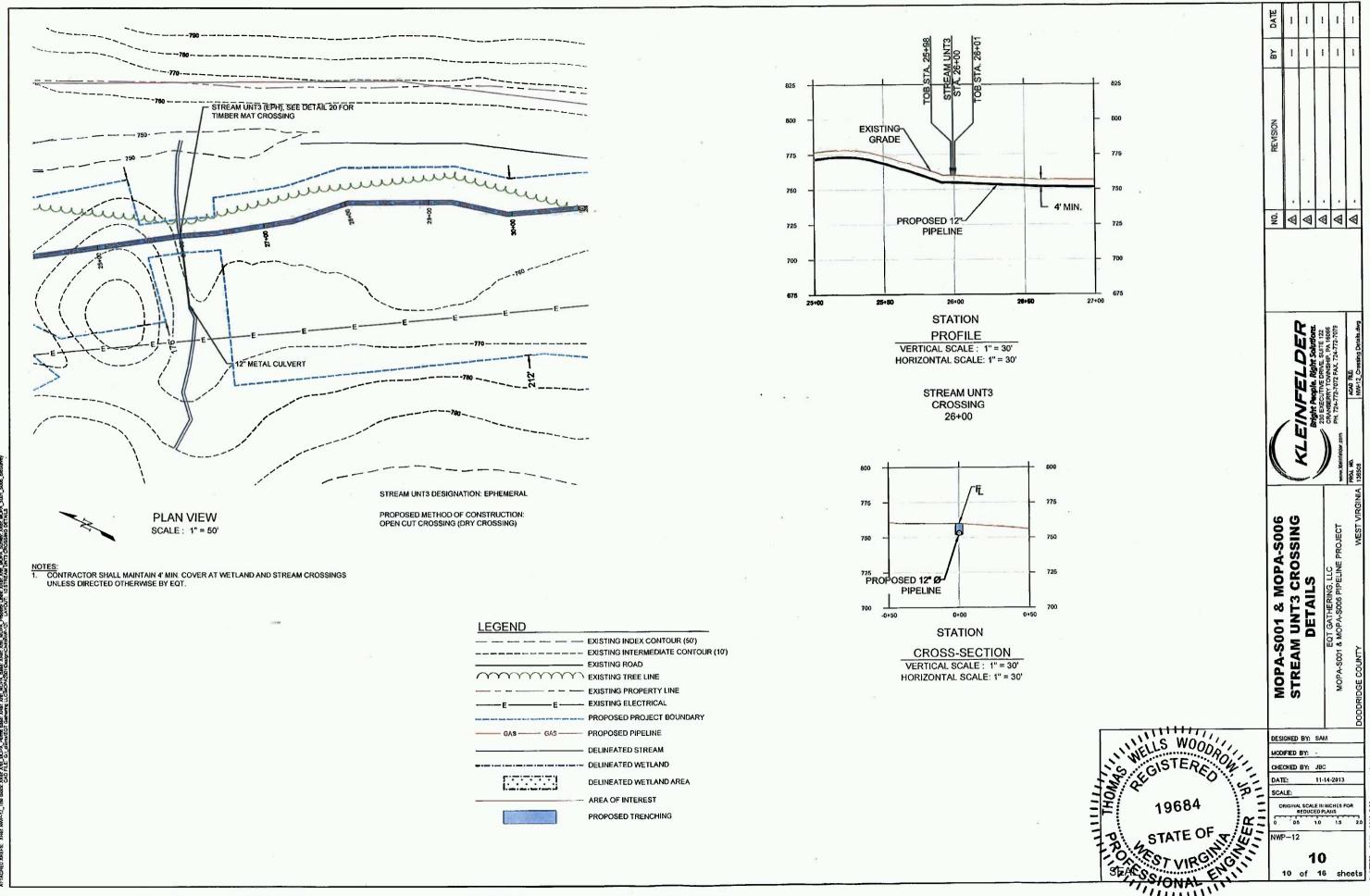


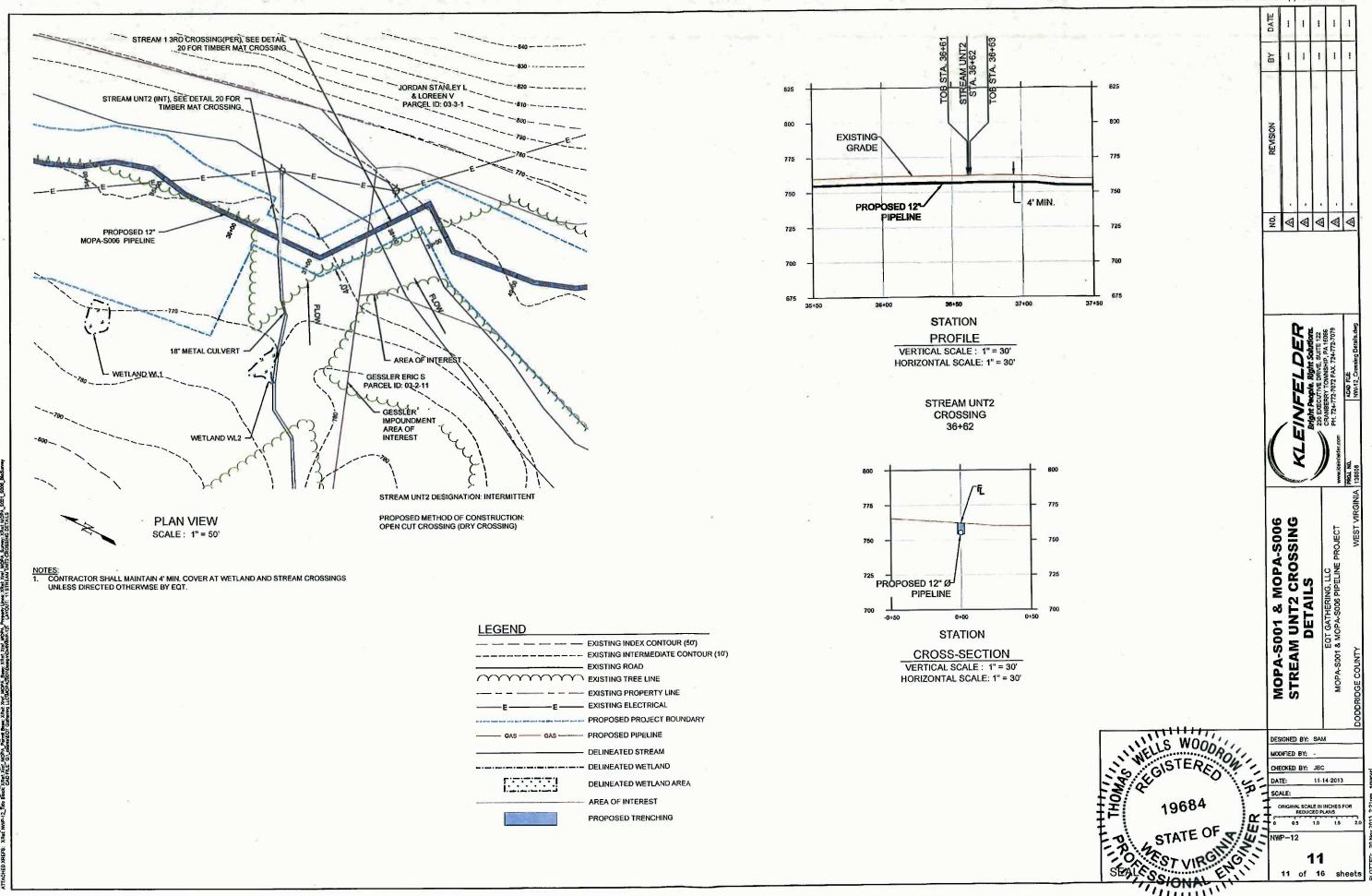
CROSS-SECTION VERTICAL SCALE: 1" = 30' HORIZONTAL SCALE: 1" = 30'

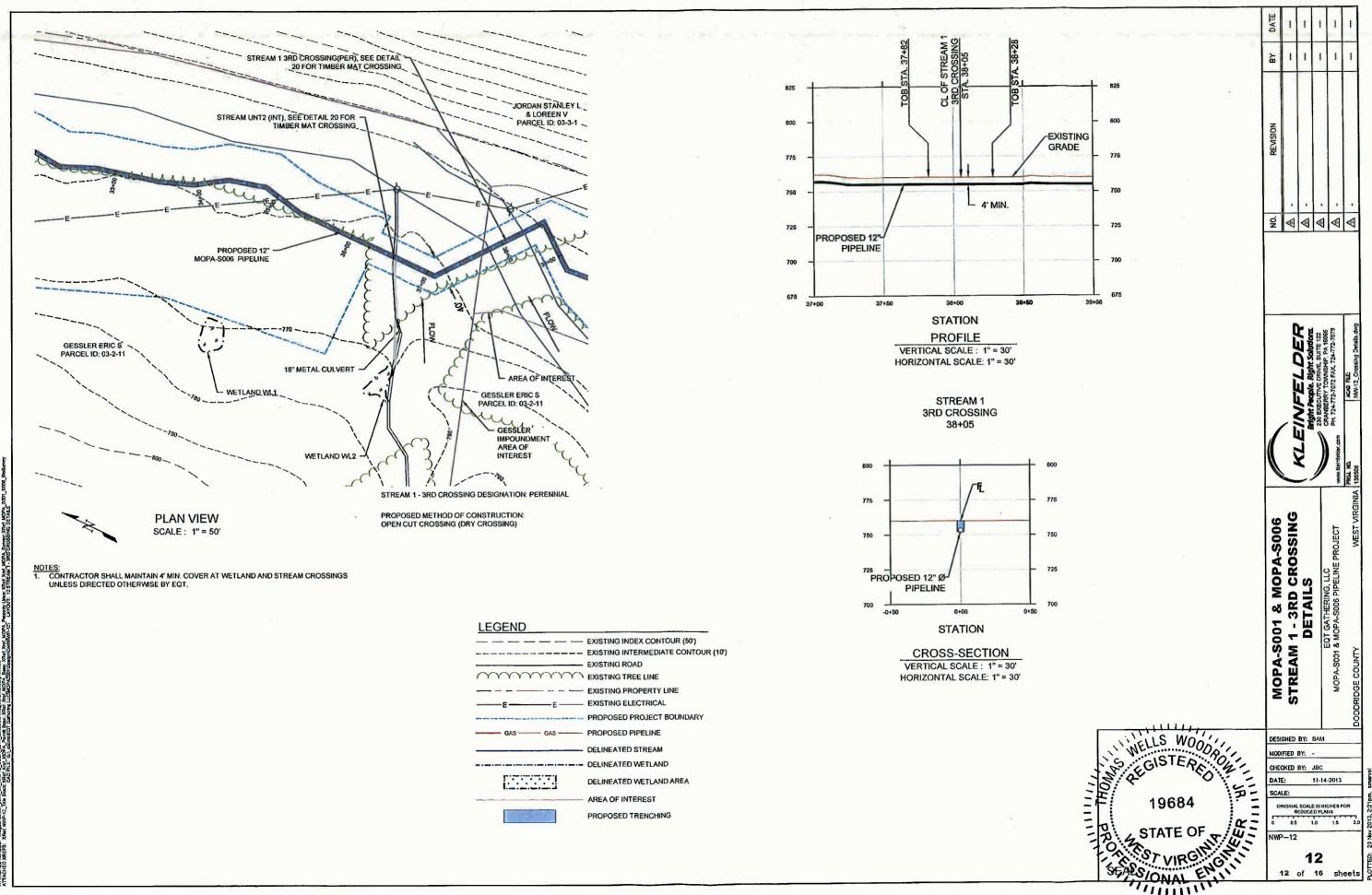
CLEINF Bight Pa 230 EXECT CRANGER PH. 724-77	REVISION		1	1	1	ľ
G DETAILS CONTROLL CONTROL CONTR	NO.	- @	@	- ⊌	⊲	- ≪
G DETAILS  C DETAILS  NE PROJECT  METAILS	_		State Secole Right Solutions	230 EXECUTIVE DRIVE, SUITE 122 CPANDEDRY TOWNSHIP DA 16056	PH. 724-772-7072 FAX 724-772-7079	ACAD FILE:
	OPA-S006	G DETAILS			E PROJECT	PROL NO.

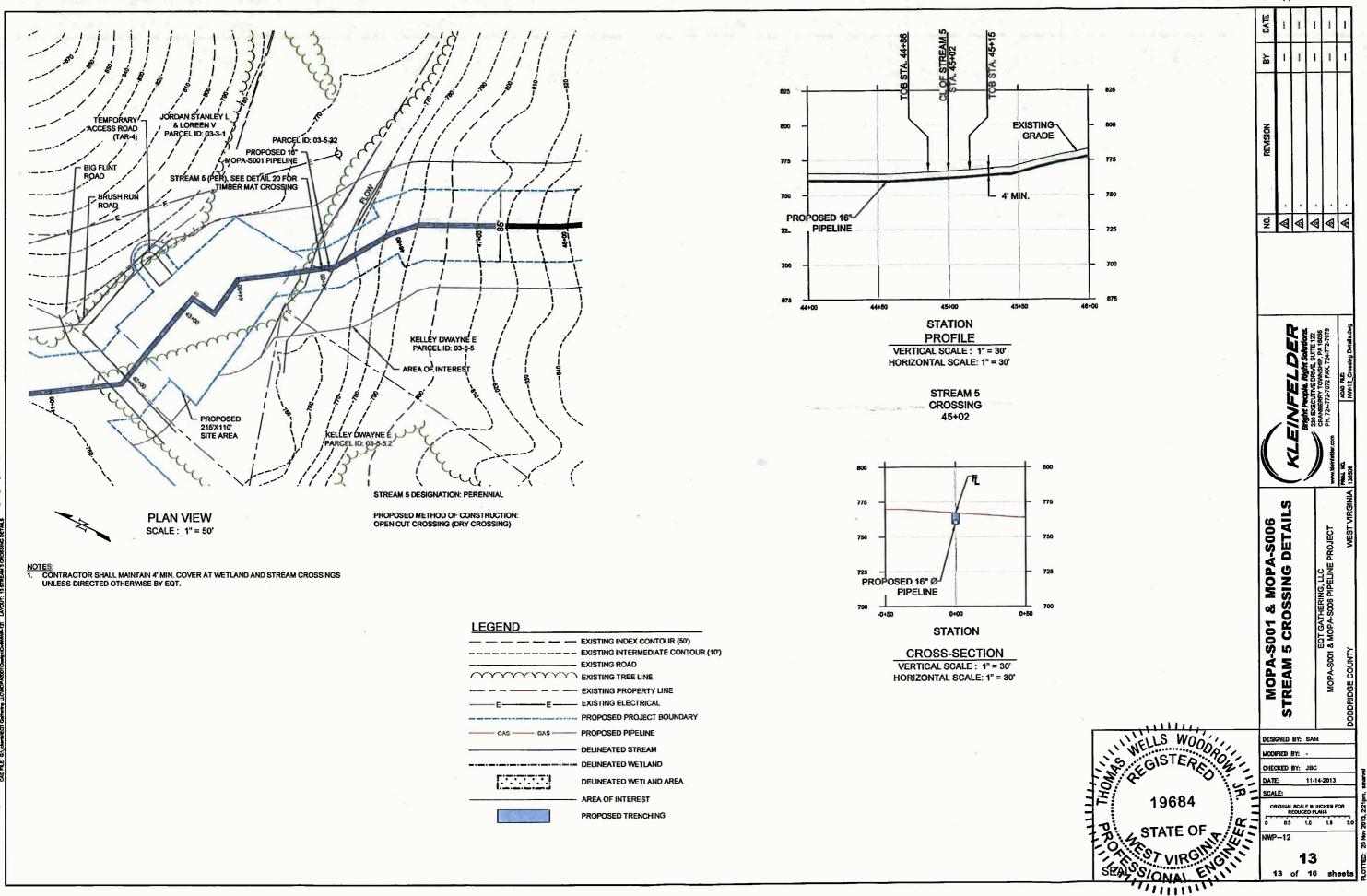
CHECKED BY: JBC DATE: 11-14-2013 19684 0.5 1.0 1.5 SEAS ONAL TO 8 of 16 sheets

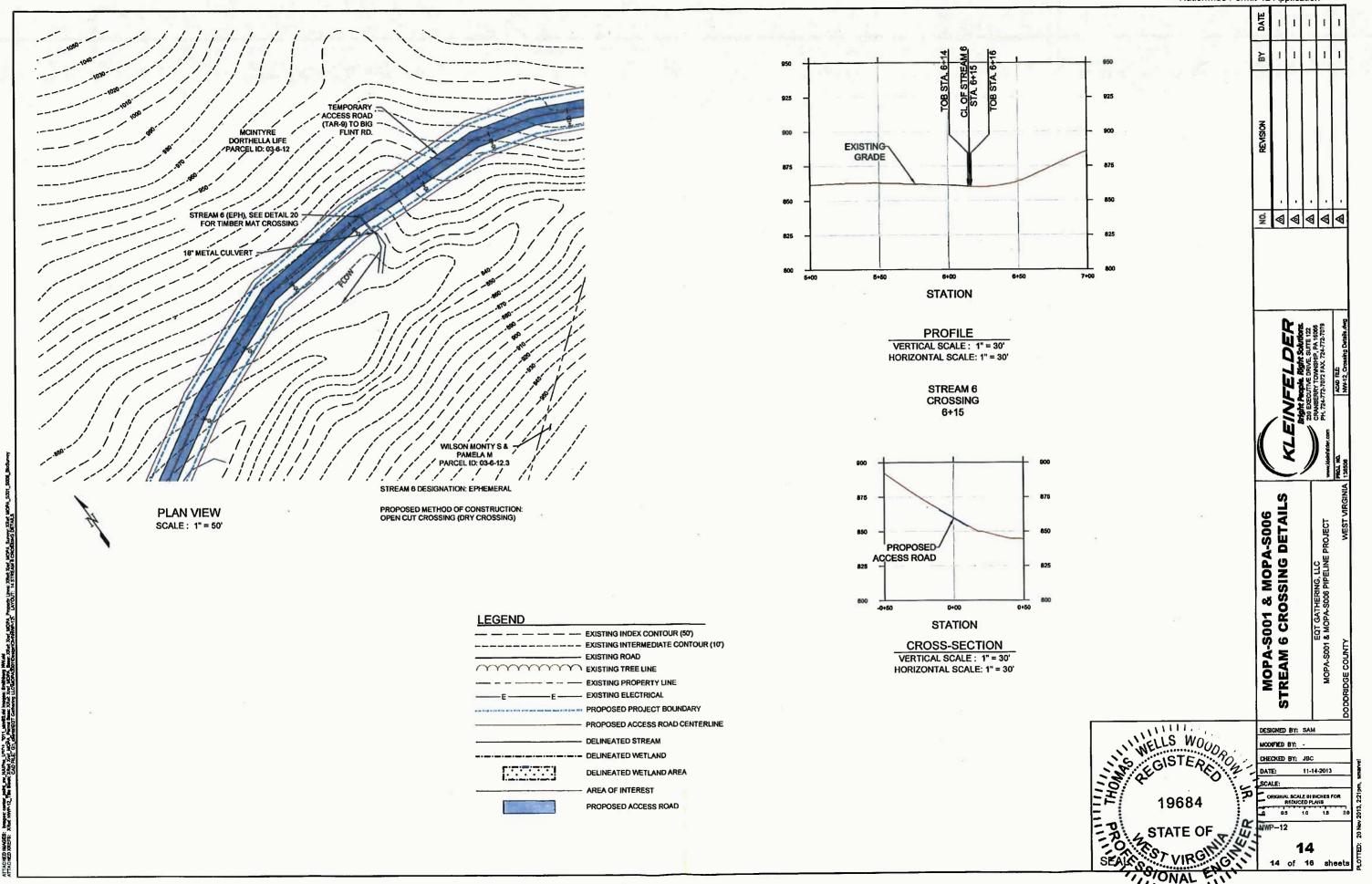




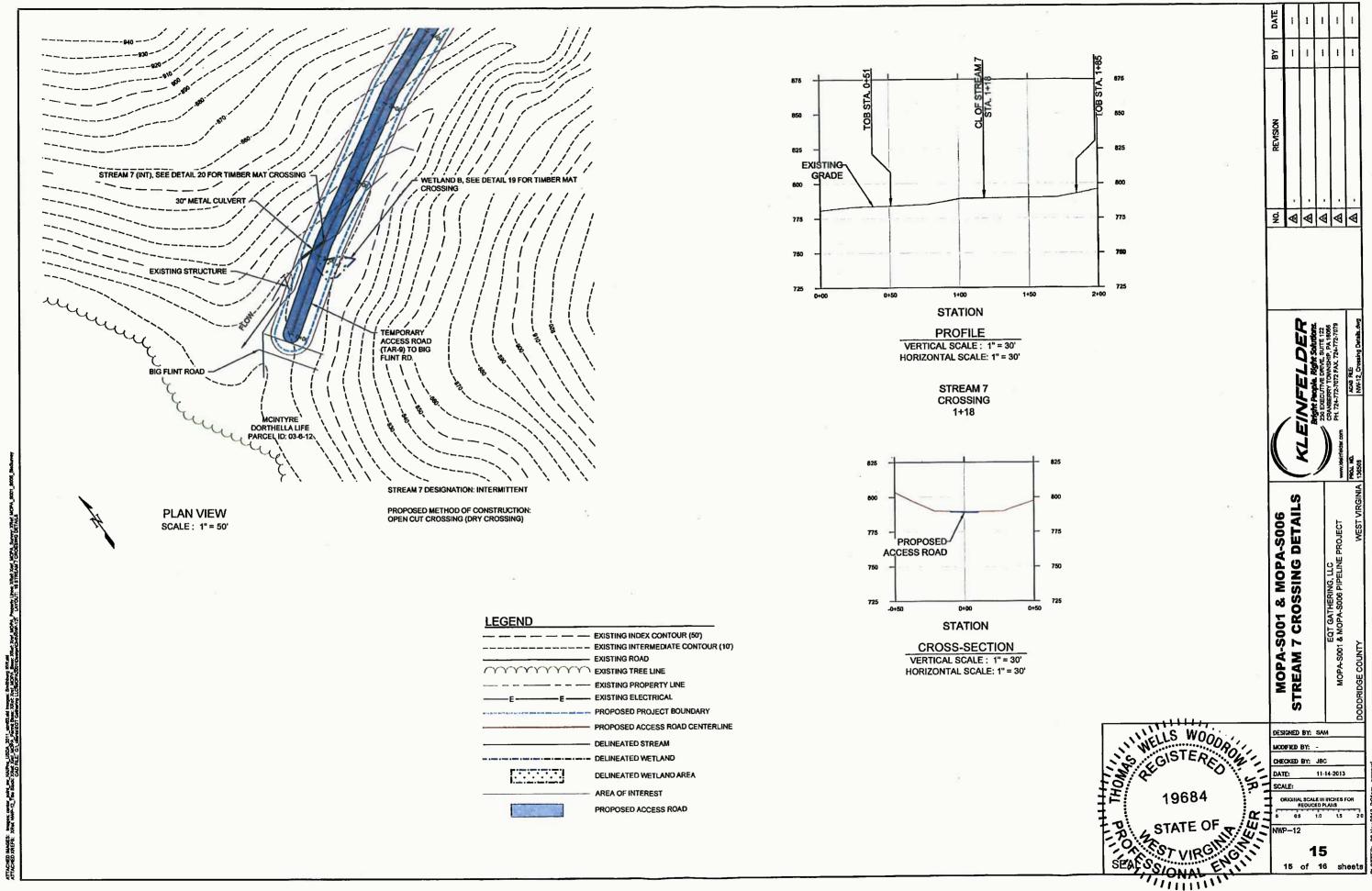


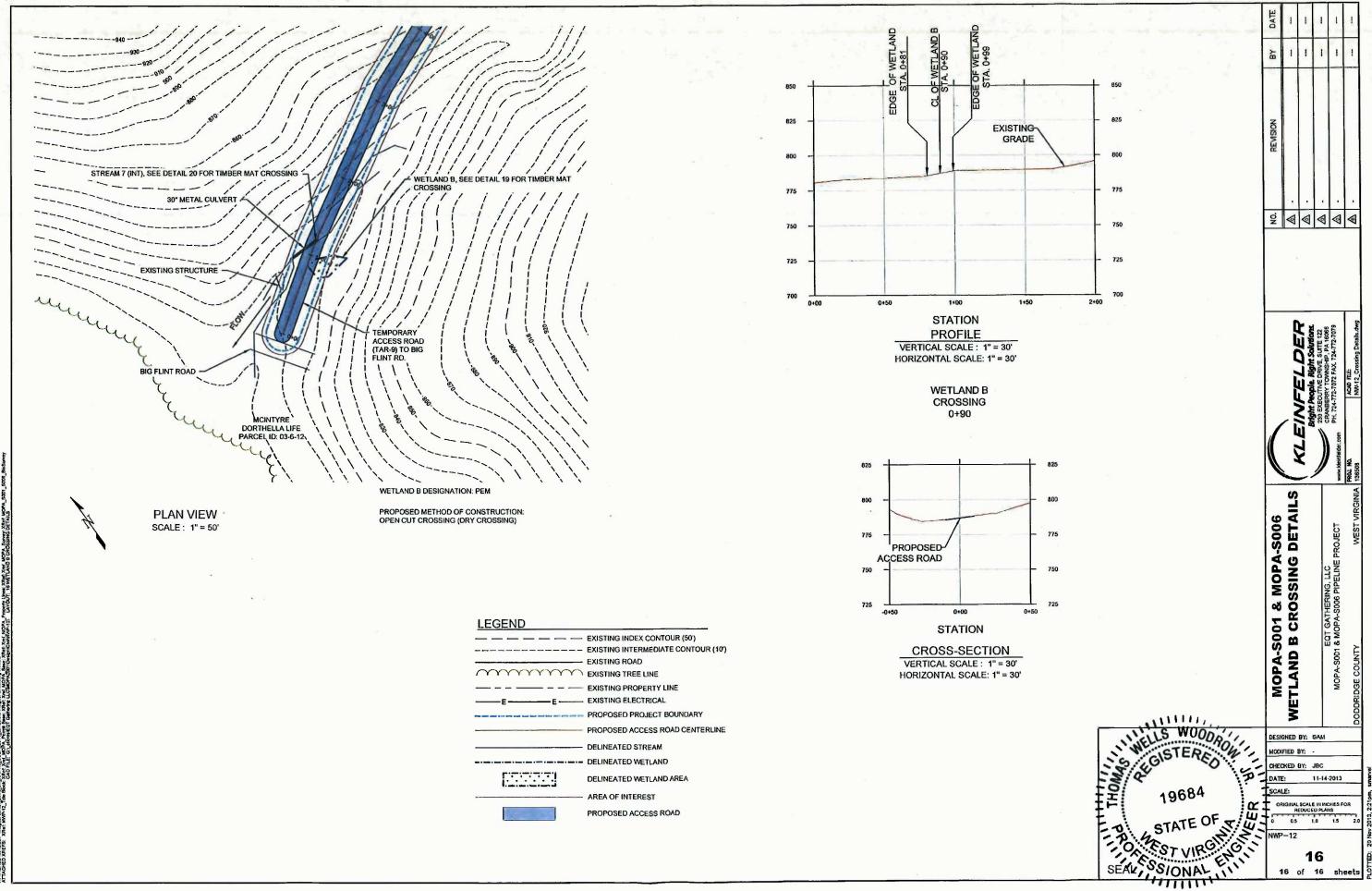






Page 27 November 15, 2013





#### 6.0 Permit Requirements

The proposed temporary impacts associated with the Project would be covered by a NWP-12. A PCN is required for the proposed project and a Preliminary Jurisdictional Determination is requested.

A Stream Activity Application for coverage under a Right-of-Entry Permit will be submitted to the WV Division of Natural Resources (WVDNR). As part of the Stream Activity Application process a permit application will be filed with the Doddridge County Floodplain Coordinator.

No isolated wetland impacts are proposed, therefore consultation/approval from the West Virginia Department of Natural Resources – Division of Water and Waste Management (WVDEP-DWWM) is not required. The proposed project does not require Individual 401 certification through the WVDEP.

A General Water Pollution Control Permit for Stormwater (GWPCP) is required and will be submitted electronically to WVDEP.

Rare, threatened and endangered (RTE) species consultation letters were submitted to the USFWS and the WVDNR on September 26, 2013. The proposed project will cross one (1) state listed mussel stream (Flint Run). A mussel survey was conducted on September 24, 2013 for each of the proposed crossings of Flint Run and no mussels were observed. The results of the mussel survey were provided in a report to WVDNR on October 29, 2013. Since a request to conduct winter clearing was made, no additional consultation is anticipated for this project. Final concurrence from USFWS was received in a letter dated October 17, 2013. Final concurrence from WVDNR is pending, and expected by November 28, 2013. No further consultation is expected.

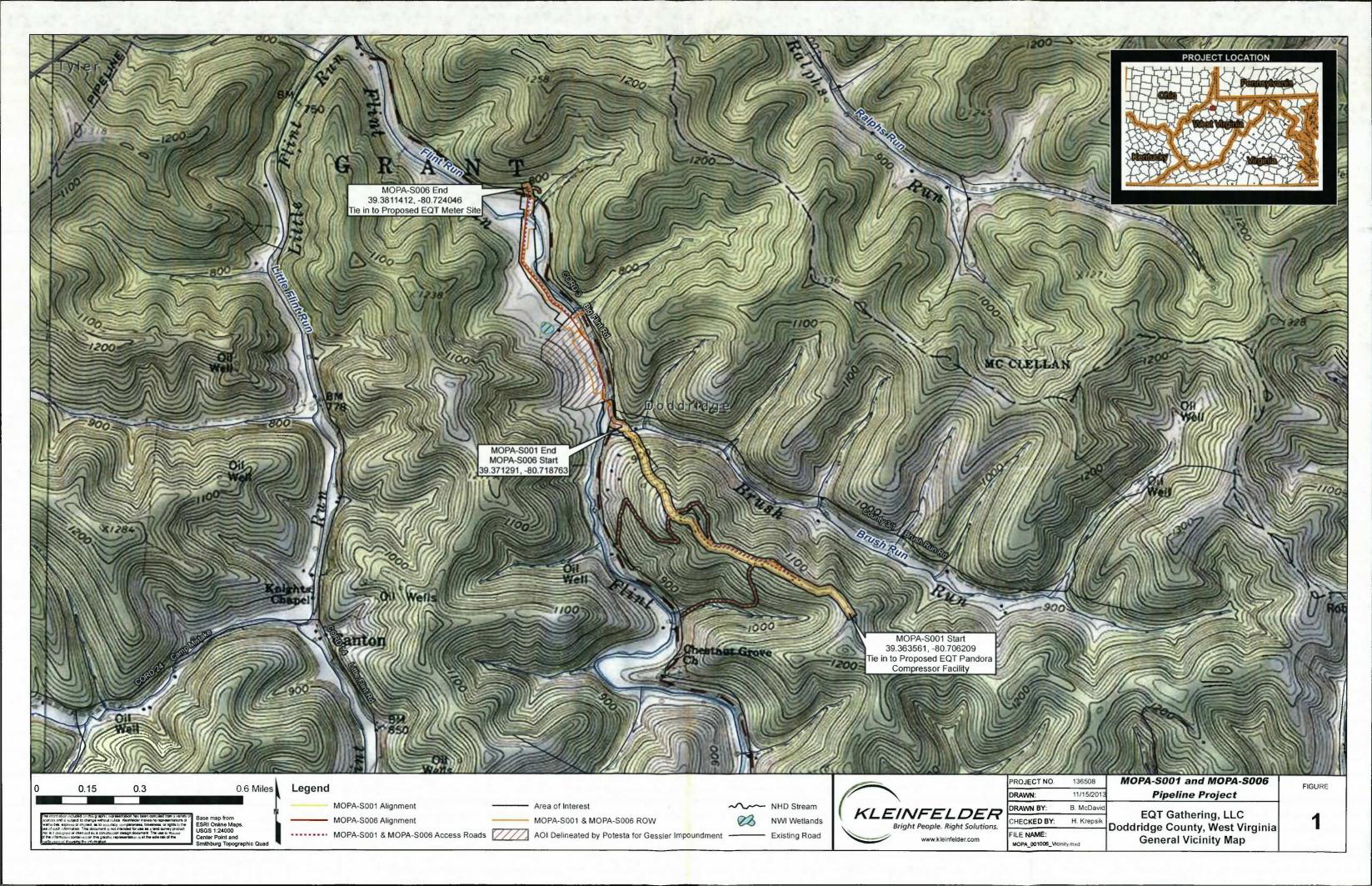
Cultural Resource Analysts, Inc. (CRA), conducted a literature review at the WV Division of Culture and History (WVDCH) office for the proposed project site. Based on the results of the desktop analysis, the proposed project will have no effect on any recorded archeological sites, architectural resources or historic-period cemeteries listed on or determined eligible to the National Register of Historic Places. No further archeological assessment is recommended for the survey area. A report summarizing the results was provided to the WVDCH by CRA on October 14, 2013. In a letter dated November 5, 2013, WVDCH requested the performance of a Phase I archeological survey. The results will be reported to WVDCH and a copy of the concurrence letter will be provided to ACOE.

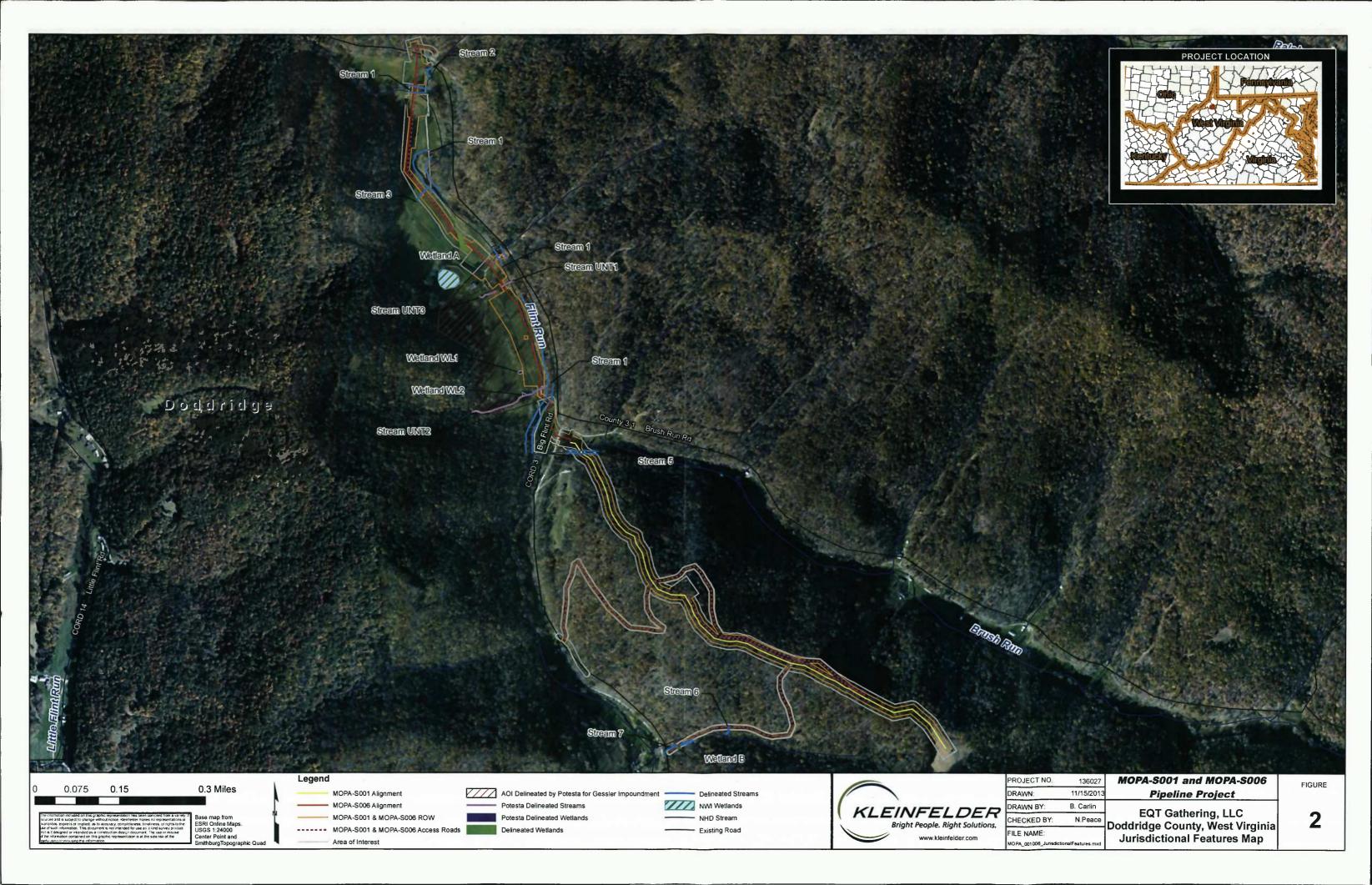
## **FIGURES**

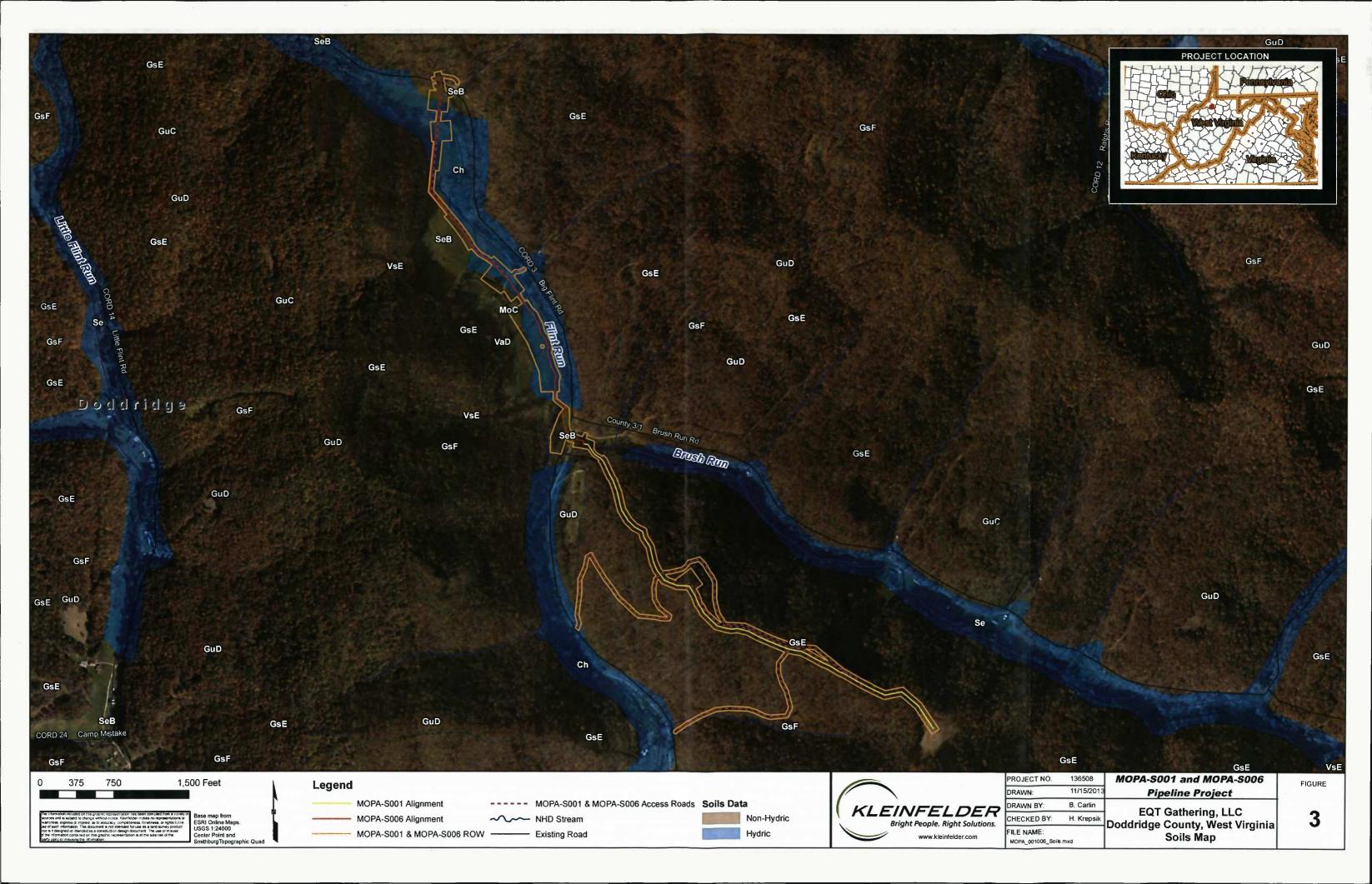
Figure 1 General Vicinity Map

Figure 2 Jurisdictional Features Map

Figure 3 Soils Map







## **ATTACHMENT A**

Wetland Delineation Data Sheets

## WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Region

Project/Site: MOPA 5001/5006 City/County: Doddridge Co. Sampling Date: 9/3/13 Applicant/Owner: EQTGathering UC State: NV Sampling Point: A
Applicant/Owner: EQTGathering UC State: WV Sampling Point: A
Investigator(s): E. McCluna Section, Township, Range:
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Jugilley Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope (%): 1
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR N Lat: 39. 37676 Long: -80, 72263 Datum: WAD 83
Soll Map Unit Name:
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes/_ No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation Soil or Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes V No Is the Sampled Area
Hydric Soil Present? Yes V No Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes No
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No
Groundwater Seepige wetland within a fallow valley field.
,
HYDROLOGY
Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)  Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
Surface Water (A1) True Aquatic Plants (B14) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
High Water Table (A2) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Drainage Patterns (B10)
Saturation (A3) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) Moss Trim Lines (B16)
Water Marks (B1) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
Sediment Deposits (B2)  Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)  Crayfish Burrows (C8)
Drift Deposits (B3) Thin Muck Surface (C7) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Other (Explain in Remarks) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Iron Deposits (B5) Geomorphic Position (D2)
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Water-Stained Leaves (B9) Microtopographic Relief (D4)
Aquatic Fauna (B13) FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:
Surface Water Present? Yes No_ \(\bullet \) Depth (Inches):
Water Table Present?  Yes No Depth (inches):  Depth (inches):
1
Saturation Present? Yes 1 No Depth (inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerlal photos, previous inspections), if available:
Remarks:
•
•
·

/EGETATION (Five Strata) – Use scientific na		Dominant Indicator	Sampling Point: 4
Tree Stratum (Plot size:)		Species? Status	Number of Demissant Cassiss
1			That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:
2			Total Number of Dominant
3			Species Across All Strata: (B)
4			Percent of Dominant Species
5			That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
U		= Total Cover	Prevalence Index worksheet:
50% of total cover:			Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
Sapling Stratum (Plot size:)	ZŲ% OI	total cover	OBL species x1=5
1			FACW species x 2 = /(10)
2			FAC species x3= 10
3			Prico species X4
4			UPL species
5			Column Totals: <u>85</u> (A) <u>195</u> (B)
6			Prevalence Index = B/A = 2,29
		= Total Cover	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
50% of total cover:	20% of	total cover:	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophylic Vegetation
Shrub Stratum (Plot size:)			2 - Dominance Test is >50%
1			
2,			4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
3,			Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)
4	<u></u>		Troublind Try Group Try Go To Speciality
5			<sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soll and wetland hydrology must
6		T.1.10	be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
•		= Total Cover	Definitions of Five Vegetation Strata:
50% of total cover:	20% of	total cover:	Tree Woody plants, excluding woody vines,
Herb Stratum (Piot size:)  1. C. Perus esculentus	~	FACU	approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and 3 in.  (7.6 cm) or larger in diameter at breast height (DBH).
2 Persicaris pennsylvanica		Y FACU	
3. Setaria parvition		YEAC	Sapling – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and tess
4. Dicharthelium clandestinun	~~~	YFAC	than 3 in. (7.6 cm) DBH.
5. Fleocharis aslustris	- 6	ORI	Shrub - Woody plants, excluding woody vines,
6. Phalaris arundinacea	10	FACU	
7. Juneus effusus	- 1	FACU	Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, including
8		·	herbaceous vines, regardless of size, and woody
9		***************************************	plants, except woody vines, less than approximately 3 ft (1 m) in height.
10			Woody vine All woody vines, regardless of height.
11,			veoday vine - All woody vines, regardless of height.
la	95_	≃ Total Cover	·
50% of total cover: <u>42</u> .	<u>5</u> 20% of	total cover:	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:)		/	
1.			
2	. <del></del>	· <del></del>	
3		·	
4			
5		- T	Hydrophytic
		= Total Cover	Vegetation

20% of total cover:

50% of total cover:

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

	•	-	•	e
п	١	^	2	ε

Sampling Point: A

Profile Description: (Describe to the dep	th needed to document the Indicator or confirm	n the absence of indicators.)
Depth . Matrix	Redox Features	
(inches) Color (molst) %	Color (molst) % Type¹ Loc²	Texture Remarks
0-8 7.5 YR 4/3 95	54R4/6 5 C M	Clay loam
8-20 7.54R 4/2 90	54R 4/6 11) c M	5. Thy clay loan
, .		/
	·	
	The second secon	
	=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.	<sup>2</sup> Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Hydric Soil Indicators:	D 1 0 15 1 10 10 1	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :
Histosol (A1)	Dark Surface (S7) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (MLRA 147	2 cm Muck (A10) (MLRA 147)
Histic Epipedon (A2) Black Histic (A3)	Thin Dark Surface (S9) (MLRA 147, 148)	, 148) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (MLRA 147, 148)
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19)
Stratified Layers (A5)	Depleted Matrix (F3)	(MLRA 136, 147)
2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR N)	Redox Dark Surface (F6)	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	Other (Explain in Remarks)
Thick Dark Surface (A12)	Redox Depressions (F8)	
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) (LRR N,	Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR N,	
MLRA 147, 148)	MLRA 136)	Shadington of hudsonly big constation and
Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Redox (S5)	Umbric Surface (F13) (MLRA 136, 122) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 14)	<sup>3</sup> Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and 48) wetland hydrology must be present,
	FIGURDIAL I DOUDIGHT SOME A 191 (MENA 1	
Stripped Matrix (S6)	Red Parent Malerial (F21) (MLRA 127, 14	
Stripped Matrix (S6) Restrictive Layer (if observed):	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 14	
Stripped Matrix (S6)	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 14	
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 14	7) unless disturbed or problematic.
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 14	7) unless disturbed or problematic.
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 14	7) unless disturbed or problematic.
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 14	7) unless disturbed or problematic.
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 14	7) unless disturbed or problematic.
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 14	7) unless disturbed or problematic.
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 14	7) unless disturbed or problematic.
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 14	7) unless disturbed or problematic.
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 14	7) unless disturbed or problematic.
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 14	7) unless disturbed or problematic.
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 14	7) unless disturbed or problematic.
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type: Depth (inches):  Remarks:	Red Parent Malerial (F21) (MLRA 127, 14	7) unless disturbed or problematic.  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type: Depth (inches):  Remarks:	Red Parent Malerial (F21) (MLRA 127, 14	7) unless disturbed or problematic.  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type: Depth (inches):  Remarks:	Red Parent Malerial (F21) (MLRA 127, 14	7) unless disturbed or problematic.  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type: Depth (inches):  Remarks:	Red Parent Malerial (F21) (MLRA 127, 14	7) unless disturbed or problematic.  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type: Depth (inches):  Remarks:	Red Parent Møleriai (F21) (MLRA 127, 14	Hydric Soil Present? Yes No
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type: Depth (inches):  Remarks:	Red Parent Malerial (F21) (MLRA 127, 14	Hydric Soil Present? Yes No
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type: Depth (inches):  Remarks:	Red Parent Møleriai (F21) (MLRA 127, 14	Hydric Soil Present? Yes No
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type: Depth (inches):  Remarks:	Red Parent Malerial (F21) (MLRA 127, 14	7) unless disturbed or problematic.  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type: Depth (inches):  Remarks:	Red Parent Malerial (F21) (MLRA 127, 14	Hydric Soil Present? Yes No
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type: Depth (inches):  Remarks:	Red Parent Malerial (F21) (MLRA 127, 14	7) unless disturbed or problematic.  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type: Depth (inches):  Remarks:	Red Parent Malerial (F21) (MLRA 127, 14	7) unless disturbed or problematic.  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No

#### WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Region

Project/Site: MOPA Soc	1/5006	City/0	County: Doddr	dae Co. W	V Sampling Date:	1/3/13
Applicant/Owner:EQT G		uc		State:	Sampling Point: (	waland
nvestigator(s): E. McChina			on, Township, Range:			7
andform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):	Valley		lief (concave, convex, no		VEX Slope	(%): <b>1</b>
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR	N Lat:	39.37671	Long: <u>- 8</u>	0.72279	Datum:	
Soll Map Unit Name:				NWI classif		•••••
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on	the site typical fo	or this time of year?	res V No	(If no, explain in I	<del></del>	
Are Vegetation, Soil, o					present? Yes	No
Are Vegetation, Soil, o					ers in Remarks.)	
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - A						ures, etc
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes 🖌	No	Is the Sampled Area			·····························
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes		within a Wetland?	Yes	No	
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes	No 🗸				•
Remarks:			·	T 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	<del></del>	
			•			
•				•		
	<del></del>					-
HYDROLOGY Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		·		Secondary India	ators (minimum of two	roguired)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one i	e remiired: charl	call that annivi		Surface Sol		/ required/
Surface Water (A1)		True Aquatic Plants			egetated Concave Sur	Face (DA)
High Water Table (A2)	_	Hydrogen Sulfide Od	• •	Spainsely ve	•	iace (bo)
Saturation (A3)			res on Living Roots (C3)		• •	•
Water Marks (B1)		Presence of Reduce	-		Water Table (C2)	
Sediment Deposits (B2)			on In Tilled Soils (C6)	Crayfish Bu	, ,	
Drift Deposits (B3)		Thin Muck Surface (			/isible on Aerial Image	erv (C9)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)		Other (Explain in Re	marks)		Stressed Plants (D1)	J. ,
Iron Deposits (B5)		-			c Position (D2)	
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imag	јегу (В7)			Shallow Aq		
Water-Stained Leaves (B9)				Microtopogi	raphic Relief (D4)	
Aquatic Fauna (B13)			4	FAC-Neutra	il Test (D5)	
Field Observations:						
Surface Water Present? Yes _	No_ <u></u>	Depth (inches):		÷		
Water Table Present? Yes_		Depth (Inches):				
Saturation Present? Yes	No	Depth (inches):	Wetland F	lydrology Prese	ent? Yes N	lo <u>V</u>
(includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gat	ugo monitodióa v	uall agrial photos pro	nulaue increetions) if our	labla		
Describe Necolded Data (Sileam gat	ige, monitoring v	ven, aeriai priotos, pre	svious mapechons), mave	movie.	•	
Domarko						
Remarks:	field	a diacent	to wetland	,		
Pallow	(	· U ·	•			
				•		
	-		•			
					•	
				-		
•						

/EGETATION (Five Strata) – Use scientific r	names of plants.	Sampling Point: Upland
NI 1854 A CONTROL CONT	Absolute Dominant Indicator	Dominance Test worksheet:
Tree Stratum (Plot size:) 1	% Cover Species? Status	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A)
	Att temperature, and a second	Total Number of Dominant
3		Species Across All Strata: (B)
4		Percent of Dominant Species
5		That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 62.5 (A/B)
<u>.</u>	= Total Cover	Prevalence Index worksheet:
50% of total cover:	20% of total cover:	Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
Sapling Stratum (Plot size:)		OBL species x 1 =
1		FACW species $\dot{x} = 25$ $\dot{x} = 25$ $\dot{x} = 25$
2		FACU species 20 x4= 80
3		UPL species x 5 =
4		Column Totals: <u>45</u> (A) <u>155</u> (B)
5. 6.		Prevalence Index = B/A = 3.44
0,	= Total Cover	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
EAN, of total cover	20% of total cover:	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
Shrub Stratum (Plot size:)	2070 01 total cover	2 - Dominance Test is >50%
1		3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹
2		4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
3		Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)
4		
5		<sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and welland hydrology must
<u> </u>	= Total Cover	be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Definitions of Five Vegetation Strata:
50% of total cover:	20% of total cover:	·
Herb Stratum (Plot size:)		Tree – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and 3 in.
1. Solanum Ptychanthum	5 FACI	(7.6 cm) or larger in diameter at breast height (DBH).
2 Dichanthelium clandestinum	10 Y FAC	Sapling - Woody plants, excluding woody vines,
3. Setaria parriflura	15 Y FAC	approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and less than 3 ln. (7.6 cm) DBH.
4 Solidago canadensis	_15_Y_FAC	1
5		Shrub – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 3 to 20 ft (1 to 6 m) in height.
6. 7.		
8.		Herb All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, including herbaceous vines, regardless of size, and woody
9.		plants, except woody vines, less than approximately 3 ft (1 m) in height.
10		
11	<del></del>	Woody vine All woody vines, regardless of height.
an	= Total Cover	
	5 20% of total cover:	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:)		
1		
2. 3		
4		
5		Mindreshodia
	= Total Cover	Hydrophytic Vegetation
50% of total cover:	20% of total cover:	Present? Yes No
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate	sheet.)	I

epth <u>Matrix</u>	Redox Features	_
ches) Color (moist) %		Texture Remarks
-20 754R 43 10	<u>""                                   </u>	clay loam
		- <u> </u>
	<del></del>	
e: C=Concentration, D=Depletion.	RM-Reduced Matrix, MS-Masked Sand Grains.	<sup>2</sup> Location: PL≃Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
ric Soll Indicators:	The state of the s	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Solis <sup>3</sup> :
Histosol (A1) Histo Epipedon (A2)	Dark Surface (S7) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (MLRA 14)	2 cm Muck (A10) (MLRA 147) 7, 148) Coast Prairie Redox (A16)
Black Histic (A3)	Thin Dark Surface (S9) (MLRA 147, 148)	
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Stratified Layers (A5)	Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Depleted Matrix (F3)	Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19)
2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR N)	Redox Dark Surface (F6)	(MLRA 136, 147) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)		Other (Explain in Remarks)
Thick Dark Surface (A12) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) (LRR N,	Redox Depressions (F8) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR N,	
MLRA 147, 148)	MLRA 136)	Stadlanton of builton builton of the
Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Redox (S5)	Umbric Surface (F13) (MLRA 136, 122) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 136, 122)	<ul> <li>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present,</li> </ul>
Stripped Matrix (S6)	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 1	
strictive Layer (if observed): Type:		
Depth (inches):		Hydric Soll Present? Yes No
narks:		
·		

## WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Region

Project/Site: MOPA SOOI/SOOG City/County: Doddri Applicant/Owner: FQTbathering UC	Age Co. Sampling Date: 9/5/201  State: WV Sampling Point: B
Investigator(s): £, McCluna Section, Township, Range:	one):CONCAVRSlope (%): O
Local relief (concave, convex, n	one): Concave Slope (%): O
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR N Lat: 39, 36438 Long: -8	30. //S// Datum: A/A) 83
Soll Map Unit Name:	NWI classification:
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No	(If no, explain in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are "Norm	al Circumstances" present? Yes No
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed,	explain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map showing sampling point locat	ons, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?  Hydric Soil Present?  Welland Hydrology Present?  Remarks:  Yes V No Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?  Ves No Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes No
Remarks: Non-isolated PEM wetland that has be waste materials (automotive and machin Normal Circumstances remain for wetland	ery debris). However,
Armal Circumstances remain for wetland	identification purposes.
HYDROLOGY	
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
Surface Water (A1) True Aquatic Plants (B14)	Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
I— 14 1	Drainage Patterns (B10)
Saturation (A3) — Nythogen Sumas Good (G1)  — Nythogen Sumas Good (G1)  — Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)	
Water Marks (B1)  Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
Sediment Deposits (B2)  Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)
Drift Deposits (B3) Thin Muck Surface (C7)	Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)  Other (Explain in Remarks)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Iron Deposits (B5)	Geomorphic Position (D2)
Inundation Visible on Aeriai Imagery (B7)	Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Water-Stalned Leaves (B9)	Microtopographic Relief (D4)
Aquatic Fauna (B13)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:	
Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inches):	
I	
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): Wetland (includes capillary fringe)	Hydrology Present? Yes No
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if av	allable:
Remarks:	
	·

	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Dominance Test worksheet:
<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size:) 1)	% Cover	Species?	Status	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A)
2				
3.				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: (B)
1				
5				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100 (A/8)
3				(70)
		= Total Cov		Prevalence Index worksheet:
50% of total cover:	-		1	Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
Sapling Stratum (Plot size:)				OBL species x1=
				FACW species 85 x2= 170
				FAC species x 3 =
3				FACU species x 4 =
1,		:		UPL species x5=
5				Column Totals: <u>85</u> (A) <u>170</u> (B)
5				Prevalence Index = B/A = 2.0
		Total Cov		Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
50% of total cover;	20% of	total cover:		1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophylic Vegetation
Shrub Stratum (Plot size;)				2 - Dominance Test is >50%
1				3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.01
2,				4 - Morphological Adaptations (Provide supporting
3				data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
l				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation1 (Explain)
5				¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
6,				be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
		Total Cov	er	Definitions of Five Vegetation Strata:
50% of total cover:	20% of	total cover:		Tree Woody plants, excluding woody vines,
Herb Stratum (Plot size:)				approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and 3 in.
Impatiens capeusis	60	<u>-Y</u>	FACW	(7.6 cm) or larger in diameter at breast height (DBH).
Epilowium coloratum	-15_	,	FACW	Sapling Woody plants, excluding woody vines,
a Juneus ettusus	_5	,	FACW	approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and less than 3 in. (7.6 cm) DBH.
Scirpus cyperinus	_5_		FACU	
5				Shrub – Woody plants, excluding woody vines,
),				approximately 3 to 20 ft (1 to 6 m) In height.
<u></u>		<del>-,</del>		Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, including
3		<del></del>		herbaceous vines, regardless of size, and woody plants, except woody vines, less than approximately 3
9				ft (1 m) in height.
10,				Woody vine All woody vines, regardless of height.
11,	<u></u>			
112		≂ Total Cov		
50% of total cover: <u>42.3</u>	≥_ 20% of	total cover:	1/_	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:)				
1				·
2		<del></del>		
d,				
#				
5				Hydrophytic
		Total Cov		Vegetation Present? Yes No
50% of total cover:	20% of	total cover		Lieseuri 162 VA 140

		D	
Sampling	Point:	LS	

Profile Description: (Describe to the dept	in needed to docume	nt the in	idicator o	or contitr	n the absence of	indicators	i.)	
Depth Matrix	Redox	Features						
(inches) Color (moist) %	Color (moist)	<u>%</u>	Type	<u>Loc²</u>	Texture		Remarks	
0-10 7,54R 4/2 90	5YR 5/6	10		M	5./ LGay	1 loam		
10+					· · · ·	9 MV	el/50c	K
						U	7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
				•				···
					<del></del>			·
					•			
						~·····································		
		<del></del>		•		<del></del>		
						<del></del> -	·	
<sup>1</sup> Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=	Reduced Matrix, MS=	Masked	Sand Gra	ins,	<sup>2</sup> Location: PL=I			
Hydric Soll Indicators:							olematic Hyd	
Histosol (A1)	Dark Surface (S						0) (MLRA 14	17)
Histic Epipedon (A2)	Polyvalue Belov						edox (A16)	
Black Histic (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	Thin Dark Surfa Loamy Gleyed			47, 148)		ILRA 147,		E40\
Stratified Layers (A5)	Depleted Matrix					1LRA 136,	lplain Soils (i 447)	r 19)
2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR N)	Redox Dark Su		3)				ark Surface	(TF12)
Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	Depleted Dark				Othe	r (Explain I	n Remarks)	()
Thick Dark Surface (A12)	Redox Depress						·	
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) (LRR N,	iron-Manganes		s (F12) (L	.RR N,				
MLRA 147, 148)	MLRA 136)				3			
Sandy Gleyed Malrix (S4) Sandy Redox (S5)	Umbric Surface						ophytic vege	
	Piedmont Floor	•		(IMPKY 14	48) weitai	ia nyarolog	y must be pr	•
Striphed Marrix (S6)	Red Parent Ma	ferial (F2	1) /MI R/	127 14	7) tinles	hadurteih s	or problema	tin
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed);	✓ Red Parent Ma	terial (F2	1) (MLR/	4 127, 14	7) unles	s disturbed	or problema	tic.
Restrictive Layer (if observed);	<u>V</u> Red Parent Ma	terial (F2	1) (MLR/	127, 14	7) unles	s disturbed	or problema	tic.
Restrictive Layer (if observed);	Red Parent Ma	terial (F2	.1) (MLR/	4 127, 14			or problema	No
Restrictive Layer (if observed);  Type:	✓ Red Parent Ma	terial (F2	(MLR)	4 127, 14	7) unles: Hydric Soil Pr			
Restrictive Layer (if observed);  Type: 9/4/el/rock	Red Parent Ma 	terial (F2	1) (MLR/	4 127, 14				
Restrictive Layer (if observed);  Type:	Red Parent Ma 	ferial (F2						
Restrictive Layer (if observed);  Type:	Red Parent Ma 	ferial (F2		4 127, 14 <sup>1</sup>				
Restrictive Layer (if observed);  Type:	Red Parent Ma 	ferial (F2		4 127, 14 <sup>1</sup>				
Restrictive Layer (if observed);  Type:	Red Parent Ma	ferial (F2		127, 14				
Restrictive Layer (if observed);  Type:	Red Parent Ma	ferial (F2	.1) (MLR/					
Restrictive Layer (if observed);  Type:	Red Parent Ma	ferial (F2	1) (MLR/					
Restrictive Layer (if observed);  Type:	Red Parent Ma	ferial (F2	1) (MLR/					
Restrictive Layer (if observed);  Type:	Red Parent Ma	ferial (F2	1) (MLR/					
Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):  Remarks:		ferial (F2	1) (MLR					
Restrictive Layer (if observed);  Type:			1) (MLRA					
Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):  Remarks:			1) (MLRA	4 127, 14				
Restrictive Layer (if observed); Type: STAVE (FOCK Depth (inches): 12) Remarks:			1) (MLR					
Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type: STAVE (FOCK  Depth (inches): //  Remarks:					Hydric Soil Pr			
Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type: STAVE (FOCK  Depth (inches): //  Remarks:					Hydric Soil Pr			
Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type: STAVE (FOCK  Depth (inches): //  Remarks:					Hydric Soil Pr			
Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type:  Depth (inches):  Remarks:					Hydric Soil Pr			
Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type:  Depth (inches):  Remarks:					Hydric Soil Pr			
Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type:  Depth (inches):  Remarks:					Hydric Soil Pr			
Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type:  Depth (inches):  Remarks:					Hydric Soil Pr			
Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type:  Depth (inches):  Remarks:					Hydric Soil Pr			

#### WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Region

Project/Site: MOPA 500:1/5006 City/County: Doddridge Co. Sampling Date: 9/5/20 Applicant/Owner: EQT Carthering U State: WV Sampling Point: Upla	) i'S
	nd 1
Investigator(s): E, McCluga Section, Township, Range:	
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): 11510199 Local relief (concave, convex, none): 1101199 Slope (%): 11	)
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR N Lat: 39.363.59 Long: - 80. 7/497 Datum:	·
Soil Map Unit Name:	
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No (If no, explain in Remarks.)	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features,	etc.
Hydrophylic Vegetation Present? Yes Is the Sampled Area	- 1
Hydric Soil Present? Yes No within a Wetland? Yes No 1/	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No	
Remarks:	$\dashv$
	l
•	
HYDROLOGY	
Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Secondary Indicators (minimum of two require	<u>d)</u>
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)  Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	
Surface Water (A1) True Aquatic Plants (B14) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B6	;)
High Water Table (A2) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Drainage Patterns (B10)	
Saturation (A3) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) Moss Trim Lines (B16)	
Water Marks (B1) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Dry-Season Water Table (C2)	- 1
Sediment Deposits (B2) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Crayfish Burrows (C8)	
Drift Deposits (B3) Thin Muck Surface (C7) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)	
Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Other (Explain in Remarks) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)	
Iron Deposits (B5) Geomorphic Position (D2)	
Inundation Visible on Aeriai Imagery (B7) Shallow Aquitard (D3)	ŀ
Water-Stained Leaves (B9) Microtopographic Relief (D4)	
Aquatic Fauna (B13) FAC-Neutral Test (D5)	
Field Observations:	
Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inches):	ŀ
	/
Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches):	
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No V	$\exists$
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (Inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No Volumes capillary fringe)  Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:	
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No V (includes capillary fringe)	
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (Inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No Volumes capillary fringe)  Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:	
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (Inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No Volumes capillary fringe)  Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:	•
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (Inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No Volumes capillary fringe)  Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:	
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (Inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No Volumes capillary fringe)  Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:	
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (Inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No Volumes capillary fringe)  Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:	
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (Inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No Volumes capillary fringe)  Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:	
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (Inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No V (Includes capillary fringe)  Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:	
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (Inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No Volumes capillary fringe)  Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:	
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No Cincludes capillary fringe)  Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:	

VEGETATION (FIVE Strata) - USE SCIENTIFIC TO	ines or	piants.		Sampling Point: Opunci.
	Absolute	Dominant		Dominance Test worksheet:
Tree Stratum (Plot size:)	% Cover	Species?		Number of Dominant Species
1. Paulownia tomentosa	10		. FACU	That Are.OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A)
2. Fagus grandifolia	20	V	FACU	
3. Practanus Occidentalis			FACW	Loral Malaber of Dominant
S. HADIANCE - SCINCILL	<del>-12</del>	· <del></del>	للاعكىلا	Species Across All Strata: (B)
4	•			Percent of Dominant Species
5				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 16,67 (A/B)
6				
	55	= Total Cov	/er	Prevalence Index worksheet:
50% of total cover: 27.5				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
50% of total cover: 21.	20% 01	total cover	:	OBL speciesO x1=O
Sapling Stratum (Plot size:)  1. Fagus grand: folig		• /	<b></b>	FACW species
1. Fagus granditolia	10_	<b>.</b>	. KACU	FAC species
2. 0				TAC Species X3~
3				FACU species <u>85</u> x4 = <u>340</u>
				UPL species x 5 =
4				Column Totals: 100 (A) 370 (B)
5		. ———		·
6				Prevalence Index = B/A = 3, 7
	10	= Total Cov	/er	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
50% of total cover:				1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophylic Vegetation
	20% 01	total cover		l
Shrub Stratum (Plot size:)				2 - Dominance Test is >50%
1. Rosa multiflora	<u>15</u>	. <u> </u>	KACU	3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹
2,	_			4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting
3.				data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)
4			<del></del>	
5		·		Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
6				be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
	_13	= Total Cov	/er	Definitions of Five Vegetation Strata:
50% of total cover: <u>7.5</u>				Definitions of Five vegetation Strata.
-	20% 01	total coveu	-2	Tree Woody plants, excluding woody vines,
Herb Stratum (Plot size:)		10	*	approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and 3 in.
1. Solidayo cavadensis	10	· · ·	THOU	(7.6 cm) or larger in diameter at breast height (DBH).
2 Polystichum acrostichou	les 10	_Y	FACU	Sapling – Woody plants, excluding woody vines,
3		•		approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and less
				than 3 in. (7.6 cm) DBH.
4				
5				Shrub - Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 3 to 20 ft (1 to 6 m) in height.
6				approximately 5 to 20 if (1 to 0 fil) in neight.
7	·			Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, including
8				herbaceous vines, regardless of size, and woody
9				plants, except woody vines, less than approximately 3
•				ft (1 m) in helght.
10,	-	· <del></del>		Woody vine - All woody vines, regardless of height.
11	20			The state of the s
		= Total Cov	/er.	
50% of total cover: //	20% of	total cover	. 4	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:)	2070 01	(O(D) COVCI		
yvoody viile Stratum (Flot size)				
1		<del></del>		
2				
3				
4.				
5.				
<u> </u>				Hydrophytic
		= Total Cov	rer	Vegetation
.50% of total cover:	20% of	total cover	:	Present? Yes V No
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate s				
The state of the state of the state of the state of	,			

^	~	

Sampling Point: Upland B

Profile Description: (Describe to the dept	h needed to document the indicator or confirm	n the absence of indicators.)
Depth Matrix	Redox Features	
(inches) Color (molst) %	Color (moist) % Type¹ Loc²	Texture Remarks
0-20 7.5 YR4/3 100		clay loam
•		
	Particular designation of the second	
		d
	·	
¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=	Deduced Matrix MS-Marked Sand Grains	2) acation: Di para Lining M-Matrix
Hydric Soil Indicators:	Reduced Matrix, MS-Masked Sand Grains.	<sup>2</sup> Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :
Histosol (A1)	Dark Surface (S7)	2 cm Muck (A10) (MLRA 147)
Histic Epipedon (A2)	Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (MLRA 147,	
Black Histic (A3)	Thin Dark Surface (S9) (MLRA 147, 148)	(MLRA 147, 148)
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	Piedmont Floodplain Solls (F19)
Stratified Layers (A5)	Depleted Matrix (F3)	(MLRA 136, 147)
2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR N)	Redox Dark Surface (F6)	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Thick Dark Surface (A12)	Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Redox Depressions (F8)	Other (Explain in Remarks)
Sandy Mucky Mineral (\$1) (LRR N,	Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR N,	
MLRA 147, 148)	MLRA 136)	,
Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	Umbric Surface (F13) (MLRA 136, 122)	<sup>3</sup> Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and
Sandy Redox (S5)	Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 14	<ol> <li>wetland hydrology must be present,</li> </ol>
Stripped Matrix (S6)	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 147	
Stripped Matrix (S6) Restrictive Layer (if observed):		
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:		7) unless disturbed or problematic.
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):		
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:		7) unless disturbed or problematic.
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):		7) unless disturbed or problematic.
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):		7) unless disturbed or problematic.
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):		7) unless disturbed or problematic.
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):		7) unless disturbed or problematic.
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):		7) unless disturbed or problematic.
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):		7) unless disturbed or problematic.
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):		7) unless disturbed or problematic.
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):		7) unless disturbed or problematic.
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):		7) unless disturbed or problematic.
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):		T) unless disturbed or problematic.  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 147	T) unless disturbed or problematic.  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type: Depth (inches): Remarks:	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 147	T) unless disturbed or problematic.  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 147	T) unless disturbed or problematic.  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type: Depth (inches): Remarks:	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 147	T) unless disturbed or problematic.  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type: Depth (inches):  Remarks:	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 147	T) unless disturbed or problematic.  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type: Depth (inches):  Remarks:	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 147	T) unless disturbed or problematic.  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type: Depth (inches):  Remarks:	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 147	T) unless disturbed or problematic.  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type: Depth (inches):  Remarks:	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 147	T) unless disturbed or problematic.  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type: Depth (inches):  Remarks:	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 147	T) unless disturbed or problematic.  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No
Stripped Matrix (S6)  Restrictive Layer (if observed):  Type: Depth (inches):  Remarks:	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 147	T) unless disturbed or problematic.  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No

#### WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Eastern Mountains and Pledmont Region Applicant/Owner: EQT Production investigator(s): Sharn Front Section, Township, Range: Slope (%): < Z 70 Local relief (concave, convex, none): Lon Work Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): ][[[ac. Long: -80. 720406 Datum: NAD 53 Lat: 39.37.3086 Subregion (LRR or MLRA): NWI classification: None Soil Map Unit Name: (if no, explain in Remarks.) Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes V No \_\_significantly disturbed? Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_ (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.) Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ naturally problematic? SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach sits map showing sampling point locations, transacts, important features, etc. Is the Sampled Area Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes 1/ No Hydric Soil Present? Wetland Hydrology Present? I believe the dominant plant is Microstegium vimineum. however, the plant was dred to hard to identify. I deally, and additional delination should be done in the growing 400500 Next year. HYDROLOGY Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required) Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply) \_\_\_ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) \_\_ True Aquatic Plants (814) Surface Water (A1) Drainage Patterns (B10) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) High Water Table (A2) V Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) \_\_\_ Moss Trim Lines (B16) Saturation (A3) \_\_\_ Dny-Season Water Table (C2) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Water Marks (B1) \_\_\_ Crayfish Burrows (C8) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Sediment Deposits (B2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Thin Muck Surface (C7) Drift Deposits (B3) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) Other (Explain in Remarks) \_\_\_ Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Geomorphic Position (D2) \_\_ Iron Deposits (B5) Shallow Aquitard (D3) Inundation Visible on Aerial (magery (B7) Microtopographic Relief (D4) Water-Stained Leaves (89) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) \_ Aquatic Fauna (B13) Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes \_\_\_\_ No Water Table Present? Saturation Present? Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: (includes capillary fringe)

Remarks:
Not many hydrology indicators, but fairly certain there moved be more
Not many hydrology indicators, but fairly certain there moved be more
in other party of the grow. Area is situated between for off
hills lope a an old rand, which is now more at a beach,
hills lope a an old rand, which is now more at a beach,
Wetland is isolated. No channel worsts below, it to connect it
to Flint Run.

		Dominant Indice	
Tree Stratum (Plot size:) 1	<del>-</del>	Species? Stat	WS   Number of Dominant Species   CART   Number of Dominant Species   Number of D
2			7
4	<u> </u>		Percent of Dominant Species
3			Prevalance Index worksheet:
Sapling Stratum (Plot size:)		Total Cover	Total % Cover of: Multiply by:  OBL species 5 x 1 = 5
			FACW species 9 x2= 18 FAC species 80 x3= 240
			FACU species x 4 = UPL species x 5 =
			Column Totals: 94 (A) 263 (B)
			Prevalence Index = B/A = 2.79
	<u></u>	Total Cover	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:  1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
nrub Stratum (Plot size:)			2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.01
			4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
			Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
			Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
b Stratum (Plot size: 5CL )	= = T	otal Cover	Definitions of Five Vegetation Strata:
Microstegium vimineum Corex August		No OB	Tree – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and 3 in. (7.6 cm) or larger in diameter at breast height (DBH).
Visions effects		No FALM No FALM	Sapling - Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and less than 3 in. (7.6 cm) DBH.
			Shrub - Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 3 to 20 ft (1 to 6 m) in height.
			Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, including herbaceous vines, regardless of size, and woody plants, except woody vines, less than approximately 3 ft (1 m) in height.
			Woody vine - All woody vines, regardless of height.
dy Vine Stratum (Piot size:)	<u>94</u> = Tot	al Cover	
			Hydrophytic
			Vegetation Present? Yas No
	= Tota	l Cover	·

US Army Corps of Engineers

Sempling Point: <u>Nata Port1</u>

Depth	ription: (Describe Matrix		Redo	x Feature	s					
(inches)	Color (moist)	_%_	Color (maist)	%	<u>Type'</u>	Loc	Texture		Remarks	L
0-0.5	104R413	100						0/30	3.45	
2.5-12	IOYR 5/2	90	1048 5/8	10	<u> </u>	12	Dam			
12-200	1048 5/3	100					1000			
								·		
									····	
			, <u></u>							
										•
		. ——			•					
	sentation D=Den	letion RM:	Reduced Matrix, MS	=Masked	Sand Gra	ns.	<sup>2</sup> Location: PL	≃Pore Lin	ing, M=Matrix.	
ydric Soll in		ibuon, run					Indicat	ors for P	rablematic H <sub>1</sub>	rdric Soils
_ Histosol (/			Dark Surface					•	a10) (MLRA 1	•
-	pedon (A2)		Polyvalue Bek						Redox (A16)	
Black Hist	ic (A3)		Thin Dark Surf			7, 148)		MLRA 14		(F40)
	Sulfide (A4)		Loamy Gleyed	-	2)			idmont Fil MLRA 13	oodplain Soils	(F19)
	ayers (A5)		Depleted Matri Redox Dark Si		:1				Dark Surface	(TF12)
	c (A10) (LRR N) Below Dark Surface	(Δ11)	Depleted Dark						n in Remarks)	
	Surface (A12)	(117)	Redox Depres							
	cky Mineral (S1) (L	RR N,	Iron-Manganes	e Masse:	s (F12) (LI	RR N,				
	47, 148)		MLRA 136)				3			.1.10
-	yed Matrix (S4)		Umbric Surface						drophytic veg ogy must be p	
_ Sandy Red	• •		Piedmont Floor				•	-	ed or problems	
Stripped M			Red Parent IVI2	iteriai (FZ	1) (MLKA	127, 147)	Unites	13 0311100	d or problems	
	yer (if observed):								/	
Type:	• .					]	Hydric Soil P	resent?	Yes V	No
Depth (inch	es): 				<del></del> .					
marks:										
									*	
				•						
				•						

# WETLAND DATA FORM EASTERN MOUNTAINS AND PIEDMONT

PROJECT NAME: Gessler Imparations	
PROJECT NUMBER: Oloi-11-0147 001	<del></del>
DATE: 10/22/12	
SAMPLING POINT: Wetland 1 - Date Ant 1	

## WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Region

Project/Site: 6essky Imandment City/County: Doddriege State: Sampling Date: 10/22/12
Project/Site: 1985 187 (Massacraft City/County: 1985) State: Sampling Point: WLP
Applicant/Owner: Elic 1 (1000) 110 Page 1011
Investigator(s):
Local tollo formation of the first first formation of the first form
Subregion (LKR of MLRA)
Cull Man I Inii Name:
Are climatic / nyprologic curtations on the start special to the
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally problemator (if resource, support and the suppo
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No Is the Sampled Area
i within a Wetland? Yes No
Hydric Son Present
Remarks: Polist sine emergent Plants were hord to identify due to the season. Ideally, an additional delineation should be completed in the next growing season.
HYDROLOGY  Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:
Primary Indicators (minimum or one is required, crieck an unit specific (B14) Specific Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
Surface Water (A1)  Drainage Patterns (B10)
High Water Table (A2)  High Water Table (A2)  Moss Trim Lines (B16)
Douglaston Vision Water Table (C2)
Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Crayfish Burrows (C8)
Thin Muck Surface (C7)  Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Other (Explain in Remarks)  Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Geomorphic Position (D2)
Snakow Aquiat (US)
Worter-Steined Leaves (B9)
Field Observations:
Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (Inches):
Motor Table Present? Yes No Depth (Inches): 9-10
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): 12 Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No
(includes capillary fringe)  Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:
Abuts unamed tributery #7, which connects to Flint River

VEGETATION (Five Strata) - Use scientific names of plants.

	W	ルーユ	
Sampling	Point: RA	Pat. 1	

	Absolute	Domina Species	nt Indicati	<u>.</u>
Tree Stratum (Plot size:) 1	% COVE			Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:
2				Total Number of Dominant
3,				Species Across All Strate:
4 5				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:
6				Prevalence Index worksheet:
7		= Total Co		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
Sapling Stratum (Plot size:)		= lotal Cc	ver	OBL species x1=
				FACW species 67 x 2 = 134
				FAC species 5 x3= /5
				FACU species Z x4= 8
				UPL species x5=
				Column Totals: 74 (A) 157 (I
				Prevalence Index = B/A = 2.12
		Total Cov	er	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
hrub Stratum (Plot size:)			•	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
				2 - Dominance Test is >50%
				3 - Prevalence Index is \$3.01
				4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)
				Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
				be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
rb Stratum (Plot size: 544 )		Total Cove		Definitions of Five Vegetation Strata:
Superus strigosus		Tes	FBen	Tree - Woody plants, excluding woody vines,
Juneus e Augus		No	FALL	approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and 3 in. (7.6 cm) or larger in diameter at breast height (DBH).
Polymoner of sculpturieum	- <u>86</u>	No	FACE	
Verkesina alternitolia	570 -	Na_	FAC	Sapling - Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and less
J	<u> </u>		<u>FACU</u>	then 3 in. (7.6 cm) DBH.
				Shrub - Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 3 to 20 ft (1 to 6 m) in height.
				the think and the second from support a least a least second and
			]	Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, including herbaceous vines, regardless of size, and woody
			I	plants, except woody vines, less than approximately 3 ft (1 m) in height.
			Ì	• •
	<del>- 711 -</del>			Woody vine - All woody vines, regardless of height.
dy Vine Stratum (Plot size:)	74 = T	otal Cover	Γ	
DV VINE SUBIUM (FIX 812 C.				
				Hydrophytic Vegetation
				Present? Yes No
		tal Cover		
arks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate s	heet.)			
least 15% unidentifiable. (Den	(ژ			
THE TOTAL OF THE THE THE TENTE OF THE TENTE	1			

-	111	1
-	344	

US Army Corps of Engineers

Sampling Point: (Star Pat i

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)					
Depth Matrix Redox Features					
(inches) Color (moist) %	Color (moist) % Type Log2	Texture Remarks			
10-1 7,54R4/3 co					
1-20 7.5784/2 75	7.54R 58 15 C M	100-1			
	2.54R S/B 10 C M	1000			
l					
		•			
'Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, Rt	I=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.	<sup>2</sup> Location; PL≃Pore Lining, M=Matrix.			
Hydric Soil Indicators:	,	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :			
Histosol (A1)	Dark Surface (S7)	2 cm Muck (A10) (MLRA 147)			
Histic Epipedon (A2)	Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (MLRA 147,	148) Coast Prairie Redox (A16)			
Black Histic (A3)	Thin Dark Surface (S9) (MLRA 147, 148)	(MLRA 147, 148)			
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	Pledmont Floodplain Soils (F19)			
Stratified Layers (A5)	✓ Depleted Matrix (F3)	(MLRA 136, 147)			
2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR N)	Redox Dark Surface (F6)	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)			
Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	Other (Explain in Remarks)			
Thick Dark Surface (A12)	Redox Depressions (F8)				
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) (LRR N,	Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR N.				
MLRA 147, 148)	MLRA 136)	•			
Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	Umbric Surface (F13) (MLRA 136, 122)	alndicators of hydrophytic vegetation and			
Sandy Redox (S5)	Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 14)				
Stripped Matrix (S6)	Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 147	) unless disturbed or problematic.			
Restrictive Layer (if observed):					
Type:					
Depth (inches):	•	Hydric Soil Present? Yes V No			
Remarks:					
Tioniumo.					
		İ			
		]			
		·			
		1			
		Ĭ			
		1			
	•	į			

Eastern Mountains and Pledmont - Version 2.0

# WETLAND DATA FORM EASTERN MOUNTAINS AND PIEDMONT

PROJECT NAME: Gessler Inquindent			
PROJECT NUMBER: Olol-11-0147 001			
DATE: 10/22/12			
SAMPLING POINT: Wetler 2 - Data Point 1			

Appendix C
Identified and Delineated Stream/Wetland Characteristics
Gessler Freshwater Impoundment

Watershed	Stream/Pond/Wettand	Bank Fáll Height (ft)	Bank Fult Width ( <u>N</u> )	Stream/Welland Classification	Stream Length (ft)/Wedland Acresge within AOI?	Sübstrate
	Flint Run	2.0	25.0	Perennial	1523.37	Silt/Gravel/Cobble
	Unnamed Tributary No. 1 (UNT 1)	0.5	7.1	Intermittent	83.63	Gravel/Cobble
	Unnamed Tributary No. 2 (UNT 2)	0.3	2.9	Intermittent	662.78	Gravel/Cobble
	Unnamed Tributary No. 3 (UNT 3)	0,1	0.6	Ephemeral	376.44	Gravel/Cobble
	Wetland No. 2 (WL 2)	-	-	Palustrine Emergent	0.02	
	Ditch I			Drainage Conveyance	168.98	-
<del>_</del>	Wetland No. 1 (WL 1)			Palustrine Emergent/Isolated	0.02	

<sup>\*</sup>Values listed in this column are not indicative of proposed impacts.

A Prince of the Paris of the Pa	•
KI	.EINFELDER
	Bright People. Right Salutions.

	Stream Datasheet 6
Stream evaluations should be perfo	200 C 100 C
Date: 4/3 201) Client: LOT (pather in LLC	Site: MOPA 5006
	an McClang & Jillian Tompkins
GPS Coordinates: LAT: 34.37211 LONG: 80.71978	Data Entered by: FMcClung
Stream Name: Flat Run	Field ID: 100 - 5 - 1
Type of Stream (C(PUNIA)	Prodominant 24hrs 14hrs 1272hrs intermittent ram
1. a) Approximate depth of water in stream: 1214. N/A	f) Approximate height of banks (channel depth):
b) Approximate width of water flow: 35 ft, N/A	left GF+ right GF+
c) Approximate width of stream: (from top of bank to top of bank)	g) OHWM Depth 24 in . N/A
d) Approximate width of stream: (from toe of bank to toe of bank) 3度斤	h) OHWM Width . 3 Q.C.f. N/A
e) Approximate depth of pool(s): 24.1. N/A	
2. Is there a significant nexus to another water source?	a) If so, Is the water source: de lineated
b) If delineated, list connected features:	
3. Plant Species Adjacent to stream (scientific name):	/
Trees: Plafanks occidentalis Aceru	rolarum
Shrubs: Asima ina triloba	
Understory: POACEAE	
4. Stream habitats present: பிர்லி பெர்க்க பிலிக்க பிலிக்க கூடிக்க	una Present? YES If Yes - Describe: 1567
6. Nature of the particles in the stream bottom:	7. Presence of:
silt/clay/mud_M # 5f cobbles (2 * diam.) Sam 2	a) naturally occurring organic material in stream OCC4.5-154-/
sand 1, #14 boulders (> 10 diam.) 1/4/4	b) logs or large woody debris in stream
gravel SOME bedrock MONE	
	tright side 5 Ft
8. a) What is the extent of forest cover out to 50 ft. of the stream? left side 5 ft.	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
And what is the % of that cover? left side 25 % right side 25	7)
b) What is the extent of shrub cover out to 50 ft. of the *tream? left side 5 ft.  And what is the % of that cover? left side 5 % right side 5	
9. Water Appearance: Class If other, explain:	10. Water Odor NOIAL If other, explain:
11. Pick the description that best fits the stream bank and the channel	Left Steep Right Steep
12. Describe the streamsIde cover. Select Present or Common	13. In the vicinity of the stream, select Present or Common
StreamsIde Habitat and Land Uses	, i
Left Right	Left Right
Trees Prese Prese	Natural Streomside plant cover degraded
Bushes, Shrubs November 1888	Banks collapsed/ground present
Tall grasses, tems Conna (Conna	Gerbage/junk adjacent to the stream
Lawn	Foam or sheen on bank
Boulders/Rocks	Mud, silt, or sand in or entering the stream
Gravel/Sand	Gerbage/junk in the stream
Bare Soil	Yard waste on bank (clippings, leaves, etc.)
Pevement Structures	Livestock in or with unrestricted access
Agriculture	· Actively discharging pipos
Other	Other pipes
if other, explain:	Ditchos ontering stream
Additional Comments  Perfunial Stream 14	1 Nachrice
Nevernal STream 14	10041 1075101~



	Stream Datasheet 6
	e performed while facing upstream.
Date: 9/3/2013 client: EQT Gathering L	Site: MOPA 5006
County/State: Doddodg / WV Investigators:	From McClany & Jilian Tun Abiles
GPS Coordinates: LAT: 39, 38667 LONG: -80, 72	363 Data Entered by: E, McClung
Stream Name: UNT-to MIA-Run	Field ID: MO-5 - 2
	Predominant // / / a
Type of Stream Luterm. TtuT	weather in past 24hrs 48hrs 72hrs 101-0 mittent 12 14
1. a) Approximate depth of water in stream: ()-/ /nN/A	f) Approximate height of banks (channel depth): Flow: MU &
b) Approximate width of water flow: () -5 1/2, N/A	0 left 1.5 FF right 1.5 FF
c) Approximate width of stream: (from top of bank to top of bank)	The g) OHWM Depth 2 inN/A
d) Approximate width of stream: (from toe of bank to toe of bank)	<u>f.f.</u> , h) OHWM Width <u>4.5</u> f.f N/A
e) Approximate depth of pool(s): 5 1/1. N/A	·
2. Is there a significant nexus to another water source?	a) If so, is the water source: \delta l/cocafe l
b) If delineated, list connected features:	MO-5-1 (OFE-31/2)
3. Plant Species Adjacent to stream (scientific name):	1 / /
Trees: Acet negundo Matim	us accidentalis
Shrubs: Rasa wulfi flora	
Understory: 11/1-CEAE	·
4. Stream habitats present: 🖵 POSIs 🗌 Runs 🔲 Riffles 🔲 N/A 5. Aqu	iatic Fauna Present? 💋 if Yes - Describe:
6. Nature of the particles in the stream bottom:	7. Presence of:
silt/clay/mud 50MP cobbles (2-10" dlam.) 50L	
sand / 14-f/e boulders (> 10" dlam.) / f/	b) logs or large woody debris in stream
gravel Mosf bedrock N	i)n.p
8. a) What is the extent of forest cover out to 50 ft. of the stream?	e <u>{</u> <del>f</del> <del>f</del> <del>f</del> <del>f</del> <del>f</del> <del>f</del>
And what is the % of that cover? left side 25 % right side	25 %
b) What is the extent of shrub cover out to 50 ft. of the stream?	e 5 right side 5
And what is the % of that cover? left side % right side	<u>~</u> %
9. Water Appearance: <u>Clear</u> If other, explain:	10. Water Odor _ り ひ れ く _ If other, exptain:
11. Pick the description that best fits the stream bank and the channel	Left Steep Right Steep
12. Describe the streamside cover. Select Present or Common	13. In the vicinity of the stream, select Present or Common
Streamside Habitat and Land Uses	
Left Right	LeRRight
Troos MASCUT MESCUT	Natural Streamside plant cover degraded Prescutt present
Bushes, Shrubs NYSENT MESCUT	Banks collapsed/eroded NESCUT MESEU
Tall grasses, ferns Comman Comman	Garbage/junk adjacent to the stream
Lawn	Foam or sheen on bank
Boulders/Rocks	Mud, silt, or sand in or entering the stream
Gravel/Sand	Garbage/junk in the stream
Bare Soll	Yard waste on bank (clippings, leaves, etc.)
Pavament Structures	Livestock in or with unrestricted access
Agriculture	Actively discharging pipes
Other	Other pipes
If other, explain:	Ditches entering stream Y25 YCS
ii otiei, capiell	Survives affecting stream 1 1 1 1 1 1
Additional Community	
Additional Comments	•
,	•



Stream evaluations should be	performed while facing upstream.			
Date: 1/3/2013 Cllent: EQT Gathering LL	C Site: MOPA 5006			
County/State: Dad Cidal WV Investigators:	McClune & Toughins			
GPS Coordinates: LAT: 39, 27757 LONG:-80,723	94 Data Entered by: P. McClun			
Stream Name: UNITO HILL VICE	Field ID: M() - 5 - 3			
Type of Stream Ephreuneal	Predominant 24hrs 48hrs 22hrs Weather in past			
1. a) Approximate depth of water in Stream: 2/1/1, N/A	f) Approximate height of banks (channel depth): Flow: ਤਿਹਾ			
b) Approximate width of water flow: 6 M. N/A	left / f-/ right / f-/			
c) Approximate width of stream: (from top of bank to top of bank) 2 +/ g) OHWM Depth 2 in. N/A				
d) Approximate width of stream: (from toe of bank to toe of bank)	EF h) OHWM Width L/SF4N/A			
e) Approximate depth of pool(s):				
2. Is there a significant nexus to another water source?	a) If so, is the water source; <u>Lelineated</u>			
b) If delineated, list connected features:	10-5-1			
3. Plant Species Adjacent to stream (scientific name):				
Troos:				
Shrubs: Understory: ASTEC SPP. ASCLED	PIS SPP POACEAE			
4. Stream habitats present: Pools Runs Runs Ruffles N/A 5. Aqua	ntic Fauna Present? <u>/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /</u>			
6. Nature of the particles in the stream bottom:	7. Presence of:			
slit/clay/mud MoiGh cobbles (2-10" diam.) 1014	a) naturally occuring organic material in stream			
sand NML boulders (> 10" diam.) 1/07	b) logs or large woody debris in stream			
gravel Some bedrock	ne_			
8. a) What is the extent of forest cover out to 50 ft. of the stream?	💍 right side 💍			
And what is the % of that cover?   left side% right side	<u> </u>			
b) What is the extent of shrub cover out to 50 ft. of the stream?	right side <u>C</u>			
And what is the % of that cover? left side% right side	<u>O</u> %			
9. Water Appéarance: Cleur If other, explain:	10. Water Odor <u>ハクル 朱</u> If other, explain:			
11. Pick the description that best fits the stream bank and the channel	Left Steep Right Steep			
12. Describe the streamside cover. Select Present or Common	13. In the vicinity of the stream, select Present or Common			
Streamside Habitat and Land Uses				
Left Right	Left Right			
Trees	Natural Streamside plant cover degraded Continue Country			
Bushes, Shrubs	Banks collapsed/eroded			
Tall grasses, ferns County County	Garbage/junk adjacent to the stream			
Lawn	Foam or sheen on bank			
Boulders/Rocks	Mud, silf, or sand in or entering the stream  ' Garbage/junk in the stream			
Gravel/Sand Bare Soll	Yard waste on bank (clippings, leaves, etc.)			
Pavement Structures	Livestock in or with unrestricted access			
Agriculture	Actively discharging pipes			
Other	Other pipes			
if other, explain:	Ditches entering stream			
	1			
Additional Comments				
Additional Comments				



Stream evaluations should be	performed while facing upstream.
Date: 4/4/13 Client: EQT Gathering Lee  County/State: Doddridge/WV Investigators: E  GPS Coordinates: LAT: 391.37128 LONG: 90.7186	Site: MOPA 5-001 + 5-006  McClung & J. Tompkins  Data Entered by: F. McClung.
Stream Name: Brush Run	Field ID: <u>410-5-5</u>
Type of Stream QQCQUU. (A)	Predominant 24hrs 48hrs 22hrs 500 ng
1. a) Approximate depth of water in stream:  b) Approximate width of water flow:  c) Approximate width of stream: (from top of bank to top of bank)  d) Approximate width of stream: (from toe of bank to toe of bank)  e) Approximate depth of pool(s):  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A	$\frac{7}{4}$ h) OHWM Width $\frac{2957}{1}$ N/A
2. Is there a significant nexus to another water source?  b) If delineated, list connected features:  Ma	a) If so, is the water source: <u>delineated</u>
3. Plant Species Adjacent to stream (scientific name):  Trees: / With any social and the stream (scientific name):  Shrubs: / OSG mylt flora  Understory: Schredage Spp.	Negundo
4. Stream habitats present: 🗓 Þóðis 🗍 Runs. 📵 Riffles 🔲 N/A 📁 5. Aquati	lc Fauna Present? <u>VOS</u> If Yes - Describe: †1.5 h
6. Nature of the particles in the stream bottom:  silt/clay/mud Some cobbles (2-10" dlam.) Some boulders (> 10" dlam.) 1 H  gravel Must bedrock Mm	b) logs or large woody debris in stream (20045. 3 mal/
8. a) What is the extent of forest cover out to 50 ft. of the stream? left side And what is the % of that cover? left side % right side b) What is the extent of shrub cover out to 50 ft. of the stream? left side And what is the % of that cover? left side 7 right side 1	2067 right side 50 F7
9. Water Appearance: <u>(lea</u> If other, explain:	10. Water Odor 1/ch 2 If other, explain:
11. Pick the description that best fits the stream bank and the channel	LeftRight
12. Describe the streamside cover. Select Present or Common Streamside Habitat and Land Uses	13. In the vicinity of the stream, select Present or Common
Bushes, Shrubs  Tall grasses, ferns  Lawn  Boulders/Rocks  Gravet/Sand  Bare Soil  Pavement Structures  Agriculture  Other  If other, explain:	Natural Streamside plant cover degraded  Banks collapsed/eroded  Garbage/junk adjacent to the stream Foam or sheen on bank  Mud, slift, or sand in or entering the stream  Garbage/junk in the stream  Yard waste on bank (clippings, leaves, etc.)  Livestock in or with unrestricted access  Actively discharging pipes  Other pipes  Ditches entering stream
Additional Comments	



Straam ovaluations should	Stream Datasheet 6 be performed while facing upstream.
Date: 9/9/2013 Cllent: EQT Gatherin	
Date: The state of	El Malana & J. Tompkers
- Over 19	
11. The state of 17.15	342 Data Entered by: F. McClung
Oliverin Names	Field ID: Mo-5-6-
Type of Stream	Predominant 24hrs 48hrs 72hrs Clear Sunay
1, a) Approximate depth of water in stream:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
b) Approximate width of water flow:	1 left 2 ff right 2 ff
c) Approximate width of stream: (from top of bank to top of bank)	5ft g) OHWM Depth 2 in. NA
d) Approximate width of stream: (from toe of bank to toe of bank)	1 CF h) OHWM Width 4.5 FF. N/A
e) Approximate depth of pool(s):	
2, is there a significant nexus to another water source?	a) If so, is the water source: offsite (delinated)
b) if delineated, list connected features:	140-5-7
3. Plant Species Adjacent to stream (scientific name):	01 / /
Trees: Acer rubrum Fage	s grand Folia Ulms Nubia
Shrubs: Hamanallis Virginian	
Understory: Polystrohum aconstichailes	
4. Stream habitats present: Pools Runs Ruffles ATVA 5. A	qualic Fauna Present? 💯 If Yes - Describe:
6. Nature of the particles in the stream bottom:	7. Presence of:
sllt/clay/mud 5-me cobbles (2-10" diam.) MO	a) naturally occuring organic material in stream OCGSIM4/ b) logs or large woody debris in stream OCGSIM4/
sand	MC b) logs or large woody debris in stream OCCASION of
gravel <u>Ome</u> bedrock <u>A</u>	on l
8. a) What is the extent of forest cover out to 50 ft. of the stream?	Ide TO FAright side 50 FA
And what is the % of that cover? left side 7 % right sid	
The state of the s	ide 7 right side 70
	de _/
9. Water Appearance: MA If other, explain:	10. Water Odor If other, explain:
11. Pick the description that best fits the stream bank and the channel	Left Steep Right Steep
12. Describe the streamside cover. Select Present or Common	13. In the vicinity of the stream, select Present or Common
Streamside Habitat and Land Uses	·
. Left Right	Left Right
Trees Common Common	Natural Streamside plant cover degraded Commun Commo
Bushes, Shrubs Comon	Banks collapsed/eroded ARCH ARS
Tall grasses, ferns mesent present	Garbageljunk adjacent to the stream Cosumos Corumnia
Lawn .	Foam or sheen on bank
Boulders/Rocks ME Son F Pilser	Mud, slit, or sand in or entering the stream
Gravel/Sand P	Garbage/junk In the stream Country Country
Bare Soil present present	Yard waste on bank (clippings, leaves, etc.)
Pavement Structures	Livestock in or with unrestricted access
Agriculture	Actively discharging pipes Y & YS
Other	CO-section .
if other, explain:	Colwert Ditches entering stream
A ANGLAS A COMMISSION	
Additional Comments	



Stream evaluations should be perform		am Datasheet f
Date: 9/5/13 Client: EQT Gathering LLC	Site: MOPA 5-001 45-0	50 G
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	cana & J. Fanskins	<del></del>
GPS Coordinates: LAT: 39, 36357 LONG: 80, 71526	Data Entered by: EMECIUMA	
Stream Name: Ut to TIME	Fleld ID: MO-5-7	
Type of Stream Intermittent	Predominant 24hrs 48hrs 72hrs Clear	- 
	f) Approximate height of banks (channel depty): Flow: N	oue to
b) Approximate width of water flow:	left 4 FF right 4 FF	5/0W
	g) OHWM Depth N/A	
,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	h) OHWM Width G.S.F.F N/A	
e) Approximate depth of pool(s): 7 1/4 N/A		
2. Is there a significant nexus to another water source?  b) If delineated, fist connected features: MO-2	a) If so, is the water source: <u>de l'hect</u> ed (OFE sch 5-1 (OFE-site)	(°)
3. Plant Species Adjącent to stream (scientific name);		
Trees: 1/9+anus Occidentalis /+cer rul	grand for	1:4
Shrubs: Hamamelis Wywians		
Understory: CACISTONIAS GAS U		
4. Stream habitats present: 🖫 Pools 🔲 Runs 🖳 Riffles 🔲 N/A 5. Aquatic Faun	a Present? Yes - Describe: Macro inverte	6 la tes
1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7. Presence of:	,
sill/clay/mudSOMEcobbles (2-10" diam.)SOME		12 mel
sand Some boulders (> 10" dlam.) Some	b) logs or large woody debris in stream	5. Brug /
gravel Most bedrock Mouse		
8. a) What is the extent of forest cover out to 50 ft. of the stream? left side \$\overline{\infty}\overline{\infty}\overline{\infty}\overline{\infty}	right side <u>숙진</u>	
And what is the % of that cover? left side 50 % right side 50		
b) What is the extent of shrub cover out to 50 ft. of the stream? left side 50	right side 50	
9. Water Appearance: C(eac left side	10. Water Odor Norma If other, explain:	
		**
11. Pick the description that best fits the stream bank and the channel	Loft Steep Right Steep	
12, Describe the streamside cover. Select Present or Common	13. In the vicinity of the stream, select Present or Common	
Streamside Habitat and Land Uses		
Left Right Trebs Common Comon	Natural Standard and advantage of a large	Right
Bushes, Shrubs & Common	Natural Streamside plant cover degraded  Banks collapsed/eroded	10
Tall grasses, ferns CMM74 (J)Visi, 171	Garbage/junk adjacent to the stream	e
Lawn	Foam or sheen on bank	
Boulders/Rocks 120864 Aresent	Mud, silt, or sand in or antering the stream	
Gravel/Sand	است المعادية Garbage/junk In the stream	4
Bare Soll Artsunt present	Yard waste on bank (clippings, leaves, etc.)	
Pavement Structures /	Livestock in or with unrestricted access	<del></del>
Agriculture Agriculture	Actively discharging pipes	i
Other Present of Artisting	Uther pipes	+
If other, explain: debriz waste	Ditches entering stream	
(ald Cars, fixes, ear.)	culverts	
Additional Comments		

## **ATTACHMENT B**

Wetland Delineation Photos for Impacted Features

Appendix B: Photos of Jurisdictional Features Proposed for Impacts



Photo #1: View west (upstream) of Stream 1 (first pipeline crossing)



Photo #2: View west across Stream 1 (second crossing at existing access road/bridge)



Photo #3: View northeast (upstream) of Stream 1 (third pipeline crossing)



Photo #4: View west (upstream) of Stream 3

Appendix B: Photos of Jurisdictional Features Proposed for Impacts



Photo #5: View west (upstream) of Stream UNT2



Photo #6: View east (upstream) of Stream 5

Appendix B: Photos of Jurisdictional Features Proposed for Impacts



Photo #7: View north (upstream) of Stream 6



Photo #8: View east (upstream) of Stream 7

Appendix B: Photos of Jurisdictional Features Proposed for Impacts



Photo #9: View west (upstream) of Stream UNT3 (photo by Potesta)



Photo #10: View east of Wetland A

Appendix B: Photos of Jurisdictional Features Proposed for Impacts



Photo #11: View east of Wetland B

# **ATTACHMENT C**

# Agency Correspondence Letters

- USFWS
- WVDNR
- WVDCH



September 26, 2013

Mr. John Schmidt Endangered Species Biologist United States Fish and Wildlife Service West Virginia Field Office 694 Beverly Pike Elkins, West Virginia 26241

Re: Rare, Threatened and Endangered Species Consultation

MOPA-S001 & MOPA-S006 Pipeline Project Doddridge County, West Virginia EQT Gathering, LLC

Dear Mr. John Schmidt:

EQT Gathering, LLC (EQT) is proposing to install the 0.93-mile, 16-inch diameter MOPA-S001 and the 0.81-mile, 12-inch diameter MOPA-S006 natural gas pipelines in Doddridge County, West Virginia (Figure 1). The proposed MOPA-S001 & MOPA-S006 pipelines (Project) will tie into an existing EQT Production Company Well Pad to the south and the proposed Pandora Compressor Facility to the north. Site location maps are provided as Figure 1 (USGS Topographic Map) and Figure 2 (Aerial Imagery Map). A review of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) Aquatic and Terrestrial Area shapefiles, provided to Kleinfelder by the USFWS on February 5, 2013 and March 6, 2013, indicates that the Project area is not within any known aquatic or terrestrial buffers. The closest terrestrial buffer is approximately five (5) miles northwest of the proposed Project, and the closest aquatic buffer is approximately 0.80 mile north of the proposed Project.

The proposed Project will cross four (4) separate streams listed on the National Hydrography Dataset (NHD) and will not cross any National Wetland Inventory (NWI) wetlands (Figure 2). Two (2) major land uses, deciduous forest and open pasture, were observed during the field site reviews conducted between September 3 and 5, 2013. The forested community was dominated by chestnut oak (*Quercus montana*), pignut hickory (*Carya glabra*), northern red oak (*Quercus rubra*), white oak (*Quercus alba*), poplar (*Liriodendron tulipifera*), American beech (*Fagus grandifolia*), hophornbeam (*Ostrya virginiana*), black cherry (*Prunus serotina*),

and blackgum (*Nyssa sylvatica*). The open pasture was dominated by orchard grass (*Dactylis glomerata*) with goldenrod (*Solidago* spp.) and other grass species intermixed.

The USFWS lists 14 animal species occurring within West Virginia as either endangered or threatened. The table below summarizes the species that are known to occur within Doddridge County. This list also includes species not assigned to specific counties.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Status
gray bat	Myotis grisescens	Endangered
Indiana bat	Myotis sodalis	Endangered
pearly mussel	Epioblasma torulosa torulosa	Endangered
clubshell	Pleurobema clava	Endangered
sheepnose mussel	Plethobasus cyphyus	Endangered
snuffbox mussel	Epioblasma triquetra	Endangered
spectaclecase (mussel)	Cumberlandia monodonta	Endangered

#### **Gray bat**

This species of bat roosts in caves throughout the year. A desktop review of known caves and mine portals was conducted, and no indications of caves or mine portals were discovered. Additionally, Kleinfelder staff biologists did not identify any caves or mine portals within the Project boundary during the September 2013 field site reviews, and no impacts are proposed to caves or mine portals.

#### Indiana bat

During the September 2013 field site reviews, Kleinfelder assessed the onsite bat habitat. Mature upland forests were observed throughout the Project boundary with tree sizes ranging from approximately one (1) to three (3) feet Diameter at Breast Height (DBH). Relatively few shagbark hickory (*Carya ovata*) or snags were observed. Open pasture areas were also observed and could potentially serve as bat flight corridors. The proposed Project boundary contained fair to moderate habitat.

The proposed Project will impact 20.87 acres, of which approximately 13.30 acres are forested (based on GIS reviews of aerial photography). There are 571.11 pre-construction acres of forested land within a 0.25-mile radial buffer surrounding the proposed centerline of the alignment. The post-construction forested land is 557.81 acres. It is Kleinfelder's professional opinion that sufficient forested habitat will remain on the post-construction landscape to support Indiana bats. Furthermore, EQT will conduct tree clearing activities between November 15 and March 31 to ensure summer-roosting bats are not affected. Therefore, the

Project will not result in adverse effects to Indiana bats, and Kleinfelder is requesting concurrence with this assessment.

#### <u>Mussels</u>

The MOPA-S006 portion of the Project proposes four (4) crossings (three (3) crossings by the pipeline and one crossing by an access road) of Flint Run, which is a state-listed mussel stream. This perennial stream was delineated on September 3, 2013 by Kleinfelder biologists as Stream 1. At the time of the field investigation, this stream contained water 12 inches deep and 35 feet wide. The stream substrate was primarily composed of a silt/clay/mud mixture. Pools were observed and measured to a depth of approximately 24 inches. The datasheet and photographs of this stream are provided in the Appendix.

A mussel survey is currently scheduled to be conducted at the four (4) proposed crossings of this stream during the week of September 22, 2013. The results of the mussel survey will be provided under separate cover.

Kleinfelder requests any additional information concerning the potential occurrence of rare. threatened and endangered species and their critical habitat within a 0.5-mile radius of the proposed project and concurrence that the MOPA-S001 and MOPA-S006 Pipelines will not adversely affect endangered species.

We appreciate your timely review of this request. Please contact Matt Albright (724-831-5101) or Megan Landfried (304-848-0061) with any questions.

Respectfully submitted,

mitting, curilt

Matthew J. Albright

**Project Manager** 

c: Barbara Sargent, West Virginia Division of Natural Resources

Enclosures (3)

Figure 1 - USGS Topographic Map Figure 2 – Aerial Imagery Map Appendix - Stream 1 Datasheet and Photographs FIGURE 1 USGS Topographic Map

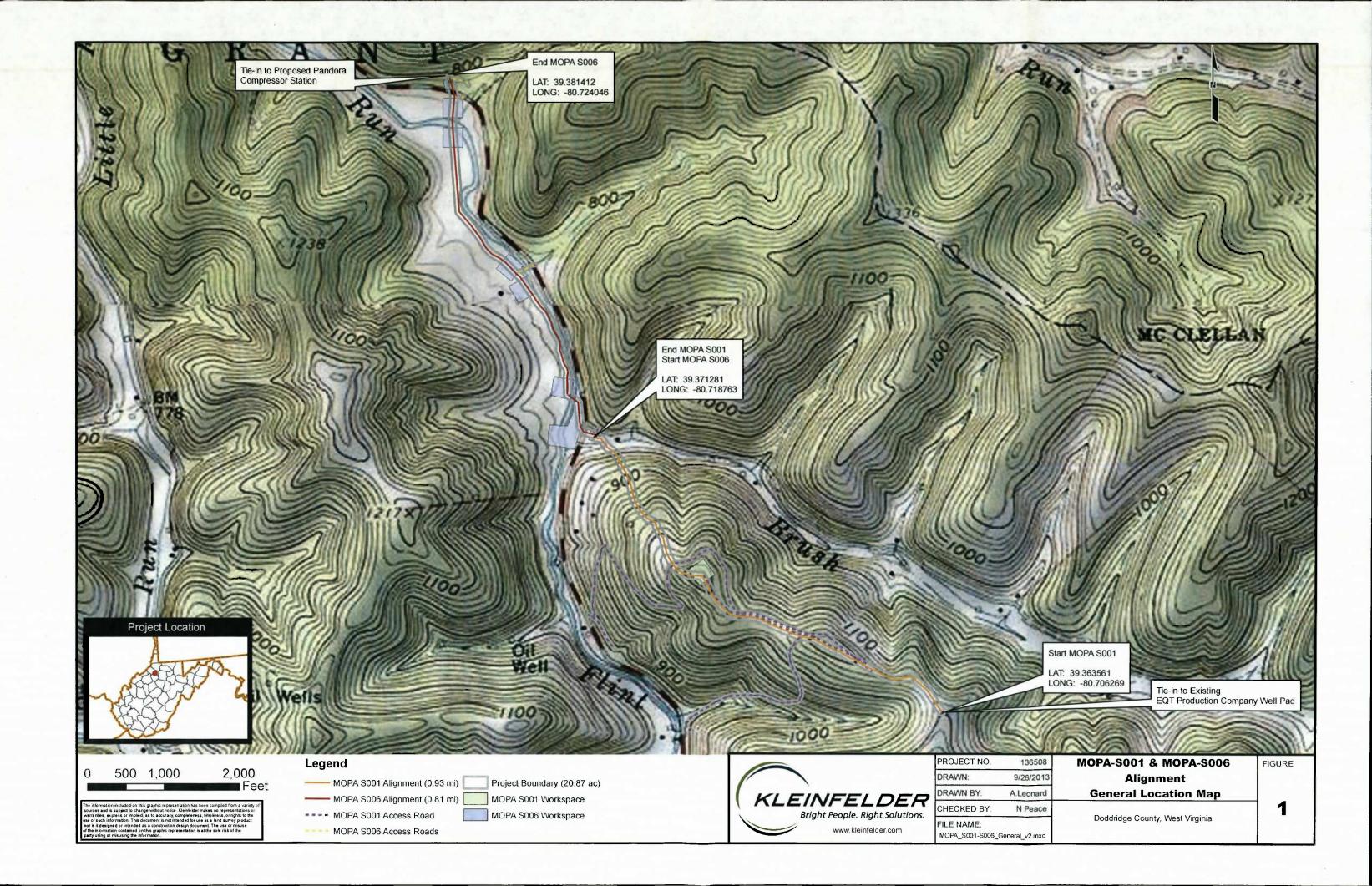
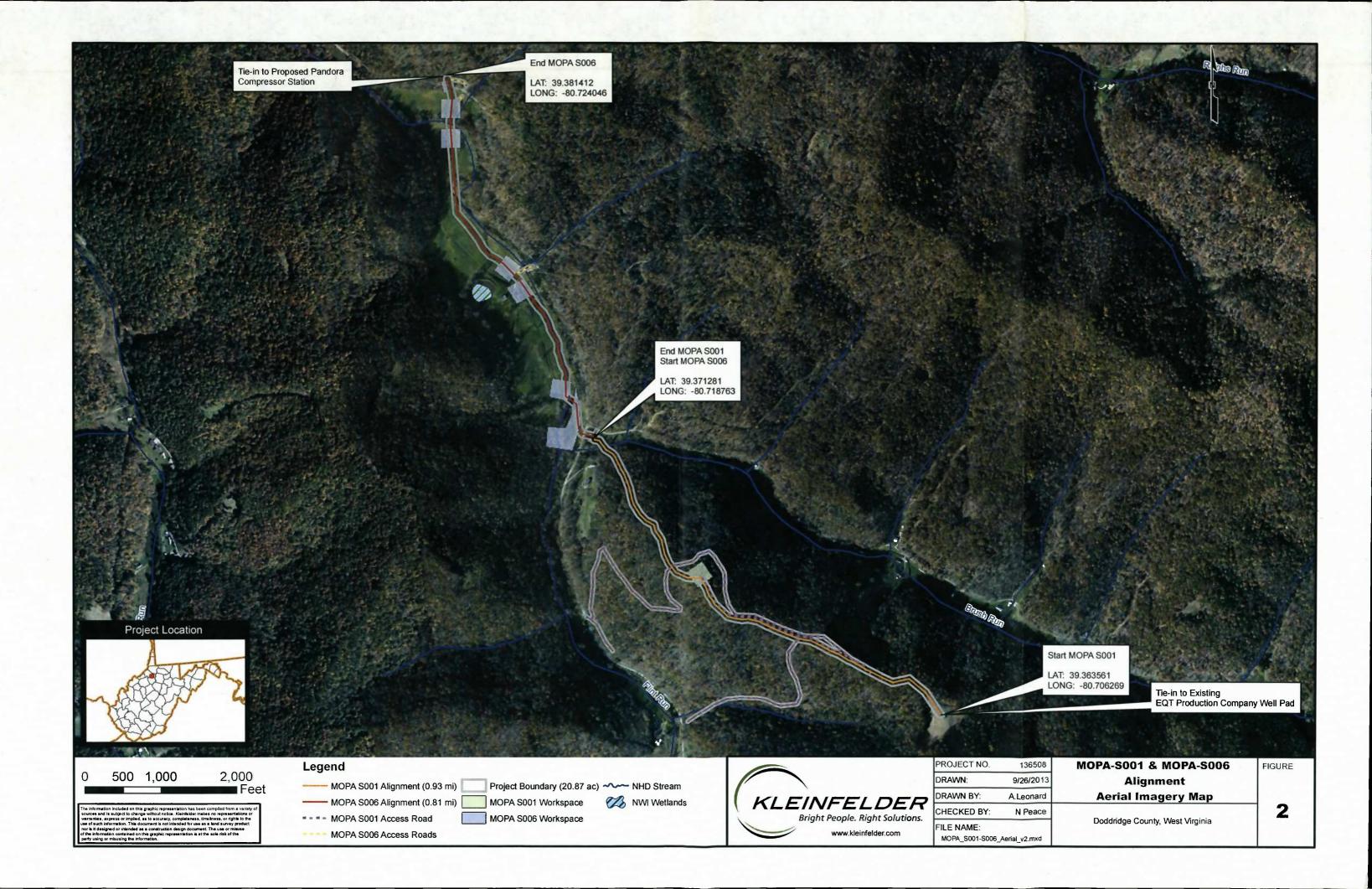


FIGURE 2 Aerial Imagery Map



APPENDIX
Stream 1 Datasheet and Photographs

	<b>\</b> .	
KLE	EINFE	LDER
· .	Bright People, I	Right Solutions.

# Stream Characterization Data Form

Stream evaluations should be perf	Stream Datasheet 6 formed.while facing.upstream
Date: 43 201) Client: EQT	site: MOPA 5006
	an McClana & Villian Tomphons
GPS Coordinates: LAT: 39.37219 LONG: 80. 719.78	Data Entered by: FMcCluny
Stream Name: FISH RUN	Field ID: My - 5 - 1
Type of Stream PCCPU nia	Predominant 24hrs 48hrs 1772hrs intermittent ram
1. a) Approximate depth of water in stream: 12 in. N/A	f) Approximate height of banks (channel depth); Flow: 110 d \$194
b) Approximate width of water flow: 35 ft,N/A	left 6 t right 6 tf
c) Approximate width of stream: (from top of bank to top of bank)	£ g) OHWM Depth 24 inNA
d) Approximate width of stream: (from toe of bank to toe of bank)	_ h) OHWM Width 38++,NA
e) Approximate depth of pool(s): 241. N/A	
2. Is there a significant nexus to another water source?	a) If so, is the water source: <u>de lineated</u>
b) If delineated, list connected features: MO	-5-2
3. Plant Species Adjacent to stream (scientific name):	./-
	rubium.
Shrubs: Asima to lobs	
Understory: POACEAE	
4. Stream habitats present: 🏻 🕫 🗘 கள்த 🗘 கள்க 🗀 N/A 🔻 5. Aquatic F.	auna Present? YES If Yes - Describe: + 547
6. Nature of the particles in the stream bottom:	7. Presence of:
silt/clay/mud 1057 cobbles (\$ \$ diam.) Sovi 2	a) naturally occurring organic material in stream b) logs or large woody debris in stream
sand 1. H/2 boulders (> 18" diam.) (1. H/2	b) logs or large woody debris in stream
gravel <u>SUML</u> bedrock <u>NONL</u>	
8. a) What is the extent of forest cover out to 50 ft. of the stream? left side 5	() right side <u>5</u>
And what is the % of that cover? left side 25 % right side 25	5 %
b) What is the extent of shrub cover out to 50 ft. of the stream? left side $\frac{\mathcal{L}}{\mathcal{L}}$	f / right side 5 f /
And what is the % of that cover? left side 5 % right side 5	%
9. Water Appearance:	10. Water Odor NOVL If other, explain:
11. Pick the description that best fits the stream bank and the channel	Left Steel Right Steel
12. Describe the streamside cover. Select Present or Common	13. In the vicinity of the stream, select Present or Common
StreamsIde Habitat and Land Uses	
Left Right /	Left Right
Trees PCLSCON PIESES	Natural Streamside plant cover degraded
Bushes, Shrubs Accent fresent	Banks collapsed/eroded NESCAL Presum
Tall grasses, ferns Commy Comn	Garbage/junk adjacent to the stream
Lawn	Foam or sheen on bank
Boulders/Rocks	Mud, sift, or sand in or entering the stream
Gravel/Sand	Garbage/junk in the stream
Bare Soil	Yard waste on bank (clippings, leaves, etc.)  Livestock in or with unrestricted access
Pavement Structures  Agriculture	Actively discharging pipes
Other	Other pipes
	Ditches entering stream
if other, explain:	Seems officing speam
Additional Comments Pereunial Stream 16	hrough pasture
perential Dileam 1	""   "   "



Photograph 1 – View west (upstream) of Stream 1 at first proposed crossing (by pipeline)



Photograph 2 – View east (upstream) of Stream 1 at second proposed crossing (by pipeline)



Photograph 3 – View north (upstream) of Stream 1 at third proposed crossing (by access road)



Photograph 4 – View northeast (upstream) of Stream 1 at fourth proposed crossing (by pipeline)



September 26, 2013

RECEIVED SEP 2 1 200 WVFO

Mr. John Schmidt Endangered Species Biologist United States Fish and Wildlife Service West Virginia Field Office 694 Beverly Pike Elkins, West Virginia 26241

Re: Rare, Threatened and Endangered Species Consultation

MOPA-S001 & MOPA-S006 Pipeline Project

Doddridge County, West Virginia

**EQT Gathering, LLC** 

Dear Mr. John Schmidt:

EQT Gathering, LLC (EQT) is proposing to install the 0.93-mile, 16-inch diameter MOPA-S001 and the 0.81-mile, 12-inch diameter MOPA-S006 natural gas pipelines in Doddridge County, West Virginia (Figure 1). The proposed MOPA-S001 & MOPA-S006 pipelines (Project) will tie into an existing EQT Production Company Well Pad to the south and the proposed Pandora Compressor Facility to the north. Site location maps are provided as Figure 1 (USGS Topographic Map) and Figure 2 (Aerial Imagery Map). A review of the United States Fish and



# United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

West Virginia Field Office 694 Beverly Pike Elkins, West Virginia 26241

In response to your letter above, we have made a "no effect" determination that the project will not affect federally-listed endangered or threatened species. Therefore no biological assessment or further section 7 consultation under the Endangered Species Act is required with the Fish and Wildlife Service. Should project plans change, or if additional information on listed and proposed species becomes available, this determination may be reconsidered.

Definitive determinations of the presence of waters of the United States, including wetlands, in the project area and the need for permits, if any, are made by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. They may be contacted at: Huntington District, Regulatory Branch, 502 Eighth Street, Huntington, West Virginia 25701, telephone (304) 399-5710.

Reviewer's signature and date

Field Supervisor's signature and date



September 26, 2013

Ms. Barbara Sargent
Environmental Resources Specialist
West Virginia Division of Natural Resources
Wildlife Resources Section
Operations Center
P.O. Box 67
Elkins, West Virginia 26241-3235

Re: Rare, Threatened and Endangered Species Consultation

MOPA-S001 & MOPA-S006 Pipeline Project Doddridge County, West Virginia EQT Gathering, LLC

Dear Ms. Sargent:

EQT Gathering, LLC (EQT) is proposing to install the 0.93-mile, 16-inch diameter MOPA-S001 and the 0.81-mile, 12-inch diameter MOPA-S006 natural gas pipelines in Doddridge County, West Virginia (Figure 1). The proposed MOPA-S001 & MOPA-S006 pipelines (Project) will tie into an existing EQT Production Company Well Pad to the south and the proposed Pandora Compressor Facility to the north. Site location maps are provided as Figure 1 (USGS Topographic Map) and Figure 2 (Aerial Imagery Map). A review of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) Aquatic and Terrestrial Area shapefiles, provided to Kleinfelder by the USFWS on February 5, 2013 and March 6, 2013, indicates that the Project area is not within any known aquatic or terrestrial buffers. The closest terrestrial buffer is approximately five (5) miles northwest of the proposed Project, and the closest aquatic buffer is approximately 0.80 mile north of the proposed Project.

The proposed Project will cross four (4) separate streams listed on the National Hydrography Dataset (NHD) and will not cross any National Wetland Inventory (NWI) wetlands (Figure 2). Two (2) major land uses, deciduous forest and open pasture, were observed during the field site reviews conducted between September 3 and 5, 2013. The forested community was dominated by chestnut oak (*Quercus montana*), pignut hickory (*Carya glabra*), northern red oak (*Quercus rubra*), white oak (*Quercus alba*), poplar (*Liriodendron tulipifera*), American beech (*Fagus grandifolia*), hophornbeam (*Ostrya virginiana*), black cherry (*Prunus serotina*),

and blackgum (*Nyssa sylvatica*). The open pasture was dominated by orchard grass (*Dactylis glomerata*) with goldenrod (*Solidago* spp.) and other grass species intermixed.

The USFWS lists 14 animal species occurring within West Virginia as either endangered or threatened. The table below summarizes the species that are known to occur within Doddridge County. This list also includes species not assigned to specific counties.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Status
gray bat	Myotis grisescens	Endangered
Indiana bat	Myotis sodalis	Endangered
pearly mussel	Epioblasma torulosa torulosa	Endangered
clubshell	Pleurobema clava	Endangered
sheepnose mussel	Plethobasus cyphyus	Endangered
snuffbox mussel	Epioblasma triquetra	Endangered
spectaclecase (mussel)	Cumberlandia monodonta	Endangered

#### **Gray bat**

This species of bat roosts in caves throughout the year. A desktop review of known caves and mine portals was conducted, and no indications of caves or mine portals were discovered. Additionally, Kleinfelder staff biologists did not identify any caves or mine portals within the Project boundary during the September 2013 field site reviews, and no impacts are proposed to caves or mine portals.

#### Indiana bat

During the September 2013 field site reviews, Kleinfelder assessed the onsite bat habitat. Mature upland forests were observed throughout the Project boundary with tree sizes ranging from approximately one (1) to three (3) feet Diameter at Breast Height (DBH). Relatively few shagbark hickory (*Carya ovata*) or snags were observed. Open pasture areas were also observed and could potentially serve as bat flight corridors. The proposed Project boundary contained fair to moderate habitat.

The proposed Project will impact 20.87 acres, of which approximately 13.30 acres are forested (based on GIS reviews of aerial photography). There are 571.11 pre-construction acres of forested land within a 0.25-mile radial buffer surrounding the proposed centerline of the alignment. The post-construction forested land is 557.81 acres. It is Kleinfelder's professional opinion that sufficient forested habitat will remain on the post-construction landscape to support Indiana bats. Furthermore, EQT will conduct tree clearing activities between November 15 and March 31 to ensure summer-roosting bats are not affected. Therefore, the

Project will not result in adverse effects to Indiana bats, and Kleinfelder is requesting concurrence with this assessment.

#### Mussels

The MOPA-S006 portion of the Project proposes four (4) crossings (three (3) crossings by the pipeline and one crossing by an access road) of Flint Run, which is a state-listed mussel stream. This perennial stream was delineated on September 3, 2013 by Kleinfelder biologists as Stream 1. At the time of the field investigation, this stream contained water 12 inches deep and 35 feet wide. The stream substrate was primarily composed of a silt/clay/mud mixture. Pools were observed and measured to a depth of approximately 24 inches. The datasheet and photographs of this stream are provided in the Appendix.

A mussel survey is currently scheduled to be conducted at the four (4) proposed crossings of this stream during the week of September 22, 2013. The results of the mussel survey will be provided under separate cover.

Kleinfelder requests any additional information concerning the potential occurrence of rare, threatened and endangered species and their critical habitat within a 0.5-mile radius of the proposed project and concurrence that the MOPA-S001 and MOPA-S006 Pipelines will not adversely affect endangered species.

We appreciate your timely review of this request. Please contact Matt Albright (724-831-5101) or Megan Landfried (304-848-0061) with any questions.

Respectfully submitted,

Matthew J. Albright Project Manager

c: John Schmidt, US Fish and Wildlife Service

Frutthing, aught

Enclosures (3)

Figure 1 – USGS Topographic Map Figure 2 – Aerial Imagery Map Appendix – Stream 1 Datasheet and Photographs FIGURE 1 USGS Topographic Map

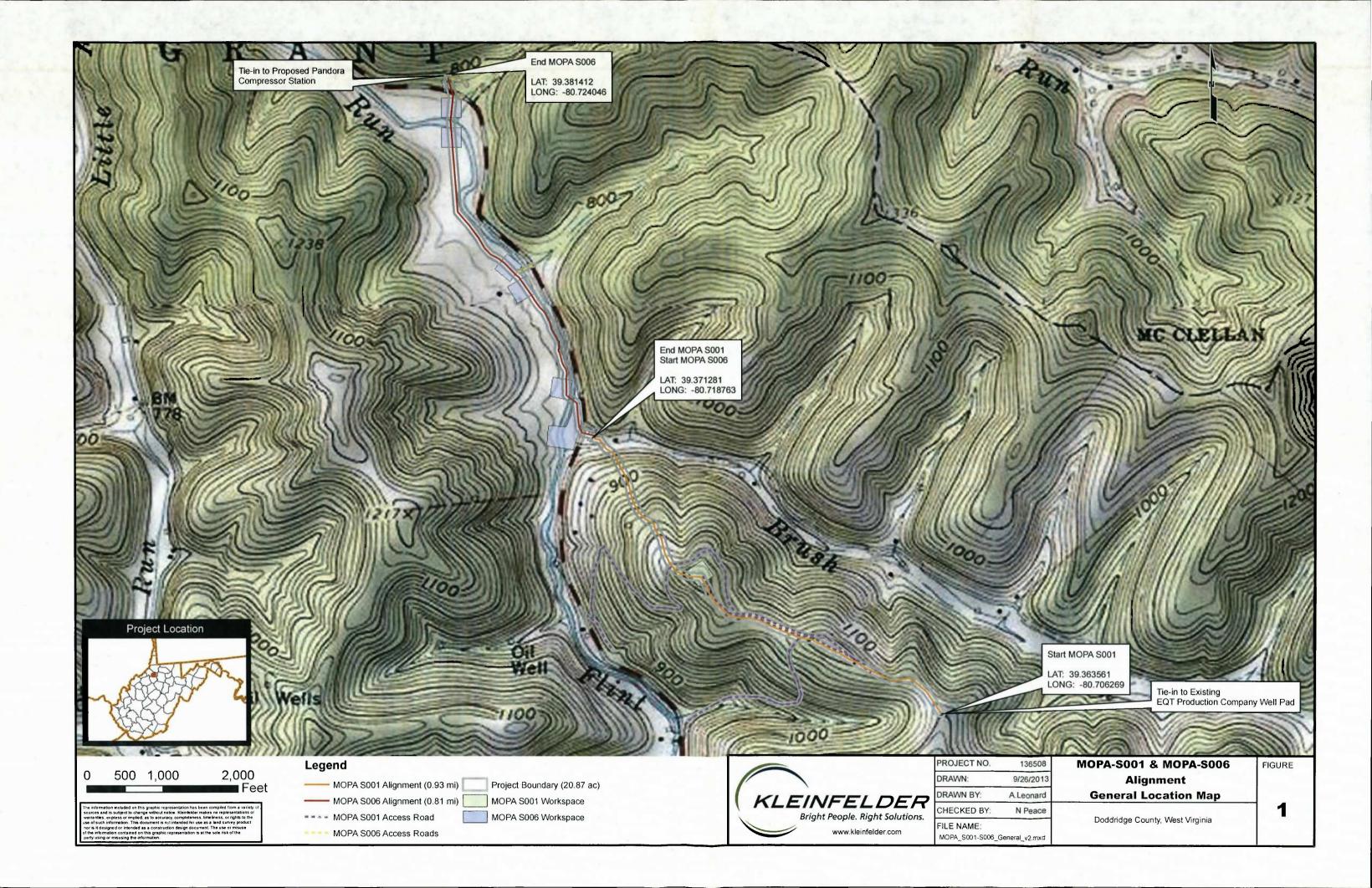
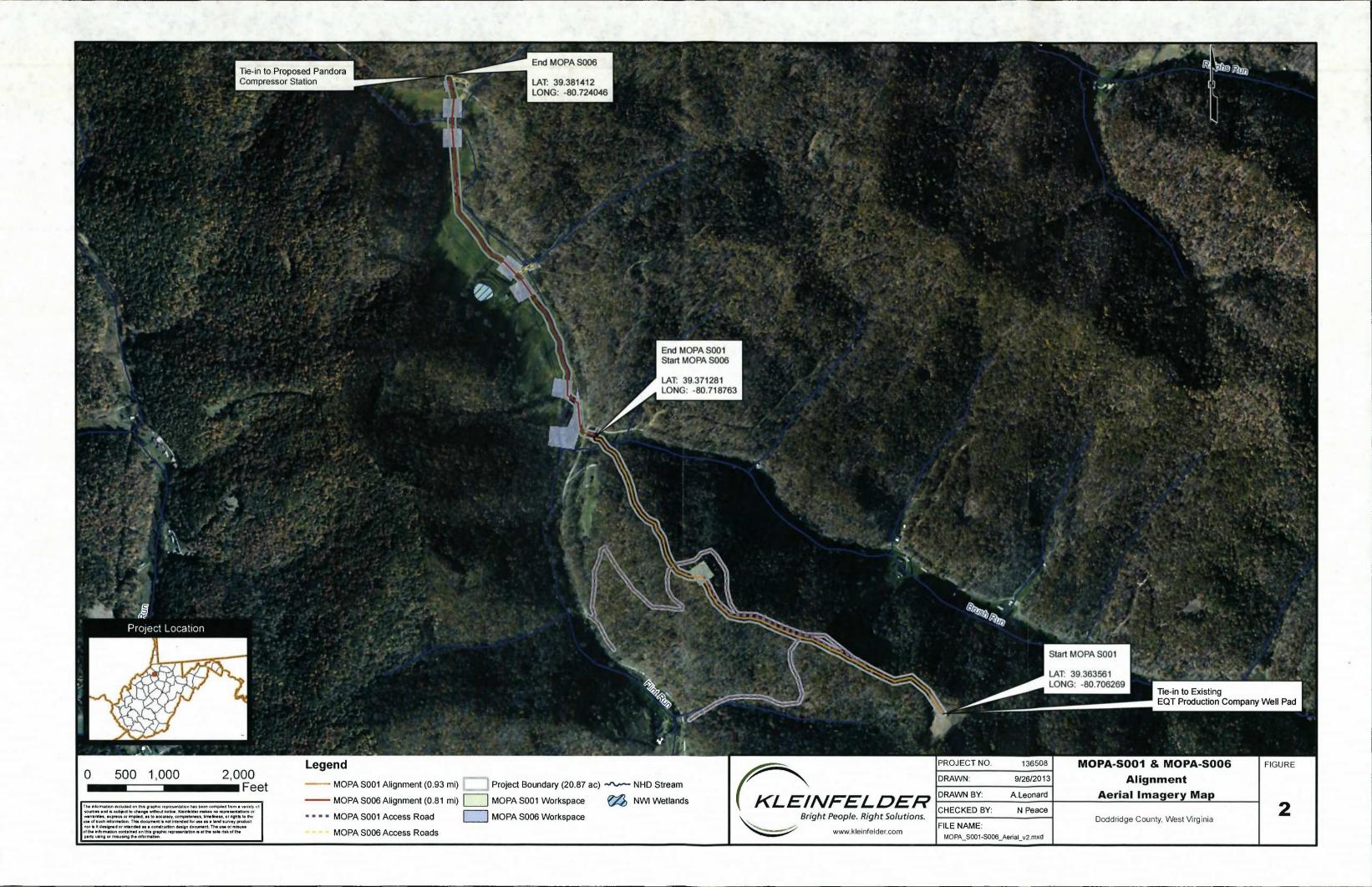


FIGURE 2 Aerial Imagery Map



APPENDIX
Stream 1 Datasheet and Photographs

	•		
(K		FELDE	
	Bright Pe ترسد	ople. Right Solut	ions.

# Stream Characterization Data Form

Stream evaluations should be positive $\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{A}}$	
ato (AIR 1901) Client (A)	erformed while facing upstream.
	Site: // OP/1 5006
	Van McChang & Jillian Tompkus
PS Coordinates: 1AT: 34.372H LONG: 80.71971	B Data Entered by: FMc Clung 1
ream Name: TINE KUN	Field ID: M/3-5-4
pe of Stream (CCP unia)	Predominant 24hrs 48hrs 72hrs intermittent value
a) Approximate depth of water in stream: 1210. N/A	f) Approximate height of banks (channel depth): Flow: 110 d 5/91
b) Approximate width of water flow: 35 (7) N/A	left 6 ft right 6 ft
c) Approximate width of stream: (from top of bank to top of bank)	ffg) OHWM Depth 24 in . N/A
d) Approximate width of stream: (from toe of bank to toe of bank)	Y h) OHWM Width 39th,N/A
e) Approximate depth of pool(s):	
Is there a significant nexus to another water source?  b) If delineated, list connected features:	a) If so, is the water source: <u>de lineafel</u> 0-5-2
Plant Species Adjacent to stream (scientific name):	
Trees: Platanks occidentalis Acer	rulaium
Shrubs: Asiming trilobs	
Inderstory: POACEAE	
Stream habitats present: 12 Foots 2 Foots 10 Foots 1 N/A 5. Aquatic	c Fauna Present? yes If Yes - Describe: +547 .
Nature of the particles in the stream bottom:	7. Presence of:
sit/clay/mud M 5 f cobbles (3 4 diam.) Sava 2	<b>.</b>
sand 1, H/4 boulders (> No diam.) (/H/4	
gravel SOME bedrock NONE	
a) What is the extent of forest cover out to 50 ft. of the stream? left side 5	<del></del>
And what is the % of that cover? left side 25 % right side 2	
b) What is the extent of shrub cover out to 50 ft. of the stream?	
And what is the % of that cover? left side% right side	>_ %
Water Appearance:   If other, explain:	10. Water Odor NOVL If other, explain:
Pick the description that best fits the stream bank and the channel	Left Steel Right Steel
2. Describe the streamside cover. Select Present or Common	13. In the vicinity of the stream, select Present or Common
Streamside Habitat and Land Uses	· ·
Left Right	Left Right
Trees Prise prese	Natural Streamside plant cover degraded
Bushes, Shrubs Aresent	Banks collapsed/eroded NESCH PRES
Tall grasses, ferns Common Common	Garbage/junk adjacent to the stream
Lawn	Foam or sheen on bank
Boulders/Rocks	Mud, silt, or sand in or entering the stream
Gravel/Sand	Garbage/junk in the stream
	Yard waste on bank (clippings, leaves, etc.)
Bare Soil	the state of the s
Bare Soil Pavement Structures	Livestock in or with unrestricted access
	Actively discharging pipes
Pavement Structures	
Pavement Structures Agriculture	Actively discharging pipes
Pavement Structures Agriculture Other	Actively discharging pipes Other pipes



Photograph 1 – View west (upstream) of Stream 1 at first proposed crossing (by pipeline)



Photograph 2 – View east (upstream) of Stream 1 at second proposed crossing (by pipeline)



Photograph 3 – View north (upstream) of Stream 1 at third proposed crossing (by access road)



Photograph 4 – View northeast (upstream) of Stream 1 at fourth proposed crossing (by pipeline)



#### **DIVISION OF NATURAL RESOURCES**

Wildlife Resources Section Operations Center P.O. Box 67 Elkins, West Virginia 26241-3235 Telephone (304) 637-0245 Fax (304) 637-0250

Earl Ray Tomblin Governor Frank Jezioro Director

October 8, 2013

Mr. Matthew J. Albright Kleinfelder 230 Executive Drive, Suite 122 Cranberry Township, PA 16066

Dear Mr. Albright:

We have reviewed our files for information on rare, threatened and endangered (RTE) species and sensitive habitats for the area of the proposed MOPA-S001 and MOPA-S006 pipeline project in Doddridge County, WV.

We have no known records of any RTE species or sensitive habitats within the project area. It has been noted that mussel surveys were conducted in Flint Run in September. The Wildlife Resources Section knows of no surveys that have been conducted in the area for rare species or rare species habitat. Consequently, this response is based on information currently available and should not be considered a comprehensive survey of the area under review.

The information provided above is the product of a database search and retrieval. This information does not satisfy other consultation or permitting requirements for disturbances to the natural resources of the state, and further consultation may be required.

Thank you for your inquiry, and should you have any questions please feel free to contact me at the above number, extension 2048. Enclosed please find an invoice.

I Nac

Barbara Sargent

**Environmental Resources Specialist** 

Wildlife Diversity Unit

enclosure

S:\Monthly\Barb\Invoices\Kleinfelder.doc



October 29, 2013

Ms. Janet Clayton **Environmental Resources Specialist** West Virginia Division of Natural Resources Wildlife Resources Section **Operations Center** P.O. Box 67 Elkins, West Virginia 26241-3235

Rare, Threatened and Endangered Species Consultation

MOPA-S001 & MOPA-S006 Pipeline Project Doddridge County, West Virginia

**EQT Gathering, LLC** 

Dear Ms. Clayton:

On September 26, 2013, a consultation request for Rare, Threatened and Endangered Species was submitted for the MOPA-S001 & MOPA-S006 Pipeline Project located in Doddridge County, West Virginia. The MOPA-S001 & MOPA-S006 Pipeline Project proposes multiple crossings of Flint Run, which is a state listed mussel stream. As a result, a mussel survey was conducted on September 24, 2013. A complete report summarizing the survey is enclosed for your review and approval.

Please contact me (724-831-5128) or Matt Albright (724-831-5101) with any questions.

Respectfully submitted,

Heather S. Krepsik Senior Environmental Scientist

Mather S. Krupik

Matthew J Albright **Project Manager** 

mutting, aight

c: Barbara Sargent, West Virginia Division of Natural Resources

Enclosure: Freshwater Mussel Survey for Proposed MOPA-S001 & MOPA-S006 Pipeline Project Crossings of Flint Run

# **REPORT:**

Freshwater Mussel Survey for Proposed MOPA-S001 & MOPA-S006 Pipeline Crossings of Flint Run in Doddridge County, West Virginia, 2013

Prepared for:



115 Professional Place Bridgeport, WV 26330 304-848-0061

Prepared by:



5070 Stow Rd. Stow, OH 44224 800-940-4025 www.EnviroScienceInc.com

ES Project: 6222 October 17, 2013

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	ii
INTRODUCTION	
METHODS	
RESULTS	
CONCLUSIONS	·3
LITERATURE CITED	4

#### **LIST OF FIGURES**

Figure 1. Aerial view of the EQT Proposed MOPA-S001 & S006 Pipeline Crossings of Flint Run, Doddridge County, WV

### **APPENDICES**

Appendix A. Completed West Virginia Division of Natural Resources Field Survey Forms

Appendix B. Digital Images of the Proposed Crossings of Flint Run

Appendix C. EnviroScience WVDNR Scientific Collection Permit Addendum



## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

EQT Gathering, LLC (EQT) provided funding for this project; Mr. Matthew Albright was the point of contact and project manager for Kleinfelder, on behalf of EQT. Mr. Ryan Schwegman served as the project manager and malacologist for EnviroScience, Inc. (ES). Mr. Mark Suchan (ES), Ms. Jordan Findley (ES), Mr. Dale Dunford, Mr. Chad Reasons and Mr. Nick Shoots assisted with fieldwork. Mr. Schwegman authored the report, Ms. Mary Mahoney (ES) produced the GIS mapping.



#### INTRODUCTION

EQT has proposed MOPA-S001 & MOPA-S006 pipeline project crossings of Flint Run in Doddridge County, WV. The proposed pipeline project will intersect Flint Run at five locations: Site 1 (N 39.380304, W -80.723948); Site 2 (N 39.378644, W -80.723808), Site 3 (N 39.378139, W -80.72376), Site 4 (N 39.376055, W -80.721124) and Site 5 (N 39.372368, W -80.719553) as shown in Figure 1. The West Virginia Division of Natural Resources (WVDNR) has classified this stream reach of Flint Run as a Group 1 stream. A Group 1 classification is defined as a high quality stream that has potential habitat for freshwater mussels, although state-listed mussel species may be encountered, federally listed endangered or threatened species are not expected.

Construction activities from this project could affect mussels in several ways. Those living in the direct impact area could be crushed, smothered, or dislodged by construction equipment, demolition debris, etc. Disturbance of the stream bed and riverbanks could alter flow patterns that result in scouring or sediment deposition, which are putative sources of unionid impairment and decline (Fuller, 1974; Aldridge *et al.*, 1987; Bogan, 1993; Williams, 1993). Additionally, host fish activity may be altered by changes in habitat or flow patterns, which could lead to disruption of unionids' life cycles.

Because all mussel resources are protected within West Virginia, a mussel survey and a possible relocation of mussels was required at each Site location to obtain project clearance. Kleinfelder has contracted EnviroScience, Inc. (ES) to perform the freshwater mussel services required for the proposed crossings of Flint Run.

#### **METHODS**

#### Mussel and Habitat Survey (Task 1)

Each Site within Flint Run Project Area was clearly defined by mapping provided by Kleinfelder prior to the survey. The centerline of the proposed crossing were marked by ES on the right and left banks. The area of direct impact (ADI) consisted of a 30m (98ft) construction ROW, 15m (50ft) upstream and downstream from the project's centerline.



The WVDNR requires that the mussel survey limits extend to 10m (33ft) upstream and to 25m (82ft) downstream from the ADI for this project type. Beginning at the proposed pipeline crossing centerline, the survey extended 25m (82ft) upstream and 40m (131ft) downstream, for a total survey area of 65 linear meters at Sites 1, 4 and 5. Due to the close proximity of Sites 2 and 3 (Figure 1) as well as the unique stream morphology, slightly modified survey extents were utilized to ensure adequate survey coverage. At Sites 2 and 3 the survey area extended 25m upstream of Site 3 and 40m downstream of Site 4, for a total of approximately 150 linear meters. Each survey area was then divided into 10m reaches and one 5m reach when needed. Flint Run had an average width of 5m, creating a series of 5x10m cells. A Nikon laser rangefinder (±1m) was used to make all measurements relative to the project centerline. An aerial view of the survey extends can be viewed in Figure 1.

WVDNR protocol requires 100% coverage of the survey area; assuming an effective search rate of 2m²/min, (22ft²/min). Based on these parameters, 25 person-minutes of search time was allocated to each 10m (33ft) cell. Timed search (qualitative) survey methods included visual and tactile searches using wading and snorkeling. Regularly, each surveyor performed random but limited bottom excavations to detect embedded mussels. Searches began at the downstream extent of each survey area and proceeded upstream to maximize visibility. Within each 10m (33ft) section of river, 2 Biologists/ Divers spent 15 minutes of search time for a total of 30 person-minutes. Bank searches for water deposited dead shells and muskrat middens were conducted for evidence of additional mussel species within the area.

GPS positions of search cell boundaries and translocation site (if needed) were recorded with a Garmin GPS model 60CSx. The GPS readings were taken midstream to avoid dense overhanging vegetation.

### Mussel Translocation (Task 2)

Per the project scope, in the event any living, non-endangered mussels are found during Task One, a mussel salvage effort is to be conducted to remove mussels from the direct



impact area plus buffers. Since no live mussels were located within the survey limits of Sites 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, a translocation was not performed.

#### **RESULTS**

Prior to fieldwork, ES confirmed the project scope with the WVDNR and received a project-specific scientific collection permit amendment (Appendix C). On September 24, 2013 an ES field team headed by Mr. Ryan Schwegman completed the required mussel surveys at the proposed crossings of Flint Run. Field conditions were very good; water temperature was 18.9 °C (66°F), visibility was 1m (39in). Prior to the survey, Matthew Albright of Kleinfelder supplied the ES field team with the necessary mapping to accurately delineate the survey location.

#### Survey Results

The proposed pipeline crossings of Flint Run was located at: Site 1 (N 39.380304, W - 80.723948); Site 2 (N 39.378644, W -80.723808), Site 3 (N 39.378139, W -80.72376), Site 4 (N 39.376055, W -80.721124) and Site 5 (N 39.372368, W -80.719553) (Figure 1) (Digital Images #1-5). Flint Run was shallow (0.13m – 1m; (0.5ft – 3.1ft)), gently flowing, and its substrates were dominated by sand, gravel and cobble. Habitat within the survey area was characterized as suitable mussel habitat. No evidence of live or dead freshwater mussels was located within the survey extents of Sites 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5. Also, no evidence (live or dead shells) of federally endangered species was observed.

#### CONCLUSIONS

No recent evidence of live freshwater mussels was detected within the survey extents of Sites 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 therefore ES considers it unlikely that construction activities would directly impact freshwater mussel populations. Suitable mussel habitat was found to be widespread, however no evidence of mussels was located after significant search efforts. The potential for any indirect impacts to stream habitat and water quality will likely be minimized by the proper implementation of standard best management practices during project construction.



## LITERATURE CITED

- Aldridge, D. W., B. S. Payne, and A. C. Miller. 1987. The effects of intermittent exposure to suspended solids and turbulence on three species of freshwater mussels. Environmental Pollution 45:17-28.
- Bogan, A. E. 1993. Freshwater bivalve extinctions (Mollusca: Unionoida): a search for causes. American Zoologist 33:599-609.
- West Virginia Division of Natural Resources. 2013. West Virginia Mussel Survey Protocols. March, 2013.
- Williams, J. D., M. L. Warren, Jr., K. S. Cummings, J. L. Harris, and R. J. Neves. 1993. Conservation status of freshwater mussels of the United States and Canada. Fisheries 18:6-22.



# **FIGURES**

# **APPENDICES**

## **APPENDIX A**

Completed West Virginia Division of Natural Resources Field Survey Forms

# SITE RECORD - WVDNR

1. Collector Name	Ryan Schwegman	2. Collector ID	2013	3.182	
3. Site Name		<b>4a. Site Type</b> (circle one)	Point	Transect	Area
4b. System Type	(Circle One)	Aquatic Lacustrine	Aquatic Riverine	Aquatic Palustrine	Terrestrial Subterranian
5. LLID		6. Permittee ID			
7. Date	24th	Month	9	Yea	r: 2013
8. Project	Proposed Pipeline Crossing of Flint Run	9. Work Plan	Mussel Survey	10. Job	
11. Travel Directions	Please See attached report				
12. Origin latitude dd	39.371484	13. Origin Longitude dd		-80.7201	21
Latitude and long	gitude are recorded as decimal degr information o	ees (dd). Refer to ap and means of calculo		tocol manual	pages for further
For Sites with	Transects Only:				
14. Terminus latitude dd		15. Terminus Longitude dd			
16. NA Datum	(1927 or 1983 preferred))	17. Accuracy Co	de	18. Map At one ->) yes	tached? (circle no
19. County Na	me: Doddridge	20. Quadrangle	name: Smit	thburg	
21. PDOP	-17.	22. Rover File N	ame (.ssf)		14.
23. Corrected	File Name (.cor)				
24. Notes:		· ·····			

# **Current Stream and Weather Conditions**

Section A											
1. Collector	Name : Ryan Schwegma	n				2.	Collector I	D: 2013.	182		
	ite Name: Flint Run										
4. LLID											
5. Date	Month 9		ay 2	4			Year 201	3			
6. Project:	7. Wor	k Plar	າ:Mus	sel	Sur	vey	8. Job:				
Poprosed Pi	peline										
Crossing											
9. Permitee	ID										
Section B											
Weather	Current Conditions	· · · <u> · ·</u>	Past					Past Wee	k		
Conditions	Precipitation		Prec					Has there			
	☐ Moderate or heavy rain	า			erate	or he	avy rain	heavy rair	<u>in</u> t	he la	ast
	shower		show					7 days?	es/l	Vo	
	☐ Light rain shower					showe	er				
	☐ Light rain		Li								
	☐ Moderate rain		П								
	☐ Heavy rain			eavy	/ raii	n					
	Sky Conditions				.1:4:						
	0 <b>2</b> 5 50 75 100% cloud		Sky								
	cover 24Air temp (°	C)	cove		15	100%	cloud				
	24All tellip (*	<b>(</b> )		ı 24		Air ton	np (ºC)				
					<u>'</u>	All tell	ip ( C)				
Section C											
Stream	Human Influence							<del></del>			$\neg \neg$
Characteriza		n [	] Pipe	es(in	let/c	outlet)		Trash			l
	Pipeline crossing		Cha	•				Island			.
*	□ Ford	•				-		Other		-	- 1
	☐ Pipeline (paralle					oillars i		Wall/Dike	/Rev	ret-	
	to stream)		tream			,,,,a,, o ,		ent/Riprap	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
	In Stream Cover			,			•••	o			
	□ Debris Dam		Blov	v Dc	wn		П	Beaver D	am		Ì
	☐ Woody debris	Г	Oth		••••		_	Deaver D	aiii		
L	1 = 11000, 000110			<u> </u>		_					
Section D		** *******			-						
Aquatic	Indicate the dominant ty	pes a	ınd re	cor	d th	e dom	inant spec	ies prese	nt.		
	Rooted emergent								None		
							Attached a		Mos		
					•						
	Percent of the reach with	aquat	ic veg	etat	ion		<1.0% (in te	rms of area	a)		
									<u> </u>		
Section E								*****			
Watershed	Human Influence/Wa	tersh	ed				Om from shore				
Features	Features					1 '	D=dominant la	and use (ched	k no	more	
	(within survey reach)					than t	woj				
		P	С	В	D			Р	С	В	D
	Wall/Rip rap					Railr	oad (Active	)			
	Railroad (rails to trails	)	1				oad (Inactiv		1		
	Buildings						lfill/trash				
	Pavement		1			<del> </del>	/Lawn		l	<u> </u>	
	Road		)				Crops		<del>                                     </del>		t

		P	asture					Feed lots	1			
		L	ogging operations	- (	, .			Mining activity				
Watersh	ed			Р	C	В	D	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Р	С	В	D
Features	3	F	orest	<u> </u>		,		Commercial/Industrial				
(Cont.)			old field			<u> </u>		Hay field	1			
` ' '			lesidential	+ :		<u> </u>		Other	†	_	-	
			ocal Watershed Eros	ion (	pert	ains	to			<u>لـــــــا</u>		
,			and use, not failing s									
1			D None				,					•
			Moderate									
			Heavy									
L		·   L	i licavy \					<u> </u>	- 48			
Section	_	•			-			<u> </u>				
Water		nnor	nturo (0C) 10					Water Odors				
Quality	Con	uperd	ature (°C)19			<b>1</b>	1/					
Quality	Cor	lauci	tivity uS/cm			INOL	mai/	None ☐ Sewage				
			ed Oxygen mg/L	_		Pet	rolet	m				
	рН				Ц	Fish	ıy	m ☐ Chemicai ☐ Other Turbidity (visual)				_
			y (mg/L)									
	Sec	chi c	lepth (m.mm)	e de la companya de l		Cle	ar	Slightly turbid				
	Met	ters ι	ısed:		. 🗆	Opa	aque			ther		
								Water Surface Oils	;			
	Had	ch Ki	used YesNo			Slic	k	☐ Sheen ☐ None				
	Wat	ter S	ample Collected for I	_ab		Glo	bs	☐ Flecks ☐ Other_				
	lana	ılvsis	Yes/No									
1												_
	Flo	w at	nearest USGS gaugii	ng sta	ation	(cf	s)					_
	Flo	w at		ng sta	ation	(cfs	s)					
	Flor Gau	w at	nearest USGS gaugii									
Section	Flor Gau	w at	nearest USGS gaugii   station:						-			
Sedimer	Flor Gau	w at uging	nearest USGS gaugii   station: Odors					Deposits	-			
	Flor Gau	w at uging	nearest USGS gaugii   station:					Deposits		San	d	
Sedimer	Gau	w at uging	nearest USGS gaugii station: Odors	] Se	wage	· [	□ SI	<b>Deposits</b> udge □ Leaf Litter			d	
Sedimer	G G te	watu uging DNo	ormal	∃ Sevical	wage	e [	⊐ SI	Deposits udge □ Leaf Litter elict Shells □□Other _			d	
Sedimer	Gau	watuging  DNo	Odors ormal □ None □ etroleum □ Chemaerobic (methane)	∃ Sevical	wage	e [	⊐ SI	<b>Deposits</b> udge □ Leaf Litter			d	
Sedimer	Gau	watuging  DNo Ar	Odors  ormal	∃ Sei	wage	e [	□ SI <b>□</b> Re	Deposits  udge □ Leaf Litter elict Shells □□Other _ aper/fiber □ Other _			d	
Sedimer	Gau	w at uging  DNc Are Are Subs	Odors  ormal	□ Serical	wage	e [	□ SI □ Ro □ Pa	Deposits  udge			d	
Sedimer	Gau	w at uging  DNc Are Are Subs	Odors  ormal	□ Serical	wage	e [	□ SI □ Ro □ Pa	Deposits  udge □ Leaf Litter elict Shells □□Other _ aper/fiber □ Other _	1, :	 2,		
Sedimer	Gau	w at uging  DNc Are Are Subs	Odors  ormal	□ Serical	wage	e [	□ SI □ Ro □ Pa	Deposits  udge	1, :			
Sedimer Substrat	Gau	w at uging  DNc Are Are Subs	Odors  ormal	□ Serical	wage	e [	□ SI □ Ro □ Pa	Deposits  udge	1, :	 2,		
Sedimer Substrate	Gau	wat⊔uging □ Pe □ Ar □ Ot Subs	Odors  ormal	□ Serical	wage	e [	□ SI □ Ro □ Pa	Deposits udge □ Leaf Litter elict Shells □ Other □ aper/fiber □ Other □ nant) Gravel Sand	1, ; 3_	2, Silt/c	lay	
Sedimer Substrate Section Streamb	Gau	w at luging  □ No □ Pe □ Ar □ Ot Subs Bed and	Odors  ormal	☐ Serical	wage	e [	□ SI □ Ro □ Pa	Deposits  udge    Leaf Litter elict Shells    Other    Other nant) Gravel    Sand  Stream Bank Failure	1, : 3_	2, Silt/c	lay	
Sedimer Substrate Section Streamb Riparian	Gau G H D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	w at luging  INC  Pe Ar Ot Subs Bed and e	Odors  Omal Dome Detroleum	Serical	wage	ing o	□ SI □ Ro □ Pa	Deposits  udge    Leaf Litter elict Shells    Other    Other nant) Gravel    Sand  Stream Bank Failure (within survey reach or	1, : 3_ Pres	2, Silt/c	:lay	
Sedimer Substrate Section Streamb	Gau G H D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	w at luging  INC  Pe Ar Ot Subs Bed and e	Odors  Omegare USGS gauging station:  Odors  Omegare None  Other	Serical hree, Cov	1 be obble	ing o	□ SI □ Ro □ Pa	Deposits  udge    Leaf Litter elict Shells    Other    Other nant) Gravel    Sand  Stream Bank Failure   (within survey reach or Right Descending Le	1, 3 3_Pres	2, Silt/c	elay	g
Sedimer Substrate Section Streamb Riparian	Gau G H D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	w at luging  INC  Pe Ar Ot Subs Bed and e	Odors  Omegare USGS gauging station:  Odors  Omegare None  Other	Serical hree, Cov	1 be obble	e [	□ SI □ Ro □ Pa	Deposits  udge    Leaf Litter elict Shells    Other    Other nant) Gravel    Sand  Stream Bank Failure   (within survey reach or Right Descending Le	1, 3 3_Pres	2, Silt/c	elay	g
Sedimer Substrate Section Streamb Riparian	Gau G H D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	w at luging  INC  Pe Ar Ot Subs Bed and e	Odors  Omegan Comman Co	Serical hree, Cov	1 be obble	e [	□ SI □ Ro □ Pa	Deposits  udge    Leaf Litter elict Shells    Other    Other nant) Gravel    Sand  Stream Bank Failure   (within survey reach or Right Descending Le	1, 3 3_Pres	2, Silt/c	elay	g
Sedimer Substrate Section Streamb Riparian	Gau G H D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	w at luging  INC  Pe Ar Ot Subs Bed and e	Odors  Omega	Cov	1 be obble	ing of	□ SI □ Re □ Pe	Deposits  udge    Leaf Litter elict Shells    Other    Other nant) Gravel    Sand  Stream Bank Failure   (within survey reach or Right Descending Le	1, 3 3_Pres	2, Silt/c	elay	g
Sedimer Substrate Section Streamb Riparian	Gau G H D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	w at luging  INC  Pe Ar Ot Subs Bed and e	Odors Omegaerated USGS gauging station:  Odors Omegaerated None Command Chemical Che	Cov	1 be obble er Shade lone s) fu	ing of	□ SI □ Re □ Pe	Deposits  udge    Leaf Litter elict Shells    Other    Other nant) Gravel    Sand  Stream Bank Failure   (within survey reach or Right Descending Le	1, 3 3_Pres	2, Silt/c	elay	g
Sedimer Substrate Section Streamb Riparian	Gau G H D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	w at luging  INC  Pe Ar Ot Subs Bed and e	Odors  Omega	Cov	1 be obble er Shade lone s) fu	ing of	□ SI □ Re □ Pe	Deposits  udge    Leaf Litter elict Shells    Other    Other nant) Gravel    Sand  Stream Bank Failure   (within survey reach or Right Descending Le	1, 3 3_Pres	2, Silt/c	elay	g

Notes:

## **APPENDIX B**

Digital Images of the Proposed Crossing of Flint Run



Digital Image 1. View of Site #5



Digital Image 2. Downstream View of Site #3 and Upstream View of Site #2



Digital Image 3. Downstream View of Site #1



Digital Image 4. Substrates at Site #4

Freshwater Mussel Survey for the Proposed MOPA-S001 & MOPA-S006 Pipeline crossings of Flint Run, Doddridge County, WV

# **APPENDIX C**

EnviroScience WVDNR Scientific Collection Permit Addendum



# DIVISION OF NATURAL RESOURCES Wildlife Resources Section

Operations Center
P.O. Box 67
Elkins, West Virginia 26241-3235
Telephone (304) 637-0245
Fax (304) 637-0250

Earl Ray Tomblin
Governor

Frank Jezioro
Director

# ADDENDUM TO SCIENTIFIC COLLECTING PERMIT NO. 2013.182

Permittee:

Ryan Schwegman

Address:

EnviroScience, Inc.

3781 Darrow Road Stow, OH 44224

Expiration Date: September 30, 2013

THE FOLLOWING PROVISIONS ARE ADDED TO THIS PERMIT: Freshwater mussel surveys and relocations are permitted in Flint Run, Doddridge County (pipeline crossings – Kleinfelder).

THIS ADDENDUM MUST BE ATTACHED TO ORIGINAL PERMIT.

Must be signed before valid.

Signature of permittee

Scientific Collecting Permit Coordinator

Date of issue 9-4-2013



# **Cultural Resources Records Review**

October 14, 2013

Prepared for:

Megan E. Landfried

Environmental Coordinator EQT Gathering, LLC 115 Professional Place Bridgeport, WV 26330 Office: 304.848.0061

# Project Identification

EQT MOPA-S001 & MOPA S006 Pipeline Project Cultural Resources Desktop Analysis Doddridge County, West Virginia CRA Proposal No.: WV13P-2350

CRA Report # 13-361

Lead Agency: U.S Army Corps of Engineers, Huntington District

## **Project Description**

For the purpose of this records review, the Project Area is approximately 2.62 miles of pipeline and associated access roads located along floodplain and upland landforms in the Grant District of Doddridge County, West Virginia. The study area for the records review includes the proposed pipeline right-of-way (ROW) and a 1,000-ft buffer on each site of the ROW centerline (Figures 1 and 2). The completion of this study will aid EQT Gathering, LLC (EQT) and the Huntington District to achieve compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) of 1966, as amended.

#### Methods

Project mapping provided by Kleinfelder on behalf of EQT was overlaid on modern and historic maps. Due to differences of scale and mapping accuracy, Project boundaries on historic-period maps are not expected to be as reliable as the boundaries presented on the modern United States Geological Survey (USGS) 7.5-minute topographic quadrangles. Once the maps were produced, Cultural Resource Analysts, Inc. (CRA) staff compared them against records maintained by the West Virginia State Historic Preservation Office (WVSHPO) (Attachment A). Files examined at the WVSHPO included 1) archaeological site files for Doddridge County, 2) the Center Point, WV and Smithburg, WV topographic quadrangles depicting the locations of recorded archaeological sites and the boundaries of previously surveyed areas, 3) CRM reports, and 4) the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). The WVSHPO's Geographic Information System (GIS) for architectural properties



was also utilized to locate any buildings or structures documented on the West Virginia Historic Property Inventory (WVHPI).

In addition to the resources maintained by the WVSHPO, CRA examined readily available historic-period maps including 15-minute series USGS topographic quadrangles and a topographic map produced by the West Virginia Geological Survey (WVGS).

### WVSHPO Records Review

The review of the archaeological files maintained at the offices of the WVSHPO in Charleston, West Virginia, was completed by CRA personnel on September 27, 2013 (Attachment A). In addition, CRA personnel used the WVSHPO's GIS for architectural resources to identify any buildings or structures listed on the WVHPI located within the study area.

# **Previous Cultural Resource Surveys**

One previous Phase I cultural resource survey has been completed within portions of the study area and the project ROW (Stoll and Erickson 2013) (Figure 2). Survey FR# 13-135-DO-2 was completed for a proposed freshwater impoundment project for the EQT Production Company (EQT) Gessler Centralized Impoundment Project under the jurisdiction of the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), Huntington District. The investigated area was approximately 17.1 acres (6.9 ha) in size and resulted in the identification of archaeological site 46DO54, and the recording of one architectural resource WVHPI DO-0013-0135.

# Archaeology

The review of the archaeological files and records discovered one previously recorded archaeological site located within the project corridor and study area. Site 46DO54, consists of a 60-x-15 m historic artifact scatter located on the west bank of Flint Run. The site was discovered during a survey that was completed for the EQT Gessler Centralized Impoundment Project (Stoll and Erickson 2013). No diagnostic artifacts were recovered during the survey and all artifacts were recovered from the A/Ap horizon or historic fill. The authors believe the site dates from the late nineteenth—early twentieth centuries through present, and that the artifacts were probably associated with several structures and a foundation located outside the area of investigation. The NRHP eligibility of site 46DO54 was not determined during this investigation; however, the investigators recommended that the portion of the site that is located within the EQT Gessler project area would not contribute to its NRHP eligibility (Appendix B). They recommended that the proposed project had no adverse effect on portions of site 46DO54 that were located within the project area.

#### Architecture

The review of the West Virginia Historic Property Inventory forms discovered one historic resource within the study area (WVHPI DO-0013-0135). The property is a small, family dairy farm, constructed in 1890 and located at 9371 Big Flint Road (Co Rd 3), Center Point, West Virginia, 26339 (Appendix B). The property consists of a house, a modern log cabin, silo, milking parlor, firepit, abandoned gas well, shed, two bridges, water box and well pipe, other pipes, and a flagstone and brick walkway. The complex was determined ineligible for listing on the NRHP under Criterion A or C.

## Historic Maps Review

Historic USGS 15-minute topographic quadrangles and a WVGS topographic map for Doddridge County were reviewed to determine if any structures were located within the study area. According to



the 1905 Center Point, WV and 1924 Center Point, WV USGS 15-minute topographic quadrangles, and the 1912 map of Doddridge and Harrison Counties, West Virginia, the study area and surrounding vicinity was not heavily developed (Figures 3–5). The area is rural with residences and farm complexes scattered across the landscape, typically adjacent to or near roads in valley settings. Approximately eight or nine structures and several oil/gas wells are noted within the study area. One cemetery that is associated with the Chestnut Grove Church was identified on the 1905 USGS Centerpoint quadrangle. The Project ROW and access roads are mapped in very close proximity to several of these buildings and oil/gas wells, but because of the mapping scale it is not possible to determine the precise locations relative to the Project ROW and access road locations.

# NRCS Soils Survey Review

Analysis of the SSURGO data acquired for the project identified seven NRCS soil-mapping units belonging to six distinct series or complexes (Figure 6; Table 1). Nearly the entire northern half of the study area is located within a valley setting containing alluvial soil of the Chagrin, Monongahela, and Sensabaugh series. Soil maps indicate that the southern portions of the project ROW are predominately colluvial Gilpin-Peabody complex soils with slopes ranging between 15 and 70 percent. These Gilpin-Peabody complex soils have little or no potential to contain buried archaeological sites. The areas with the highest potential for buried archaeological sites are those areas of alluvial soils at in the northern half of the ROW crossings of Flint Run and Brush Run and several areas of access roads near ROW crossings of Flint Run in the southwest quadrant of the study area.

Soil Unit	Parent Material Type
Chagrin silt loam (Ch)	Alluvium
Gilpin-Peabody complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very stony (GsE)	Colluvium
Gilpin-Peabody complex, 35 to 70 percent slopes (GsF)	Colluvium
Monongahela silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes (MoC)	Alluvium
Sensabaugh silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, rarely flooded (SeB)	Alluvium
Vandalia silt loam 15 to 35 percent slopes, very stony (VsE)	Colluvium

Table 1. Study Area Soils Data.

### On-line Review

The websites of the Doddridge County Historical Society, the WVGenWeb, the West Virginia Cemetery Preservation Association, and TopoZone were visited to identify information for historic cemeteries. The Chestnut Grove Cemetery was identified in the southwest quadrant of the study area.

The WVGenWeb provides information for Doddridge County cemeteries reported by private individuals and organizations interested in the preservation of cemeteries and genealogy. In addition, a listing with mapped locations of historic cemeteries in Doddridge County was identified at TopoZone.com. The listing can be searched by district or longitude and latitude.

# **Conclusions**

Information generated by this review indicates the following:

- One previous cultural resources survey (FR# 13-135-DO-2) was conducted within a portion of the study area and project ROW (Figures 1 and 2).
- One recorded archaeological site, 46DO54, is located within the project study area and appears to extend into the project ROW (Figures 1 and 2). The portion of the site located



within the Gessler EQT project area was evaluated, and recommended not to contribute to potential NRHP eligibility (Appendix B).

- Based on current information the project may affect a previously documented portion of archaeological site 46DO54, which based on current information is not considered eligible to the NRHP.
- One recorded architectural property, WVHPI DO-0013-0135, is located within the project study area approximately 65 m west of the ROW (Figures 1 and 2). Information obtained from the WVSHPO indicates this resource was determined ineligible for listing on the NRHP under Criterions A or C (Appendix B and C).
- The Chestnut Grove Cemetery associated with the Chestnut Grove Church was identified on historic and modern topographic maps at the edge of the study area, approximately 237 m south of the nearest stream/wetland crossing, and 589 m southwest of the nearest part of the pipeline ROW (Figures 1 and 2). No other recorded cemeteries were identified within the study area.
- Historic maps depict 8 or 9 structures and additional oil/gas wells within the study area. Two structures depicted on the 1905 and 1924 USGS quadrangles and three structures on 1912 county map are located in close proximity to two stream crossings and a work space near the confluence of Flint and Brush Runs (Figures 3–5).

Based on extant information the Project will have no affect on any recorded archaeological sites, architectural resources, or historic-period cemeteries listed on, or determined eligible to, the NRHP. Because of its location and distance from the Project, it is unlikely that the unrecorded Chestnut Grove Cemetery will be affected by the Project. If any archaeological or other types of cultural resources are found during the construction of the Project, all work in the area of discovery should cease and the Huntington District should be contacted.

FOR Cultural Resource Analysts, Inc.

Jason D. Moser, PhD, RPA

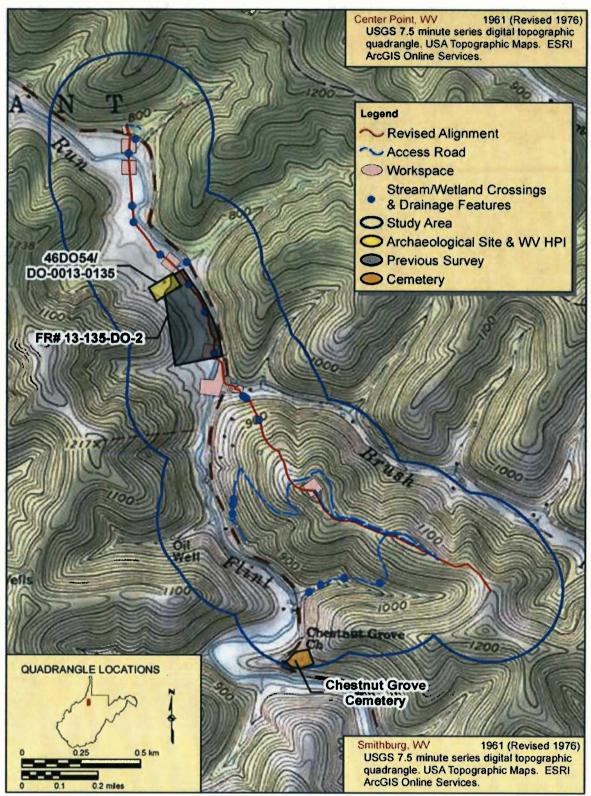


Figure 1. Portions of the USGS Center Point, WV and Smithburg WV 7.5-minute quadrangle depicting Project ROW, study area, recorded cultural resources, and previous cultural resource surveys.

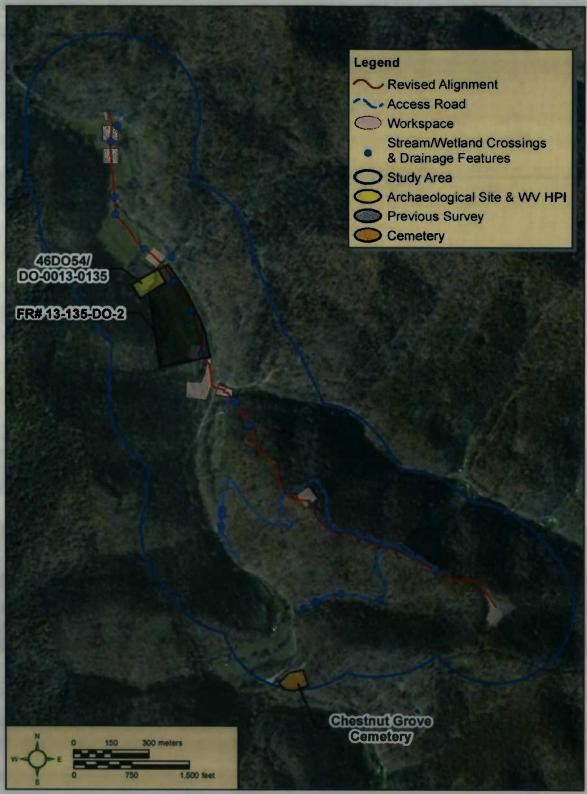


Figure 2. Aerial photograph depicting Project ROW, study area, recorded cultural resources, and previous cultural resource surveys (Microsoft Corporation 2012).

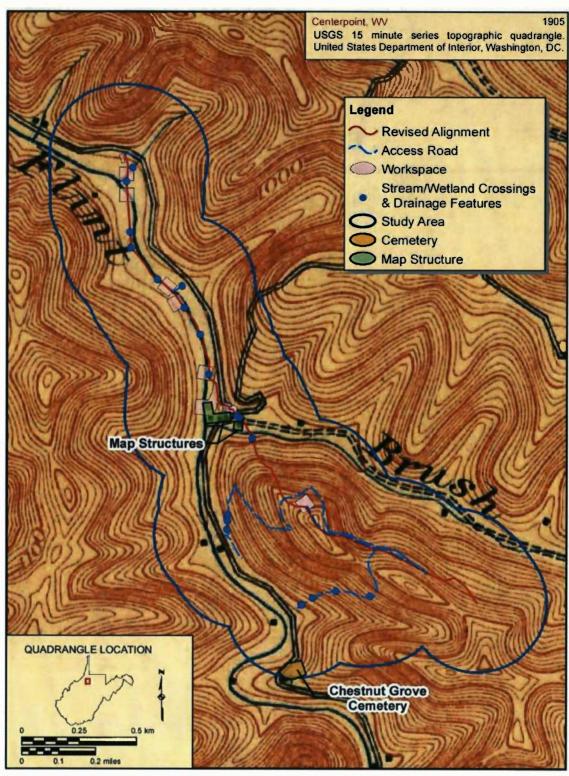


Figure 3. Portions of the 1905 USGS Centerpoint, WV, 15-minute quadrangle depicting structures and cemeteries within the project study area.

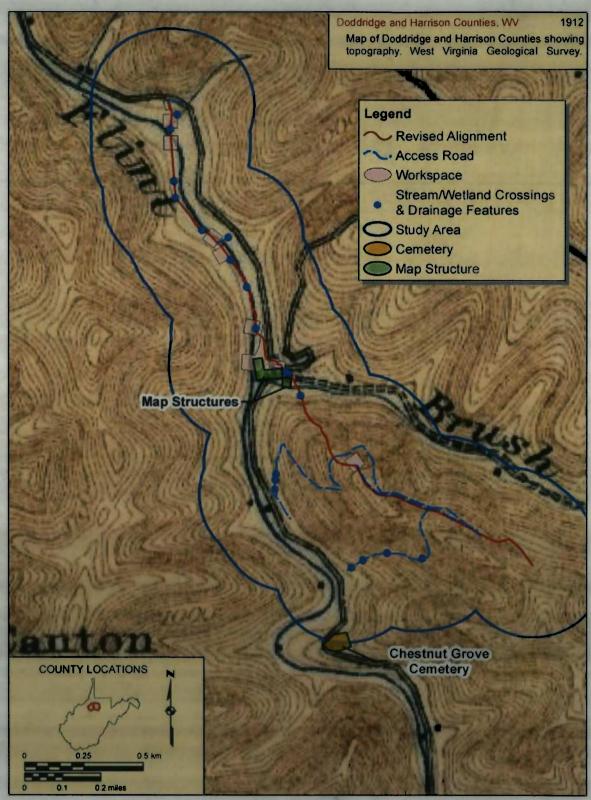


Figure 4. Portions of the WVGS 1912 Map of Doddridge and Harrison Counties depicting structures and cemeteries within the project study area.

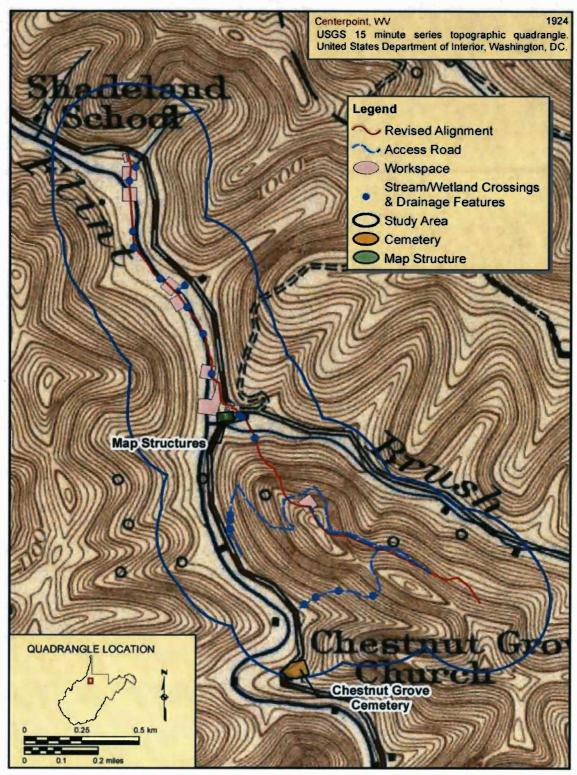


Figure 5. Portions of the 1924 Center Point, WV 15-minute quadrangle depicting structures and cemeteries within the project study area.

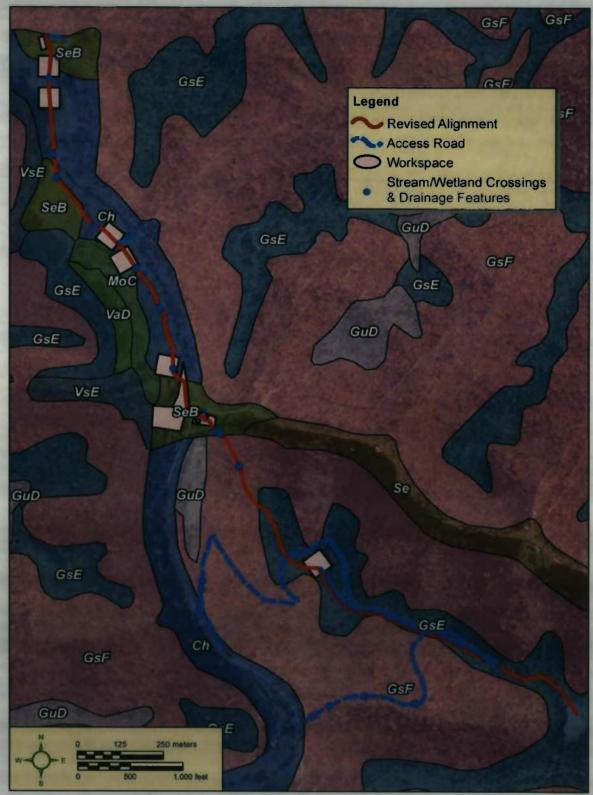


Figure 6. Soils map depicting Project and areas mapped as alluvial and colluvial soils.

# References

- Microsoft Corporation
  - 2012 Bing Maps. ESRI, ArcGIS Online Services for Doddridge County, West Virginia. Accessed September 27, 2013.
- Soil Survey Staff, Natural Resources Conservation Service, United States Department of Agriculture. n.d. Soil Survey Geographic (SSURGO) Database for Doddridge County, West Virginia. Available online at http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov. Accessed September 27, 2013.
- Stoll, Courtney, and Luke W. Erickson
  - 2013 Phase 1 Cultural Resource Report for the EQT Production Company Gessler Centralized Impoundment Project in Doddridge County, West Virginia. Environment & Archaeology, LLC, Florence, Kentucky.
- Trader, Patrick D.
  - 2001 Guidelines for Phase I, II, and III Archaeological Investigations and Technical Reports. Prepared by the West Virginia State Historic Preservation Office, Charleston.
- United States Geological Survey
  - 1905 USGS 15-minute series Centerpoint, WV topographical quadrangle. United States Geological Survey, Washington, DC.
  - 1924 USGS 15-minute series Centerpoint, WV topographical quadrangle. United States Geological Survey, Washington, DC.
  - 1942 USGS 15-minute series Wheeling, WV\_PA\_OH topographical quadrangle. United States Geological Survey, Washington, DC.
  - 1961 (Revised 1976) USGS 7.5-minute series Center Point, WV topographical quadrangle. United States Geological Survey, Washington, DC.
  - 1961 (Revised 1976) USGS 7.5-minute series Smithburg, WV topographical quadrangle. United States Geological Survey, Washington, DC.
- West Virginia Geological Survey
  - 1912 Map of Doddridge and Harrison Counties, WV Showing Topography. United States Geological Survey, Washington DC.
- West Virginia State Historic Preservation Office
  - 1991 Site Survey form for Historic Property DO-0013-0135. Records on file, West Virginia State Historic Preservation Office, Charleston.

# ATTACHMENT A WVSHPO USER REGISTRATION & RESEARCH RECORD FORM

# West Virginia State Historic Preservation Office

# Cultural Resources Files and Library User Registration and Research Record Form

INSTRUCTIONS: Part I must be completed before you will be permitted access to the SHPO Cultural Resource Files and Library. Part II is a record of the site files, cultural resource reports, USGS topographic maps and other materials you utilize during your visit. Part III will be completed and signed by a SHPO staff member only when you have completed your research and have returned the materials to which you have been given access.

I. IDENTI	IFICATION	*
DATE: 9	27/13	
Name (s)	Amber Hill	
Organization	n or Company: CRA	
Address:	3556 Teays Valley Rd S	Suite 3
	Hurricane, w	
FR Number	(if known)	
ARCHAEO	IALS UTILIZED DLOGY: D MAP NAMES:	
<u>cen</u>	Her Bint WV	and the second
Smi	ithburg hu	
ARCHAEOI	LOGY SITE FORM #s	
46	DO 54	
<del></del>		
	s/Publications	

ational Register Files	
ther Materials	

# ATTACHMENT B ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE AND WVHPI FORMS

# WEST VIRGINIA ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM (Revised 1999)

Type of Form (Check One): New Form Revised Form			
1. Site No.: 46_DO54			
3. County: Doddridge 4. 7.5' Quadrangle: Center Point			
5. UTM Zone (circle one): 18 Northing: 4358467 Easting: 0523955			
6. Location Description: Along Flint Run, Just north of it's confluence with Brush Run. Big Flint Road runs parallel with Flint Run.			
The nearest road intersections are Big Flint Rd and Riggins Rd to the south, and Big Flint Rd and WV SR 23 to the north.			
7. Ownership (Name/Address/Tenant): Shirley Lee Gessler, 9371 Big Flint Rd., West Union, WV 26456			
8. Temporal Affiliations: ☐ Prehistoric ☐ Protohistoric ☐ Historic ☐ Prehistoric and Historic  9. Prehistoric Temporal Period(s) Represented: ☐ Unassigned ☐ Paleoindian ☐ Archaic, E M L			
Woodland, EML Late Prehistoric Protohistoric			
10. Historic Temporal Period(s) Represented: 1700-1750 1751-1800 1801-1850			
11. Prehistoric Site Type (select as many as appropriate): Lithic Scatter Cave/Rockshelter			
Habitation: Camp Village Hamlet Extractive: Quarry Workshop			
Earth Mound Stone Mound Earthwork Burial Area Petroglyph/Pictograph			
12. Historic Site Type (select as many as appropriate):			
Commercial Industrial Military Trail/Trace/Road Other			
Is site associated with any standing structures?			
Has a WV Historic Inventory Form been completed for the structure?			
13. Site Condition: Unknown Undisturbed Destroyed			
Disturbed (explain): Some structures have been completely destroyed or heavily altered by landowner.			
14. Describe current land use: Driveway, house and outbuilding plot/lawn.			

15. Topographical Location: Floodplain Terrace 1 1 2 1 3 Ridgetop			
Gap/Saddle Hillside/Bench Bluff Other:			
16. Physiographic Province: Appalachian Plateau Transitional Ridge and Valley			
17. Soils: Soil Association Monongahela silt loam, 8-15% slope MoC, Chagrin silt loam, 0-2% Ch, Vandalia silt loam, 15-25% VaD			
Soil Series-Phase/Complex N/a-No map in soil survey			
18. Vegetation: grasses 19. Elevation: 765' amsl (ft/m amsl)			
20. Slope %: 0-25% 21. Slope Direction: east			
22. Nearest Water Source (select only one, as appropriate):			
Name: Flint Run Spring River Perennial Stream			
Intermittent Stream Swamp/Bog Other:			
Major Drainage (name): McElroy Creek Minor Drainage (name): Flint Run			
23. Distance to water (ft/m) 80 ft (horizontal) 10 ft (vertical)			
24. Site Area (Dimensions in meters): 5500			
Basis for site area estimate: Paced Taped Historic Maps Aerial Photograph			
Transit/Alidade Unrecorded Other GIS mapping			

25. Site Description (include description of site, setting, nature and location of artifacts and concentrations, features, and significance of site in a local or regional context. Use Continuation Sheet if necessary:

The portion of the site where shovel tests were excavated, were within a proposed access road for the project. A total of eight shovel tests were positive for historic cultural material, all of which was found within the A/Ap-horizon. The artifacts recovered were not particularly diagnostic for a historic time range. The material was primarily architectural, with a few from the kitchen group. Just outside of the access road was an old barn foundation. It is especially likely that the destruction of the barn accounts for the architectural artifacts, which numbered eleven artifacts. The kitchen artifacts numbered four artifacts. Per a letter dated December 13, 2012 that Potesta received from WV DCH, it was requested that a HPI Form be completed for a house and silo located within/near the Gessler Project Area. The HPI evaluation identified a circa 1890 vernacular residence with an associated suspension foot bridge, timber bridge, water box and well pipe at driveway, flagstone/brick walkway, milking parlor, and silo. These are also near the artifacts recovered and the barn foundation that was noted. It is hyposthesized that they were likely all part of one farmstead, so the structures and foundation were included within the site boundary. However, no shovel testing around those structures or foundation because they were outside the set project area. The area is currently in use as a residence/farmstead, and the site is within typical lawn grasses.

26. Investigation Type (select as many as appropriate): Examination of Collection
Pedestrian Survey Surface Collection Shovel Tests Test Unit(s)
Test Trench(es) Deep Test(s) Auger/Soil Corer PZ Removal
Mitigation/Block Excavation Aerial Photographs Remote Sensing
Unknown Other:
27. Surface Collection Strategy (select as many as appropriate):
✓ Not Applicable ☐ Grab Sample ☐ Diagnostics ☐ Controlled-Total ☐ Controlled-Sample
Other (specify):
28. Surface Visibility (select only one as appropriate): None Less than 10%
☐ 11-50%
29. Has site been excavated?
30. Artifacts Collected (estimate percentage of artifacts collected): 100% seen
Prehistoric Artifacts Collected (select as many as appropriate; include frequencies):
Lithics: Debitage Tools Projectile Points FCR
Ceramics: Rim Sherds Body Sherds Faunal Remains
Botanical Remains Human Skeletal Remains Other
Historic Artifacts Collected (select as many as appropriate; include frequencies):
Architectural: Bricks Window Glass 3 Vails 6 Other 2
Ceramics 1  Bottle Glass 2
Food Remains 1  Other Other
Provide a brief description of diagnostic artifacts: N/A
31. Curation Location: Environment & Archaeology, LLC
32. Is Site Eligible to NRHP?: Yes Unevaluated Unknown
Explain: Large portion of site outside of project area has not been evaluated with subsurface testing.

1. P. 19.

F.1

ress: 221 Main St, Florence, KY 41042	
ne Number: _859-746-1778	37. E-Mail: cstoll@environment-archaeology.com
of Fieldwork: 01-30-13	39. Date Form Prepared: 02-08-13
of Fieldwork: 01-30-13	

41. Map (Attach portion of USGS quadrangle map and sketch location with nearest landmarks and other recorded sites; include north arrow, key, and scale)



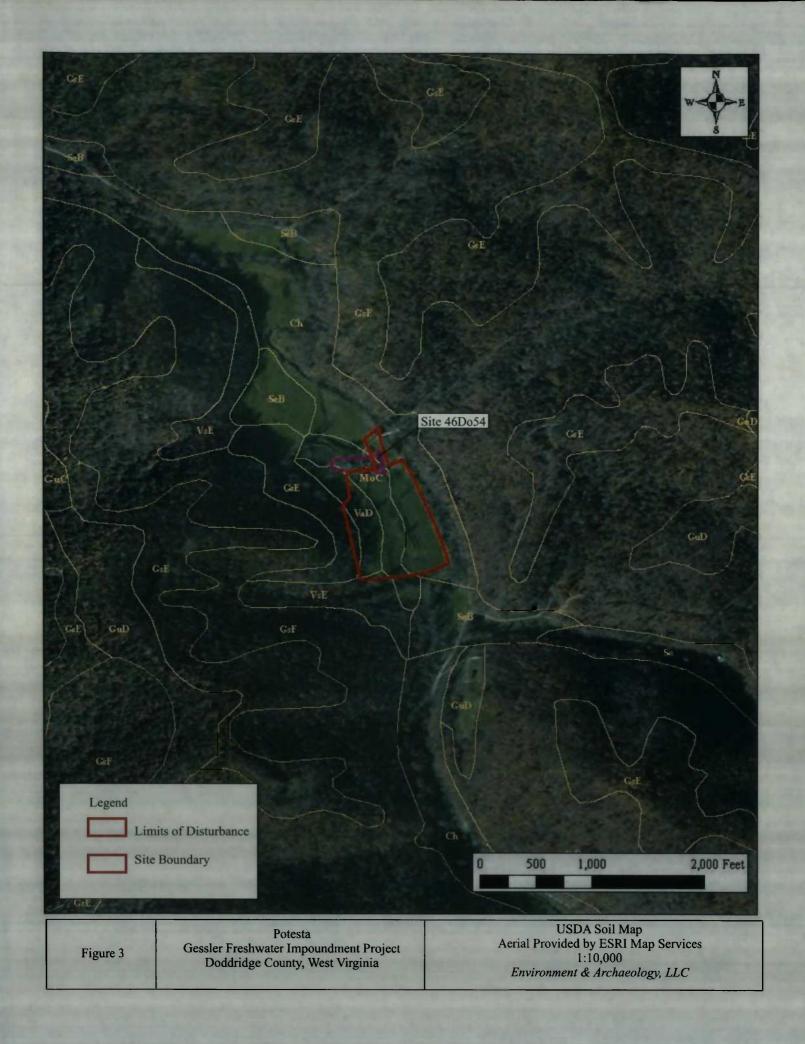
West Virginia Division of Culture and History State Historic Preservation Office 1900 Kanawha Blvd., East Charleston, WV 25305 (304) 558-0220

This program receives federal funds from the National Park Service. Regulations of the U.S. Department of the Interior prohibit unlawful discrimination in departmental Federally Assisted Programs on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, or handicap. Any person who believes he or she has been discriminated against in any program, activity, or facility operated by a recipient of Federal Assistance should write to: Director, Equal Opportunity Program, U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, D.C. 20013-7127.



Figure 2

Potesta Gessler Freshwater Impoundment Project Doddridge County, West Virginia USGS 7.5' Topographic Map Center Point and Smithburg, West Virginia, Quadrangles 1:24,000 Environment & Archaeology, LLC



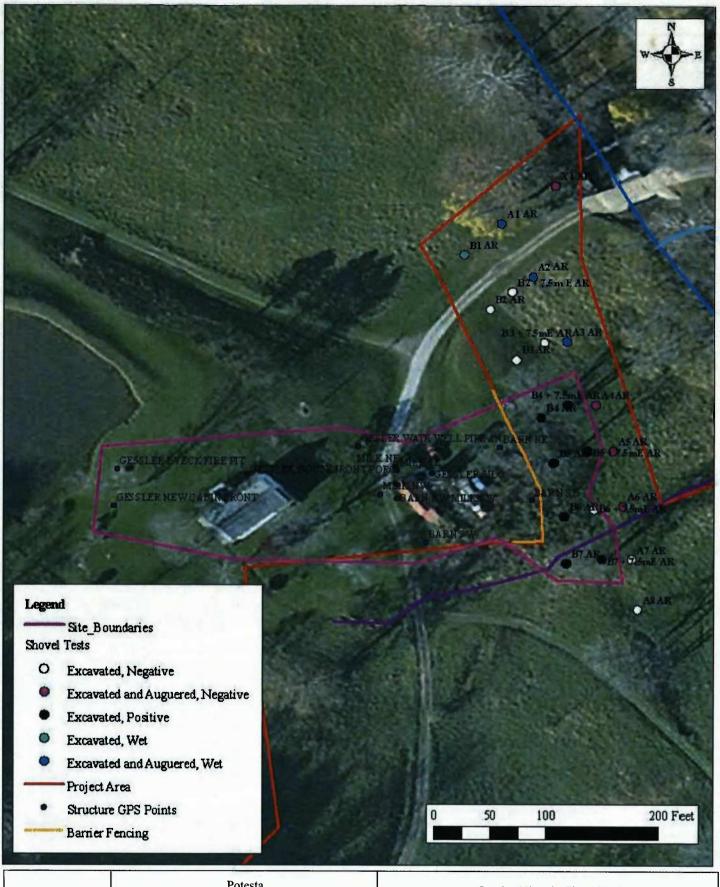


Figure 5

Potesta Gessler Freshwater Impoundment Project Doddridge County, West Virginia

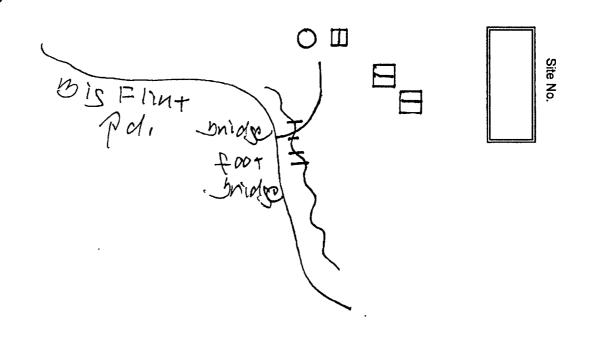
Gessler Historic Site 46Do54 Aerial Provided by ESRI Services Environment & Archaeology, LLC

Internal	Rating:	

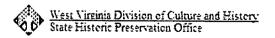
# WEST VIRGINIA HISTORIC PROPERTY INVENTORY FORM

Street Address	Common/Historic Name/Both	Field Survey #	Site # (SHPO Only)
9371 Big Flint Road, West Union, WV 26339	0 0 0	FS#2	
_	Gessler Dairy Farm		
Town or Community	County	Negative No.	NR Listed Date
West Union vicinity	Doddridge		
Architect/Builder	Date of Construction	Style	
	c. 1890		
Exterior Siding/Materials	Roofing Material	Foundation	
aluminum siding	asphalt shingles	concrete block	Facing West
			Facing West
Property Use or Function	UTM#		t
Residence ©	17/525679/4355954 NAD 1983		
Commercial O Other O			242
Other O			
Survey Organization & Date	Quadrangle Name		
Environment &	Smithburg		
Archaeology, LLC January 26, 2013	Part of What Survey/FR#		
Junuary 20, 2010	Gessler – Potesta - EQT		

Sketch Map of Property Or Attach Copy of USGS Map



Present Owners	Owners Mailing Address		
Shirley Lee Gessler	HC Box 81, West Union, WV 26456		
Phone # 304-884-7195			
Describe Setting	_		
Rural setting. Farmstead in creek valley at base of lo pasture with hardwood trees. Country road follows or	ow, wooded hill. Most of land inAcres		
paddio marrialawood troop. Country road follows of	Archaeological Artifacts Present		
Description of Building or Site (Original and Present) 1 Stories 3 Front Ba			
1-story frame dwelling built into hill slope, composed of L-shaped and rectangular blocks back to back. Foundation of concrete block. Walls covered in metal siding with imitation wood grain. Windows replaced with newer metal units 1960s; most openings modified or cut down in size, fixed shutters (cont'd)			
Alterations If yes, describe	(Use Continuation Sheets)		
	10		
Yes No in treated wood; foundation	1 & openings altered; side & rear porches rebuilt likely replaced		
Additions If yes, describe			
Yes No	oof; porch likely replaced		
Describe All Outbuildings			
Suspension footbridge: spans creek that parallels road unequal height. Deck composed of wood planks restir	ng on sleepers.		
Timber bridge: built parallel to footbridge, carries asp	halt driveway across creek. Waters flows (cont'd)		
	(Use Continuation Sheets)		
Statement of Significance			
Small, family-run dairy farm that appears to be indicated on 1961 Smithburg topo map (house & barn). Barn dismantled, silo & milk shed attest to historic function. Main house is modest vernacular dwelling that has been much altered but retains some noteworthy features including porch (cont'd)			
	(Use Continuation Sheets)		
Bibliographical References			
1961 USGS topo map of Smithburg Quad (www.usgs.gov) (Use Continuation Sheets)			
Form Prepared By: Date: January 26, 2013			
Bloma/Organization: 4			
Name/Organization: Margo Warminski, Environment & Archaeology, LLC Address: 221 Main Street			
Florence, KY 41042			
Phone #: 859-746-1778			



# WEST VIRGINIA HISTORIC PROPERTY FORM CONTINUATION SHEET

NAME Gessler Dairy Farm	SITE#	

### Description continued:

added. Some original multi-pane windows stored in basement. Encircling wood porch with turned posts and decorative braces; modified with new wood railing. Lattice infill under porch. Part of porch was enclosed to create mudroom. Original, double-leaf, glazed wood doors with sunburst carvings at mudroom. 1-story rear addition with low-pitched shed roof. Treated wood porches added at side and rear.

Interior of house retains central hall, board walls and ceilings, wood floors, heavily milled woodwork with corner "bullseyes," 4-panel doors, transoms, small wood mantelpiece with paneled chimney breast, built-in cabinets with glazed doors. Previous owner dug out earth under north half of basement to add cinder block supports and sill. Basement includes "clean room" with tongue-and groove wood ceiling, whitewashed surfaces. Well or cistern in basement. Stone-lined springhouse room built of blocks of quarried sandstone, with water trough.

# Outbuildings continued:

11 metal pipes.

Water box and well pipe at driveway.

Flagstone and brick walkway approaches house.

Modern log cabin built 2012-2013: 1-s, concrete block foundation, gabled front porch centered on façade, side-gabled metal roof.

Circular firepit in front of cabin built of reused stone and brick.

Abandoned gas well.

Milking parlor: 1-s, rectangular footprint, concrete block, front-gabled roof covered in raised seam metal. Stone slabs and barn pump in front.

Next to shed is foundation of former dairy barn. Earthen barn ramp remains in place.

Silo: cylindrical, concrete block, roofless. Built on foundation of older, larger silo.

Cut stone barn foundation in woods

### **Evaluation**

The Gessler house is a 19th-century rural vernacular frame residence that has seen one or more additions. Its form has been altered and partially disguised by the rear addition and the partial enclosure of the porch, which have disturbed its integrity of design. Its original wall treatment has been covered with synthetic siding and much of its wood trim has been covered Evaluation: The Gessler house is a 19th-century rural vernacular frame residence that has seen one or more additions. Its form has been altered and partially disguised (continued)

# WEST VIRGINIA HISTORIC PROPERTY FORM CONTINUATION SHEET

NAME Gessler Dairy Farm	SITE#

### **Evaluation continued**

by the rear addition and the partial enclosure of the porch, which have disturbed its integrity of design. Its original wall treatment has been covered with synthetic siding and much of its wood trim has been covered over or removed, affecting its integrity of materials and workmanship. The interior of the house includes some notable features including woodwork, doors, paneling, mantelpiece, floors and a stone springhouse, and the property retains integrity of location because it remains on its original site. However, its integrity of feeling and association has been lessened by the successive exterior alterations. Therefore it does not appear to meet National Register Criterion C.

The following support resources derive their importance as part of a larger entity—the farm—and lack distinction in their own right:

Milking parlor: not eligible. Represents a common mid-20th-c type, lacks individual distinction, altered by rear frame addition.

Silo: not eligible. Represents a common type often found on dairy and stock farms of the mid-20th-c century.

Swinging suspension footbridge: common resource in rural Appalachian regions including Kentucky and West Virginia.

Minor resources: water box and well pipe; abandoned gas well; archaeological resources (barn & silo foundation remnants): derive their significance as part of the farmstead and lack individual distinction.

Modern cabin: noncontributing, prominent site beside original farm residence disturbs farmstead's integrity of setting.

Modern timber bridge: noncontributing.

With the loss of the dairy barn, a key component of the agricultural economy of the farm is missing, and the property has lost much of its ability to convey its significance. In summary, the farm does not appear to meet the criteria for listing in the National Register under Criterion A in the area of agriculture.

# WEST VIRGINIA HISTORIC PROPERTY FORM CONTINUATION SHEET

NAME Gessler Dairy Farm

SITE#



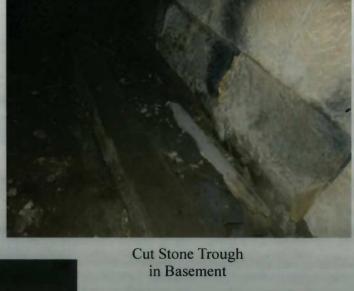
Facing East



Footbridge to Gessler Property Facing West



Silo and Milking Structure Facing South





Interior of Gessler House

# ATTACHMENT C WVSHPO EQT GESSLER CORRESPONDENCE



The Culture Center 1900 Kanawha Blyd., E. Charleston, WV 25305-0300

# Randall Reid-Smith, Commissioner

Phone 304.558.0220 • www.wvculture.org Fax 304.558.2779 • TDD 304.558.3562

December 13, 2012

Ms. Beth Burdette Senior Scientist Potesta 7012 MacCorkle Avenue, SE Charleston, WV 25304

RE:

Gessler Freshwater Impoundment

FR#

13-135-DO

Dear Ms. Burdette:

We have reviewed the above mentioned project to determine its effects to cultural resources. As required by Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, and its implementing regulations, 36 CFR 800: "Protection of Historic Properties," we submit our comments.

According to the information submitted, EQT Production Company proposes to construct a freshwater impoundment and an access road on landforms located southeast of Little Pittsburg, Doddridge County, WV. It is our understanding that a permit may be needed from the US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) if stream impacts are proposed.

## **Archaeological Resources:**

A search of our records indicates that no previously documented archaeological resources are located within the proposed project area. However, the proposed project area encompasses landforms that have the potential to contain archaeological resources. As a result, we request that a Phase I archaeological be conducted prior to the initiation of any ground disturbing activities associated with the project. If a permit is needed from the USACE, that agency will define the Area of Potential Effect and direct you in how to proceed. We will provide further comment upon receipt of the resulting technical report.

### **Architectural Resources:**

We cannot complete our review with the information provided. Submitted photographs show a house and silo within the project area. These buildings may be part of a larger agricultural complex. At this time, we request that a Historic Property Inventory (HPI) form be submitted to our office. This HPI must be completed by an individual meeting the Professional Qualification Standards for Architectural Historian as outlined by the National Park Service. Please see http://www.nps.gov/history/local-law/arch\_stnds\_9.htm for further guidance on these standards.

Parcelle & Hour wise, Nac.

December 13, 2012 Ms. Burdette FR#: 13-135-DO

Page 2

The evaluation must include a determination of eligibility for all buildings associated with the farmstead. Eligibility should be assessed individually and as part of a potential farmstead. If the building or farmstead is determined eligible for inclusion in the National Register, then an assessment of effect would have to occur. We will provide additional comments upon receipt of the requested information.

We appreciate the opportunity to be of service. If you have questions regarding our comments or the permit conditions, please contact Lora A. Lamarre-DeMott, Senior Archaeologist, or Shirley Stewart Burns, Structural Historian, at (304) 558-0240.

X

Susan M. Pierce

Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer

SMP/LAL/SSB



The Culture Center 1900 Kanawha Blvd., E. Charleston, WV 25305-0300

# **Randall Reid-Smith, Commissioner**

Phone 304.558.0220 • www.wvculture.org Fax 304.558.2779 • TDD 304.558.3562

November 5, 2013

Ms. Megan Landfried Environmental Coordinator EQT Gathering, LLC 115 Professional Place Bridgeport, WV 26330

RE:

MOPA-S001 & MOPA-S006 Pipeline Project

FR#

14-40-DO

Dear Ms. Landfried:

We have reviewed the above mentioned project to determine its effects to cultural resources. As required by Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, and its implementing regulations, 36 CFR 800: "Protection of Historic Properties," we submit our comments.

According to the information submitted, EQT Gathering, LLC proposes to construct a natural gas gathering line and associated access roads on landforms located in Grant District, Doddridge County, WV. As indicated in the submitted materials, our records indicate that one archaeological site is located within the proposed project area. The site was discovered during a survey conducted for another project. Although the surveyed portion of the site was determined not eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places, the site's boundaries are thought to extend beyond the previous survey area. As well, its presence indicates that other unknown sites may be contained within the currently proposed project area. As a result, we request that a Phase I archaeological survey be conducted in the proposed project area prior to initiating ground disturbing activities. Per our guidelines, the survey may need to include deep testing if alluvial soils with the potential for deeply buried archaeological deposits are located within the proposed project area. We will provide further comment upon receipt of the resulting technical report.

We appreciate the opportunity to be of service. If you have questions regarding our comments or the Section 106 Process, please contact Lora A. Lamarre-DeMott, Senior Archaeologist, at (304) 558-0240.

May Juma

**Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer** 

SMP/LLD

cc: Jason D. Moser, Cultural Resource Analysts

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENT TO THE DESIGN OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE

23rd, 2013

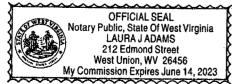
Delivered to the County Could

Clerk of the County Could

118 E. Court Street, West Union, WV 26456

Beth A. Rogers, Doddridge County Flood Plain Manager

12-10



## STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA, COUNTY OF DODDRIDGE, TO WIT

I, Virginia Nicholson, Editor of THE HERALD RECORD, a weekly newspaper published regularly, in Doddridge County, West Virginia, Do Hereby Certify Upon Oath That the Accompanying Legal Notice Entitled:

2
Flos oplain Permit
Flos oplain Premit application #13-098
was published in said paper for
successive weeks beginning with the issue
of December 10 th 2013 and
ending with the issue of
2013 and
that said notice contains 189.
WORD SPACE at
amounts to the sum of \$ Z./
FOR FIRST PUBLICATION, SECOND PUBLICATION IS 75% OF THE FIRST PUBLICATION
s
and each publication thereafter
s Z/.:74 total
EDITOR
······································
SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED
BEFORE ME THIS THE DAY
OF 2013
NOTARY PUBLIC
James Idams