

Commercial/Industrial Floodplain Development Permit

Doddridge County, WV Floodplain Management

This permit has been issued to CNX Gas Company, LLC, and is for the approved commercial and/or industrial development project associated with this permit that impacts the FEMA-designated floodplain and/or floodway of Doddridge County, WV, pursuant to the rules and regulations established by all applicable Federal, State and local laws and ordinances, including the Doddridge County Floodplain Ordinance. This permit must be posted at the site of work as to be clearly visible, and must remain posted during entirety of development.

Permit: #14-310 ~ CNX Gas Company, LLC ~ OXFD17HS Well Site

Date Approved: 10/23/2014 Expires: N/A

Issued to: CNX Gas Company, LLC POC: Kelly Eddy 304-884-2131

Company Address: One Energy Drive, PO Box 1248

Jane Lew, WV 26378

Project Address: Southwest District Lat/Long: 39.179811N/80.760614W

Purpose of development: Well pad construction. Project does not impact floodplain.

Issued by: Edwin L. "Bo" Wriston, Doddridge County FPM (or designee)

Date: 10/23/2014



Blue Mountain Inc. 11023 Mason Dixon Hwy Burton WV, 26562

Ed Race, EIT

Project Engineer

Ph: 304-662-6486 Fax: 304-662-6501 bmi@bluemtninc.com www.bluemtninc.com

GIS • DESIGN • SURVEYING • ENGINEERING • AERIAL MAPPING • ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE



#14-310

2014 OCT 23 AM 9: 21

BETH A. ROGERS
COUNTY CLERK
DODORIDGE COUNTY, WV

October 20, 2014

Mr. Bo Wriston Doddridge County Floodplain Office 118 East Court Street West Union, WV 26456

RE: OXFD17HS Well Site

Mr. Wriston:

On behalf of CNX Gas Company LLC, we are requesting a permit to construct a 275'x400' Natural Gas Well Pad near the intersection of CR19/11 and CR 54/1. This project does not propose any impact to any floodplain.

Should you have any questions or comments, please feel free to contact me at (304) 662-6486.

Sincerely,

Ed Race, EIT, SIT
Project Manager
Blue Mountain Inc.

Enclosures



Commercial/Industrial Floodplain Development Permit Application Doddridge County, WV Floodplain Management

This document is to be used for commercial and/or industrial development projects that impact/potentially impact the FEMA-designated floodplain and/or floodway of Doddridge County, WV pursuant to the rules and regulations established by all applicable Federal, State and local laws and ordinances, including the Doddridge County Floodplain Ordinance.

Permit Application #:	(To be completed by Floodplain Manager or designee
Date Submitted:	
90 Day Window Date:	

Permit	#	

Applicant Information:

Please provide all pertinent data.

Applicant Information					
Responsible Company Name: CNX Gas Company LLC					
Corporate Mailing Address: One Energy Dr	Corporate Mailing Address: One Energy Drive, PO Box 1248				
City: Jane Lew State: WV Zip: 26378					
Corporate Point of Contact (POC): Kelly Edd	у				
Corporate POC Title: Permitting Supervisor					
Corporate POC Primary Phone: (304) 884-2	131				
Corporate POC Primary Email: KellyEddy@	consolenergy.	com			
Corporate FEIN: 20-3170639	Corporate DUN	IS:			
Corporate Website: www.consolenergy.co	om				
Local Mailing Address: Same as above					
City:	State:	Zip:			
Local Project Manager (PM): John Sampson	n				
Local PM Primary Phone: 304-777-781	1				
Local PM Secondary Phone:					
Local PM Primary Email: JohnSampson@consolenergy.com					
Person Filing Application: Ed Race, Blue Mountain Inc.					
Applicant Title: Project Engineer					
Applicant Primary Phone: (304) 662-6486					
Applicant Secondary Phone:					
Applicant Primary Email: BMI@bluemtninc.com					

Permit	#

Project Narrative:

Describe in detail the proposed development including project name/title, type of development, estimated start and completion timeline, and its potential impact on the floodplain. Use additional copies of this page as needed.

Project Narrative:
This project known as the OXD-17 Well Site, will entail the construction of a 2,135'
access road and a 400'x300' well pad. Construction will begin around January, 2015 and
will be completed around May, 2015. There is no expected impact to any floodplain with
this project.

Permit	#	

Proposed Development:

Please check all elements of the proposed project that apply.

Project Description: (Check all that apply)				
New Construction				
Commercial Structure				
Industrial Structure				
Pipeline				
Drill Pad	,			
Storage Yard/Facility				
Roadway Construction				
Bridge/Culvert (Please circle)				
Utility placement				
Utility displacement				
Grade/Excavation/Fill				
Watercourse Alteration				
Above ground chemical or HAZMAT storage tanks				
Above ground storage thanks (other)				
Below ground storage tanks (any)				
Well/Septic System				
Other				
If other, please describe:				

Permit	#	

Development Site/Property Information:

Please provide physical description of the site/property, along with pertinent ownership (surface and mineral rights) data as applicable. Attach appropriate maps from sources such as Google Earth, WV Flood Tool, etc. showing location of proposed development. Use additional copies of this page if development spans multiple property boundaries. Designate each property by number (i.e. Property 1 of 1, Property 2 of 7, etc.)

Property Designation: 1	_ of _	1				
				·		
Site/Property Information						
Legal Description: See er	ıclose	ed site p	lan.			
			•			
Physical Address/911 Add	lress:					
Decimal Latitude/Longitude	de: N	739°10'4	7.32" V	V80°45'38.21" (NAD83)	
DMS Latitude/Longitude:	N39.	.179811	W80.7	60614° (NAD8	33)	
District: Southwest (7)		Мар:	10	1	Parcel:	2
Land Book Description:					•	
Deed Book Reference: B	K/PG	: 230/30)7			4.46.4
Tax Map Reference:						
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Existing Buildings/Use of I	Prope	rty: Th	ere are	several existing	building	gs and existing well
pads around the property	(see	enclose	d site pl	an).		
Floodplain Location Data:	(to be	comple	tad by El	oodnigin Manag	ron on do	viance)
	ì		teu by Fi		jer or ues	
Community:	Nun	nber:		Panel:		Suffix:
Location (Lat/Long):				Approximate I	Elevation	:
				Estimated BFE	·•	
Is the development in the floodway? Is the development in the floodplain?						
□ Yes □ No		·		□ _{Yes}	\Box_{No}	Zone:
Notes:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

Permit	#	

Property Owner Data:

Please provide data on current site/property landowner(s), both surface and mineral rights (as applicable). Use additional copies of this page as needed. Designate each page in relation to each property listed above.

Property Designation: _1_ of _1_			
Property Owner Data:			
Name of Primary Owner (PO): Ike Mo	**io		
PO Address: P.O. Box 397	1118		
0.4	Stata	7:	
City: Glenville	State: WV	Zip: 26351	
PO Primary Phone:			
PO Secondary Phone:			
PO Primary Email:			
			
Surface Rights Owner Data:			
Name of Primary Owner (PO):			· · · ·
PO Address:			
City:	State:	Zip:	
PO Primary Phone:			
PO Secondary Phone:			
PO Primary Email:			
Min and Dights Own on Date: (As Annlie	~L1~)		
Mineral Rights Owner Data: (As Application Name of Primary Owner (PO):	ивіеј		
PO Address:			
City:	State:	Zip:	
PO Primary Phone:			
PO Secondary Phone:			
PO Primary Email:			

Permit a	#	

Contractor Data:

Please provide all pertinent data for contractors and sub-contractors that may be participating in this project. Use additional copies of this page as needed. Designate each page in relation to each property listed above.

Property Designation: 1 of 1		
Contractor/Sub-Contractor (C/SC) Information	n:	
C/SC Company Name: Project will be bid	out in the fut	ture.
C/SC WV License Number:		
C/SC FEIN:	C/SC DUNS	:
Local C/SC Point of Contact (POC):		
Local C/SC POC Title:		
C/SC Mailing Address:		
City:	State:	Zip-Code:
Local C/SC Office Phone:		
Local C/SC POC Phone:		
Local C/SC POC E-Mail:		
Contractor/Sub-Contractor (C/SC) Information	n:	
C/SC Company Name:		
C/SC WV License Number:		
C/SC FEIN:	C/SC DUNS	:
Local C/SC Point of Contact (POC):	•	-
Local C/SC POC Title:		
C/SC Mailing Address:		
City:	State:	Zip-Code:
Local C/SC Office Phone:	•	
Local C/SC POC Phone:		
Local C/SC POC E-Mail:		

Permit	#	

Engineering Firm Data:

Please provide all pertinent data for engineering firm(s) that may be participating in this project. Use additional copies of this page as needed. Designate each page in relation to each property listed above.

Property Designation: 1 of 1				
Engineer Firm Information:				
Engineer Firm Name: Blue Mountain, Inc.				
Engineer WV License Number: 4449				
Engineer Firm FEIN: 550704426	Engineer Firm	DUNS: 805979713		
Engineer Firm Primary Point of Contact (POC):	Ed Race			
Engineer Firm Primary POC Title: Project En	gineer			
Engineer Firm Mailing Address: 11023 Mason	n Dixon Hwy			
City: Burton	State: WV	Zip-Code : 26562		
Engineer Firm Office Phone: (304) 662-6486	5			
Engineer Firm Primary POC Phone:				
Engineer Firm Primary POC E-Mail: BMI@bl	uemtninc.com			
Engineer Firm Information:				
Engineer Firm Name:				
Engineer WV License Number:				
Engineer Firm FEIN:	Engineer Firm	DUNS:		
Engineer Firm Primary Point of Contact (POC):				
Engineer Firm Primary POC Title:				
Engineer Firm Mailing Address:				
City: State: Zip-Code:				
Engineer Firm Office Phone:				
Engineer Firm Primary POC Phone:				
Engineer Firm Primary POC E-Mail:				

Perm	it	#	

Adjacent and/or Affected Landowners Data

Please provide data for all adjacent and/or affected surface owners (both up and down stream) whose property may be impacted by proposed development as demonstrated by a floodplain study or survey. Use additional copies of this page as needed.

Adjacent Property Owner Data:			
Name of Primary Owner (PO): N/A			
PO Address:			
City:	State:	Zip:	
PO Primary Phone:	<u> </u>		
PO Secondary Phone:			
PO Primary Email:			
Adjacent Property Owner Data:			
Name of Primary Owner (PO):			
PO Address:			
City:	State:	Zip:	
PO Primary Phone:	•		
PO Secondary Phone:			
PO Primary Email:			
Adjacent Property Owner Data:			
Name of Primary Owner (PO):			
PO Address:			
City:	State:	Zip:	
PO Primary Phone:	•		
PO Secondary Phone:			
PO Primary Email:			
Adjacent Property Owner Data:			
Name of Primary Owner (PO):			
PO Address:			
City:	State:	Zip:	
PO Primary Phone:			
PO Secondary Phone:			
PO Primary Email:			

Permit	#	

Site Plan

A Site Plan is an accurate and detailed map of the proposed development for this project. It shows the size, shape, location and special features of the project property, and the size and location of any development planned to the property, especially as that development will impact the floodplain and/or floodway. Site plans show what currently exists on the project property, and any changes or improvements you are proposing to make. Two complete sets of plans and specifications are required when applying for a Floodplain Permit. The Floodplain Manager will retain one set, and one set will be dated and returned to the applicant when the permit is issued. A certified and licensed engineering firm should complete site plans.

A SITE PLAN MUST CONTAIN THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION: See Attachment 1

- 1. Legal description of the parcel, north arrow and scale
- 2. All property lines and their dimensions
- 3. Names of adjacent roads, location of driveways
- 4. Location of sloughs, tributaries, streams, rivers, wetlands, ponds, and lakes, with setbacks indicated, and including FEMA floodplain data based on most updated FIRM.
- 5. Location, size, shape of all buildings, existing and proposed, with elevation of lowest floor indicated.
- 6. Location and dimensions of existing or proposed on-site sewage systems.
- 7. Location of all propane tanks, fuel tanks or other liquid storage tanks whether above ground or below ground level.
- 8. Location and dimensions of any proposed pipeline placement(s) into floodplain/floodway.
- 9. Location and dimensions of any roadway development into floodplain/floodway. (Includes initial development access roads)
- 10. Location and dimensions of any bridge and/or culvert development into floodplain/floodway.
- 11. Location and dimensions of any storage yard or facility into the floodplain/floodway.
- 12. Location of any existing utilities and/or proposed utility placement and/or displacement.
- 13. Location, dimensions and depth of any existing or proposed fill on site.
- 14. A survey showing the **existing ground elevations** of at least location on the building site. **ELEVATION NOTE**: All vertical datum will reference either NGVD 29 or NAVD 88. Assumed datum will not be acceptable unless the property is located in an area where vertical datum has not been published. For those areas where vertical datum has not been established, a site plan with contours, elevations using assumed datum, high water marks and existing water levels of sloughs, rivers, lakes or streams and proposed lowest floor elevations is required.

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Applicable Permits:

- 1. WV DEP Horizontal 6A Permit
- 2. WV DOH District 4 MM109 Driveway Permit (#04-2014-1197)
- 3. Office of Land and Streams Permit
- 4. U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Nationwide Permit #39

Permit	#	

Applicant

Please initial beside each bullet point, print name, sign and date.

- I certify that I am authorized to submit this application for the primary project developer.
- I certify that the information included in this application is to the best of my knowledge true and complete.
- I certify that all required Federal, State, and local permits required by law and/or ordinance for
 the above described development of this project have been properly attained, are current and
 valid, and must be presented with this application before a Doddridge County Floodplain Permit
 may be issued.
- I understand that if in the course of the development project additional permits become
 required that were not needed during the initial proposal, the primary developer must notify the
 Doddridge County Floodplain Manager within 48 hours of such need, and that a "Stop Work"
 order may be issued for all project work directly impacting the floodplain or floodway, until such
 time the required additional permits are acquired.
- I understand that once the floodplain permit is submitted, the application will be entered into official public record at the next regularly scheduled Doddridge County Commission meeting after the date of submittal.
- I understand that from the date of submittal of the fully completed permit application, the
 Doddridge County Floodplain Manager has ninety (90) days to make a determination to either
 grant or deny said permit application. During this approval period, the Doddridge County
 Floodplain Manager may, at his or her discretion, conduct a review and/or additional study of
 provided documentation by means of an independent engineering firm. All costs associated with
 said review and/or study must be reimbursed to the County before issuance of approved permit.
- I understand that during the approval period, the Doddridge County Floodplain Manager of designee may at his or her discretion conduct site visits and document conditions of proposed development pursuant to the permit application.
- I understand that once the Floodplain Permit is granted, the permit will be entered into official public record at the next scheduled Doddridge County Commission meeting after the date of issuance. Appeals to the permit may be made no later than twenty (20) days after said issuance. If a valid appeal is submitted, as determined by the Doddridge County Floodplain Manager, a "Stop Work" order will be issued for all project development directly involving the floodplain or floodway. A public hearing by the Doddridge County Appeals Board will be scheduled no less than ten (10) days after the next regularly scheduled Doddridge County Commission meeting.
- I understand that all decisions of the Doddridge County Appeals Board shall be final.
- I understand issuance of a Floodplain Permit authorizes me to proceed with construction as proposed. A Certificate of Compliance is required upon substantial completion of the project.
- In signing this application, the primary developer hereby grants the Doddridge County Floodplain Manager or designee the right to enter onto the above-described location to inspect the development work proposed, in progress, and/or completed.
- I understand that if I do not follow exactly the site-plan submitted and approved by this permit that a "Stop Work" order may be issued by the Wirt County Floodplain Manager and that I must stop all construction immediately until discrepancies of actual work vs. proposed work is resolved.

Applicant Signature: Kell	y Eddy	permitting supervisor Date:	10-16-14
Applicant Printed Name: Kell		'	

Perm	it#	

Floodplain Manager Certification

Doddri	by certify that the applicant above has been notified of applicable compliance with the dge County Floodplain Ordinance of May 21, 2013, and has provided a complete and the Permit Application including the following items:
0	Site Plan prepared by a certified and licensed engineering firm showing the nature, location, dimensions, and elevation of the property located within the floodplain, existing or proposed structures, location of proposed fill, location of storage of materials including fuel, location of drainage facilities, and location of utilities.
	Written description, if applicable, describing the extent which the watercourse will be altered or relocated as a result of the proposed development.
	No-rise certification prepared by a certified and licensed engineering firm for all projects located in the floodway.
	E911 Addressing data, if applicable, for proper addressing of proposed development.
	Copies of all applicable Federal, State and local permits required for development before issuance of the Doddridge County Floodplain Permit.
	Permit fee received: Check #: Amount: \$
Floodp	olain Manager or Designee
Signatu	nre: Date:
Notes:	
 	
·	

Permit	#

Permit Issuance

- o I certify that I am authorized to accept this granted Doddridge County Floodplain Permit for the primary project developer.
- I certify that all required Federal, State, and local permits required by law and/or ordinance for the approved development of this project have been properly attained, and are current and valid.
- I understand that if in the course of the development project additional permits become required that were not needed during the initial proposal, the primary developer must notify the Doddridge County Floodplain Manager within 48 hours of such need, and that a "Stop Work" order may be issued for all project work directly impacting the floodplain or floodway, until such time the required additional permits are acquired.
- o I understand that once the Floodplain Permit is granted, the permit will be entered into official public record at the next scheduled Doddridge County Commission meeting after the date of issuance. Appeals to the permit may be made no later than twenty (20) days after said issuance. If a valid appeal is submitted, as determined by the Doddridge County Floodplain Manager, a "Stop Work" order will be issued for all project development directly involving the floodplain or floodway. A public hearing by the Doddridge County Appeals Board will be scheduled no less than ten (10) days after the next regularly scheduled Doddridge County Commission meeting.
- o I understand that all decisions of the Doddridge County Appeals Board shall be final.
- I understand issuance of a Floodplain Permit authorizes me to proceed with construction as proposed. A Certificate of Compliance is required upon substantial completion of the project.
- o I understand that the granted Doddridge County Floodplain Permit must be visibly displayed at the development site at or near floodplain or floodway activity. (Doddridge County Floodplain Manager will provide one (1) laminated permit for display. Additional copies are available upon request.)
- o In signing this application, the primary developer grants the Doddridge County Floodplain Manager or designee the right to enter onto the above-described location to inspect the development work proposed, in progress, and/or completed.
- I understand that if I do not follow exactly the site-plan submitted and approved by this
 permit that a "Stop Work" order may be issued by the Wirt County Floodplain Manager and
 that I must stop all construction immediately until discrepancies of actual work vs. proposed
 work is resolved.

Primary Developer Permit Recipient

Signature:	
Printed Name:	
Title:	
Floodplain Manager or Designee	
Signature	Date

Perm	it	#	

Floodplain Manager Checklist:

Date submitted, Date required for completion, date of public notice of permit application at commission meeting, date of paper notification, date of paper publication, permit payment received, payment data, payment cleared bank, date submitted to engineer, date report received from engineer, date permit issued/rejected, date of site visit and documentation

Last date for appeal
Appeal received
Appeal valid/invalid
Stop work order issued
Commission meeting
Last date for FPM decision appeal
FPM decision appeal received
Commission meeting
Board of Appeals public hearing
Final BOA decision

Date of work completion
Date of closeout

THE HERALD RECORD

Légal Advertisément

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENT:
Döddridge County
Floodplain Permit Application
Please take notice that on the 25-rd days of October, 2014
CNX Gas Company, eLEC filed an application for a
Floodplain Permit to develop landalocated alion about:
Southwest District 139/179811N/80/7606/14W/Permit #14310/ONED17HS/Well/Site (Note This projection not
within the floodplain) The Application is on file with the
Clerk of the County/Court and may be inspected or
copied during, regular business hours [As this project is
outside the FEMA, dentified floodplain of Doddridge
County/Doddridge County/Foodplain/Management thas
no regulatory, authority, Any interested persons who
desire to comment shall present the same inswriting by
November 27: 2014

Clerk of the County Court

118 E Courtistreet, West Union, WY 26456
Beth A Rogers, Doddridge County Flood Plain
Management L., Bo' Wriston, Doddridge County Flood Plain

Edwin L. "Bo" Wriston, Doddridge County Flood Plain Manager 11-11-2xb

11-11-2xb

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA, COUNTY OF DODDRIDGE, TO WIT

I, Virginia Nicholson, Editor of THE HERALD RECORD, a weekly newspaper published regularly, in Doddridge County, West Virginia, Do Hereby Certify That the Accompanying Legal Notice Entitled: Floodplain Kermit OXFD17HS Well Site was published in said paper for successive weeks beginning with the issue of. Movember 11th 2014 and ending with the issue of that said notice contains 189. amounts to the sum of \$. . 21.7.4. FOR FIRST PUBLICATION, SECOND **PUBLICATION IS 75% OF THE FIRST PUBLICATION** and each publication thereafter SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED BEFORE ME THIS THE NOTARY RUBLIC





LOCATION MAP

PROJECT INFORMATION

SURFACE OWNER

TAX MAP/PARCEL 07-10-2 TOTAL PROPERTY AREA: 6,600.75 Ac. TOTAL PROPERTY AREA: 55.0 Ac.

TAX MAP/PARCEL 7-II-I

SITE LOCATION:

THE OXFDI7HS SITE IS LOCATED NORTH OF COUNTY ROUTE 19/11 APPROXIMATELY 84 FEET WEST OF ITS INTERSECTION WITH COUNTY

ENTRANCE PERMIT

CNX GAS COMPANY WILL OBTAIN AN ENCROACHMENT PERMIT (FORM MM-109) FROM THE WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS, PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES.

MISS UTILITY

MISS UTILITY OF WEST VIRGINIA WAS NOTIFIED FOR THE LOCATING OF UTILITIES PRIOR TO THIS PROJECT DESIGN (TICKET No. 1404502887). IN ADDITION, MISS UTILITY WILL BE CONTACTED PRIOR TO THE START OF THE PROJECT.

FLOODPLAIN NOTE

THE PROPOSED LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE FOR THIS PROJECT ARE NOT LOCATED IN A FLOOD ZONE, PER THE FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM) NUMBERS 54017C0225C, 54017C0250C & 54017C0230C.

NOTE: DRAWING WAS CREATED ON 22x34 PAPER. IIXI7 DRAWINGS

ARE HALF SCALE. REFER TO SCALE BAR FOR PROPER SCALING.

DETAILED SITE PLAN (4 OF 4)

6 CNIGAS

CNX GAS COMPANY LLC ONE ENERGY DRIVE JANE LEW, WV 26378

OXFD17HS WELL SITE

PAD CENTER LOCATION

NAD 83 - LAT: N 39° II' 01.18": LONG: W 80° 45' 29.98" NAD 27 - LAT: N 39° II' 00.87"; LONG: W 80° 45' 30.61" UTM, NAD 83 - N: 4337185.788; E: 520872.626

ENTRANCE LOCATION

NAD 83 - LAT: N 39° 10' 47.32"; LONG: W 80° 45' 38.21" NAD 27 - LAT: N 39° 10' 47.01": LONG: W 80° 45' 38.84" UTM, NAD83 - N: 4336758.012; E: 520676.307

SOUTHWEST DISTRICT. DODDRIDGE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA DATE: SEPTEMBER 22, 2014



Engineers and Land Surveyors

11023 Mason Dixon Hwv. Burton, WV 26562-9656 (304) 662-6486

Know what's below. Call before you dig.



ENVIRONMENTAL NOTES

A WETLAND DELINEATION WAS PERFORMED ON JUNE 17 & 18, 2014 BY BLUE MOUNTAIN INC. TO REVIEW THE SITE FOR WATERS AND WETLANDS THAT ARE MOST LIKELY WITHIN THE REGULATORY PURVIEW OF THE U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS AND/OR THE WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION. THE JUNE 23. 2014 REPORT FOR OXFDI7HS, WHICH WAS PREPARED BY BLUE MOUNTAIN INC. SUMMARIZES THE RESULTS OF THE FIELD DELINEATION. THE REPORT DOES NOT, IN ANY WAY, REPRESENT A JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION OF THE LANDWARD LIMITS OF WATERS AND WETLANDS WHICH MAY BE REGULATED BY THE USACE OR WVDEP. IT IS STRONGLY RECOMMENDED THAT THE AFOREMENTIONED AGENCIES BE CONSULTED IN AN EFFORT TO GAIN CONFIRMATION OF THE DELINEATION DESCRIBED BY THE REPORT PRIOR TO ENGAGING CONSTRUCTION ON THE PROPERTY DESCRIBED HEREIN THE DEVELOPER SHALL OBTAIN THE APPROPRIATE PERMITS FROM THE FEDERAL AND/OR STATE REGULATORY AGENCIES PRIOR TO ANY PROPOSED IMPACTS TO WATERS OF THE U.S., INCLUDING WETLAND FILLS AND STREAM CROSSINGS.

GEOTECHNICAL NOTES

A SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION OF THE PROPOSED SITE WAS PERFORMED IN THE FIELD BY RETTEW ASSOCIATES, INC. BETWEEN JULY 31 - AUGUST 29, 2014. THE REPORTS PREPARED BY RETTEW ASSOCIATES, INC. DATED SEPTEMBER 17, 2014, REFLECTS THE RESULTS OF THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION. PLEASE REFER TO THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION REPORT FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, AS NEEDED.

RESTRICTIONS

- 1. THERE ARE NO NATURALLY PRODUCING TROUT STREAMS WITHIN 300' OF THE PAD 8 1 OD
- 2. THERE ARE NO GROUNDWATER INTAKE OR PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY FACILITIES WITHIN 1000' OF THE PAD AND LOD.
- 3. THERE ARE NO EXISTING WATER WELLS OR DEVELOPED SPRINGS WITHIN 250' OF THE WELLS BEING DRILLED. 4. THERE ARE NO OCCUPIED DWELLING STRUCTURES WITHIN 625' OF THE
- CENTER OF THE PAD 5. THERE ARE NO AGRICULTURAL BUILDINGS LARGER THAN 2,500 SQUARE
- FEET WITHIN 625' OF THE CENTER OF THE PAD.

I DO HEREBY CERTIFY TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE, INFORMATION AND BELIEF. THAT THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN AND SITE RESTORATION PLAN AND POST CONSTRUCTION BMPS ARE TRUE AND CORRECT. REPRESENT ACTUAL FIELD CONDITIONS AND ARE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE WEST VIRGINIA CODE AND THE DEPARTMENT'S RULES AND REGULATIONS I AM AWARE THAT THERE ARE SIGNIFICANT PENALTIES FOR SUBMITTING FALSE INFORMATION, INCLUDING THE POSSIBILITY OF FINE AND IMPRISONMENT

DATE: 09/22/2014

AS COMPA ENERGY D LEW, WV

THS WELL COVER

REVISIONS

DRAWN	BY: WSH	
CHECK	ED BY: WPF	
DATE	09/22/14	
SCALE	AS SHOWN	

SHEET NO. I

3 **GENERAL NOTES** 1/2 MILE BOUNDARY OVERVIEW EXISTING CONDITIONS OVERALL SITE PLAN OVERALL SITE PLAN W/ ORTHO 8 DETAILED SITE PLAN (I OF 4) DETAILED SITE PLAN (2 OF 4) 9

SHEET INDEX

DRAWING NUMBER DRAWING NAME DRAWING NUMBER DRAWING NAME ROAD PROFILES & SECTIONS COVER SHEET 12 PAD PROFILES & SECTIONS **GENERAL NOTES** 13 RECLAMATION PLAN (I OF 4) 14 15 RECLAMATION PLAN (2 OF 4) 16 RECLAMATION PLAN (3 OF 4) 17 RECLAMATION PLAN (4 OF 4) 18 CONSTRUCTION DETAILS 19 CONSTRUCTION DETAILS 20 CONSTRUCTION DETAILS MATERIAL QUANTITIES 21 10 DETAILED SITE PLAN (3 OF 4)

SHEET INDEX

General Notes

- 1. Please refer to Geotechnical Report dated September 17, 2014 prepared by RETTEW Associates, Inc. Blue Mountain Inc. shall assumeno responsibility for any unforeseen site conditions during or after construction, including any potential slope or embankment failures due to surcharge load or other causes
- 2. Blue Mountain Inc. will not be responsible for means, methods, procedures, techniques, or sequences of construction that are not specified herein. Blue Mountain will not be responsible for safety on the work site, or for failure by the contractor to perform work according to design plans and specifications.
- 3. The contractor shall be solely responsible for complying with all Federal, State and Local safety requirements including the occupational safety and health act of 1970. The contractor shall always exercise precaution for the protection of persons including employees and property. It shall also be the sole responsibility of the contractor to initiate, maintain and supervise all safety requirements, precautions and programs in connection with the work, including the requirements for confined spaces per CFR 1910.146.
- 4. The contractor shall restrict construction activity to the areas shown on the plans unless otherwise authorized by CNX Gas Company LLC.
- The contractor shall carefully preserve benchmarks, property corners, reference points, stakes and other survey reference monuments or markers. In cases
 of willful or careless destruction, the contractor shall be responsible for restorations. Resetting of markers shall be performed by an professional surveyor
 as approved by CNX Gas Company LLC.
- 6. All structures, landscaping, signs if any or other appurtenances disturbed or damaged during construction shall be replaced or repaired to the satisfaction of CNX Gas. The cost of this work shall be the responsibility of the contractor.
- 7. All trees within the construction area will be preserved except the trees that are to be removed as shown in the plans.
- 8. Contractor shall maintain adequate clearance from all electric lines, if any, in accordance with the national electrical safety code.
- 9. All earth disturbances, including clearing and grubbing as well as cuts and fills shall be done in accordance with the approved E&S plan. A copy of the approved drawings (stamped, signed and dated by the reviewing agency) must be available at the project site at all times. The reviewing agency shall be notified of any changes to the approved plan prior to implementation of those changes. The reviewing agency may require a written submittal of those changes for review and approval at its discretion.
- 10. Areas to be filled are to be cleared, grubbed, and stripped of topsoil to remove trees, vegetation, roots and other objectionable material.
- 11. The contractor shall minimize all clearing and disturbance to the environment to the maximum extent possible. Clearing, grubbing, and topsoil stripping shall be limited to those areas described in each stage of the construction sequence.
- 12. Perimeter sediment barriers shall be implemented as the first step of grading within seven (7) days from the start of clearing and grubbing, and shall continue to function until the slope development area is restabilized.
- 13. All graded areas shall be permanently stabilized immediately upon reaching finished grade. Cut slopes in competent bedrock and rock fills need not be vegetated. Seeded areas within 50 feet of a surface water, or as otherwise shown on the plan drawings, shall be blanketed according to the standards of this plan.
- 14. Immediately after earth disturbance activities cease in any area or subarea of the project, the operator shall stabilize all disturbed areas. During non-germinating months, mulch or protective blanketing shall be applied as described in the plan. Areas not at finished grade, which will be reactivated within 1 year, may be stabilized in accordance with the temporary stabilization specifications. Those areas which will not be reactivated within 1 year shall be stabilized in accordance with the permanent stabilization specifications.
- 15. No solid (other than sediment) or liquid waste, including building materials, shall be discharged in storm water runoff. All non-sediment pollutants must be disposed of in accordance with the Department's Solid Waste Management Regulations. Rubbish, trash, garbage, litter, or other such materials shall be disposed into sealed containers. Materials shall be prevented from leaving the site through the action of wind or storm water discharge into drainage ditches or waters of the state.
- 16. If the action of vehicles traveling over the stabilized construction exit does not sufficiently remove most of the dirt and mud, then the tires must be washed before vehicles enter a public road. Tracking or spilling mud, dirt or debris upon streets or drives is prohibited. Any such occurrence shall be cleaned up immediately by the contractor at no additional cost to CNX Gas Company LLC. If the contractor fails to remove said mud, dirt, debris, or spillage, any fines levied against CNX Gas Company LLC by local and state regulators will be charged to contractor.
- 17. Dust control using approved materials must be performed at all times. The use of motor oils and other petroleum based or toxic liquids for dust suppression is prohibited. On-site and off-site stockpile and borrow areas shall be protected from erosion and sedimentation by the use of best management practices. These areas must be shown in the site map and permitted in accordance with general permit requirements. At a minimum compost filter socks are to be placed at perimeter of stockpile area to prevent soil from leaving the stockpile area. All materials spilled, dropped, washed, or tracked onto the roadways or into the storm sewers must be removed immediately.
- 18. All construction shall be stabilized at the end of each day; this includes backfilling of trenches for utility construction and placement of gravel or asphalt for road construction. The last layer of soil, including top soil should be compacted to 80% 85% of the maximum standard proctor density, in areas that will receive vegetation. This is particularly important in cut slope and embankment areas. The contractor shall maintain traffic on local county roads to the public at all times during construction. All traffic lanes shall be open to traffic at all times. The contractor shall use caution & proper traffic control devices (i.e drums, signs, flaggers, etc) when working in the vicinity of the project site.
- 19. The contractor shall add additional controls if conditions warrant
- 20. The contractor shall be solely responsible for ensuring safety of monitoring and pedestrian traffic during performance of the work.
- 21. There shall be no discharge from the well pad sumps during drilling operations. Sumps are to be removed and berms are to be breached during reclamation of the site.

General Utility Notes

- At least 3 days prior to starting any earth disturbance activities, or expanding into an area previously unmarked, Miss Utility shall be notified by dialing 811 for the location of existing underground utilities.
- 2. The identity and locations of existing underground utilities in the construction area have been shown on the plans as accurately as provided by the owner of the underground utility. Blue Mountain Inc. & CNX Gas Company LLC assumes no responsibility for the accuracy of depths, and locations of underground facilities shown on the approved construction drawings. If damage is caused, the contractor shall be responsible for repair of the same and for any resulting contingent damage.
- Location, support, protection and restoration of all existing utilities and appurtenances, whether shown or not shown on the approved construction drawings, shall be the responsibility of the contractor.
- When unknown or incorrectly located underground utilities are encountered during construction, the contractor shall immediately notify CNX Gas Company LLC.
- When making excavations, the contractor shall do the following:
- A. Maintain reasonable clearance between any underground facility and the cutting edge or point of powered equipment.
- B. Protect and preserve the markings of approximate locations of underground utility facilities until those markings are no longer required for proper and safe excavations.
- C. When approaching underground utility facilities while excavating with powered equipment, require an individual other than the equipment operator, to look for any sign of underground utility facility.
- D. Conduct the excavation in the vicinity of the underground utility facility in a careful and prudent manner, excavating by hand, if necessary, to determine the precise location of the facility and to prevent damage.
- E. As soon as any damage is discovered, including gouges, dents, or breaks to coatings, cable sheathes, and cathodic protection anodes or wiring, report the type and location of the damage to the utility and permit the utility a reasonable amount of time to make necessary repairs.
- F. Immediately report to the utility and, if necessary, to the appropriate law enforcement agencies and fire departments, and damage to an underground utility facility that results in escaping flammable, corrosive, explosive, or toxic liquids or gas, and take reasonable appropriate actions needed to protect persons or property and to minimize safety hazards until those agencies and departments and the utility arrive at the scene.
- Contractor shall comply with all provisions of the national electric safety code, especially when working near live electric lines.

Construction Sequence

- Field-mark limits of disturbance and environmentally sensitive areas (including steep slopes, riparian buffers, wetlands, springs, and floodways).
- 2. Construct rock construction entrance.
- 3. Install BMP's associated with the access road.
- 4. Clear and grub entire site.
- 5. Remove and stockpile topsoil as shown on the plans.
- 6. Stabilize topsoil stocknile(s).
- 7. Construct access road and associated ditches and culverts
- As soon as road reaches final grade, install geotextile, base and finishing stone. Temporary and/or permanent seeding and mulching shall follow earthmoving activity as closely as possible and should be stabilized within 24 hours of any cessation of earthmoving activities.
- 9. Install remaining BMP's associated with the construction of the pad.
- 10. Remove and stockpile topsoil as shown on the plans.
- 11. Stabilize topsoil stockpile(s).
- 12. Begin pad grading utilizing cut material to be compacted up to pad grade.
- 13. As soon as Pad reaches final grade, slopes and other disturbed areas will be stabilized with permanent seeding and mulching and pad will be covered with geotextile, base and finishing stone. Temporary and/or permanent seeding and mulching shall follow earthmoving activity as closely as possible and should be stabilized within 24 hours of any cessation of earthmoving activities.
- 14. Once final grading is complete and the site has reached a minimum vegetation of 70%, and upon DEP inspection, Site E&S controls may be removed.
- 15. Following completion of the wells, the gravel surface of the well pad will be restored to the minimum area necessary to maintain the wells. Due to the large amount of earthwork, this will only included placing topsoil, seeding and mulching.

Grading & Compaction Notes

- Perform test pits in the presence of the engineer prior to initiating mass grading in areas directed by the field engineer and during construction when directed by the engineer.
- Clearing, grubbing, stripping of organic surface soils and the removal of unsuitable/unstable soils and existing uncontrolled fill shall be performed in all structural areas.
- 3. After stripping has been completed, the resulting subgrade should be proof rolled with a fully loaded tandem axle dump truck prior to structural fill placement. Subgrade soils identified as being unsuitable or unstable, including unstable colluvial soils, shall be undercut to a stable soil stratum and backfilled with controlled, compacted soil fill or rock fill, where indicated on the Plans. All unsuitable soil containing excessive organics or debris shall be wasted.
- 4. Provide drainage measures for springs or perched water that are encountered during construction. The treatment, which will be determined in the field depending on the conditions, may include placement of drain tile, mattress drains, interceptor trenches, and/or sumps to collect the water. All water shall be outletted by gravity outside of the limits of the pad slopes.
- 5. The excavation contractor shall be solely responsible for evaluating the excavation effort required for the highly weathered to competent rock strata and to size material that complies with WVDOH Construction Manual 2002, Section 207.7 Rock Embankment, and has a maximum particle size and lift thickness of 18 inches. Provide on-site crushing and blending as necessary to meet acceptable gradations for excavated rock. Where embankment soil fill or native soils are located against rock fill, create a suitable rock fill gradation to prevent soil migration by blending the rock fill with soil or choking the rockfill with imported aggregate.
- 6. On-site soils meeting USCS designations of CL, ML, or more granular with a maximum particle size of six inches shall be used as soil fill. If available, rock or soil fill consisting of on-site granular soils meeting the USCS classification of SC, SM, GC, and GM or more granular should be utilized in the toe benches. Unsuitable materials with unacceptable fractions of organics or debris are not permitted for use as fill. If coal or carbonaceous material is encountered during excavation, immediately contact the client and engineer.
- 7. Place all fill on a stable, nearly level subgrade. Compaction equipment shall consist of large (20 ton minimum) vibratory, self-propelled sheepsfoot rollers for cohesive soils and smooth-drum rollers for granular soils. Smooth-drum rollers are not permitted for the initial compaction of cohesive soils.
- 8. Compact structural fill to the following minimum specifications:
- Soil fill below the upper two feet of pad subgrade -- maximum nine inch loose lifts compacted to 95% of max dry
 density and within three percentage points of the optimum moisture content as determined by ASTM D-698.
- Soil fill within the upper two feet of pad subgrade -- maximum nine inch loose lifts compacted to 98% of max dry density and within two percentage points of the optimum moisture content as determined by ASTM D-698.
- Rock fill -- maximum 18 inch loose lifts compacted to non-movement under compaction equipment.

It is not recommended to use soil fill that is more than three percentage points above the optimum moisture content or soils that classify as fat clay (CH) or elastic silt (MH). If the client decides to use these soils the following measures shall be provided to enhance stability.

- Compaction shall be controlled by determining the maximum achievable compaction from a control strip.
- These soils shall not be placed in embankment slopes, within the upper three feet of the pad surface, or under areas of the pad that will support rig loads. Consult the field engineer for areas of fill placement.
- Ensure the maximum recommended lift thickness is maintained to allow for maximum achievable compaction.
- Dry soils by mixing with drier soil and/or rock.
- Sequence construction to allow for some moisture reduction by natural drying or aerating.
- Static compaction methods may be specified to reduce instability.
- Provide mass grading observation and testing to make sure that the contractor is controlling material placement and compaction in the most effective manner.
- 9. Fill slopes constructed in a manner to ensure adequate compaction to the edge of the fill, which may require constructing the slope wider than necessary and then cutting back to the required grade. Upon completion of the final grading, the slopes shall be tracked down with tracked equipment prior to placing topsoil.
- 10. Toe benches are required for each fill slope in accordance with the Benching and Transition Detail. Different bench dimensions and configurations may be necessary as dictated by subsurface conditions, such as wet or unstable colluvial soils, high plasticity clays, or clay seams located within the bedrock. These occurrences may be revealed during grading, or during test pit excavation performed during toe bench construction. The field engineer is responsible for proof rolling and performing test pits in the toe benches to assess the presence of these materials. Drainage measures shall be provided as indicated in the Benching and Transition Detail. Additional drainage measures shall be installed as directed by the field engineer. Bench drains shall connect to drainage mains, which are outletted via gravity laterals where indicated. Excavations for toe benches and bonding benches in coal and/or carbonaceous shale may encounter perched groundwater. Plans to control, drain and treat if necessary are recommended.
- 11. Construct bonding benches to the crest of embankment where slopes are placed over existing slopes 5H:1V or steeper. Bonding benches shall be in accordance with the Benching and Transition Detail.
- 12. The sides of temporary excavations shall be adequately sloped or shored/braced to provide stable sides and safe working conditions for operators, laborers and engineering inspectors to proof roll the subgrade and perform test pits. All applicable Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) safety standards shall be followed by the contractor.
- 13. Proof roll the final pad/road surface with a loaded triaxle dump truck to identify any areas of unstable soils. Unstable soils shall be removed by over-excavation and replacement with controlled compacted soil or rock fill. Provide a cut/fill transition zone and place subsurface drains at the transition zone as directed by the engineer.
- 14. The subgrade shall be sealed on a daily basis to minimize disturbance and moisture intrusion
- 15. Earthwork operations shall be observed and tested on a full-time basis by a soils technician under the supervision of a geotechnical engineer. The observation and testing shall include observation of stability of toe and bonding benches, including presence of unstable colluvial soils; installation of drainage measures, lift thickness of material, compactive effort, type and moisture of soil, gradation of the rockfill and, moisture and density of compaction. All compactive effort shall be verified by in-place density testing on each lift at a maximum 100-foot grid pattern.



CNX GAS COMPANY LLC ONE ENERGY DRIVE JANE LEW. WV 26378 WELL SITE L NOTES



CNYGAS

REVISIONS

DATE TYPE



CHECKED BY: WPF

DATE: 09/22/14

SCALE: AS SHOWN

JOB NO.

DRAWING NAME:

General Erosion And Sediment Control Methods / Procedures

- Erosion and sediment control facilities shall be constructed, stabilized, and functional before any site disturbance begins within the tributary areas of those facilities.
- 2. In all cases, the smallest practical area of stable land surface will be disturbed
- 3. At no time will sediment laden runoff be allowed to leave the site and enter State waters without first passing through a sediment filtering device. Should site conditions, construction procedures, etc. alter the approved plan to the point where sediment and sediment laden runoff is not being controlled and filtered before it leaves the site, additional erosion control facilities are to be implemented.
- 4. Although the staging of earthmoving activities has been described within certain areas, the work may occur over the entire project area simultaneously. Measures shall be implemented as necessary to continue the integrity of the erosion and sedimentation control plan.
- 5. Earth disturbance activities, including movement of construction vehicles, shall be avoided / minimized below the location of the perimeter erosion control facilities. Should earth disturbance occur below the perimeter erosion control facilities, permanent stabilization shall be immediately applied to those disturbed areas.
- 6. Waste and excess materials shall be stockpiled or disposed of in a lawful manner on site or at an approved facility
- All offsite borrow areas, waste disposal areas, and/or storage areas shall have an approved erosion and sediment pollution control plan prior to the start of any earthmoving activities in these offsite areas.
- 8. Topsoil and excess material stockpiles shall be seeded and mulched if they are to remain for more than 4 days. Stockpiles are to be placed in a location where they will not interfere with construction activities and are not to be located within the flow path of a natural or constructed waterway. Stockpile areas are to have side slopes of 2H:1V or flatter.
- 9. Permanent stabilization is required as soon as a disturbed area is brought to grade or final earth moving has been completed. Where it is not possible to permanently stabilize a disturbed area immediately after the final earthmoving has been completed or where the activity ceases for more than 4 days, temporary stabilization measures shall be implemented promptly.
- 10. Areas which are to be topsoiled shall be scarified to a minimum depth of 3 to 5 inches 6 to 12 inches on compacted soils prior to placement of topsoil. Areas to be vegetated shall have a minimum 4 inches of topsoil in place prior to seeding and mulching. Fill outslopes shall have a minimum of 2 inches of topsoil.
- 11. Any erosion and sedimentation control facility required or necessary to protect areas from erosion during the stabilization period shall be maintained until permanent stabilization of the contributing drainage area is completed. Upon completion of permanent stabilization, all unnecessary or unstable control measures and facilities shall be removed. The disturbed areas created by this activity shall be brought to final grade and the soils shall be immediately stabilized.
- 12. Schedule construction so that grading operations can begin and end as quickly as possible.
- 13. Clearly mark areas that are not to be disturbed by flags, signs, etc.

General Maintenance / Contractor Responsibilities

- The maintenance for the project shall be in accordance with the approved erosion and sedimentation control plan.
 The contractor shall be responsible for the continuous maintenance of all erosion and sediment measures and
 devices for the duration of the project and until which time the area is stabilized with a minimum uniform 70%
 perennial vegetative cover.
- 2. All facilities shall be inspected and repaired, if necessary, after each measurable rainfall event and a period not to exceed one week. All preventative maintenance work, including clean out, repair, replacement, regrading, reseeding, remulching, and anchoring of the mulch shall be performed immediately. Sediment collected from the erosion control structures shall be placed upstream of those controls and immediately stabilized with seed and an anchored mulch or hauled off site to a disposal area with an approved erosion and sediment pollution control plan.
- At no time will sediment laden runoff be allowed to leave the site and enter State waters without first passing
 through a sediment filtering device. If erosion control facilities fail to perform as expected, alternative facilities or
 modifications of those facilities installed will be required.
- 4. All permanently seeded areas that become eroded shall have the topsoil replaced, the erosion control matting replaced (if applicable), the grass resown and mulch reapplied and anchored. If erosion persists, the area shall be either lined with sod or stabilized with rock riprap.
- A copy of the approved erosion and sediment control plan shall be kept available for inspection on the construction site at all times throughout the term of the project.
- 6. The intent of this plan / narrative is to indicate general means of compliance with the requirements of the rules and regulations of The West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection. It shall be the responsibility of the contractor to implement these methods, plus additional methods, as may be necessary because of conditions created by localized site conditions and/or construction procedures in order to assure compliance with applicable law. It will further be the responsibility of the contractor to maintain all erosion and sediment control facilities so that they perform as required by amplicable law.
- Fines and related costs resulting from the contractor's failure to provide adequate protection against soil erosion and for any violations of the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder shall be borne by the contractor.

Recycling And Disposal Methods

Remove waste materials including trash and debris and legally dispose of them off the site to a WVDEP approved dump site. Separate recyclable materials produced during site clearing from other non-recyclable materials. Store or stockpile without intermixing with other materials and transport them to recycling facilities. Material to be removed shall be removed daily and shall not be allowed to accumulate at the site.

Temporary Control Measures and Facilities

- 1. General see plans and details for proposed locations and construction details for BMP's.
- Temporary vegetation a vegetative cover, annual or perennial, but typically rapid growing annual grasses, small
 grains or legumes. Used to provide erosion protection to a disturbed area until active earthmoving resumes or
 permanent protection is provided.
- Compost filter socks Compost filter socks shall be placed at existing level grade. Both ends of the sock shall be extended at least 8 feet up slope at 45 degrees to the main sock alignment.
- 4. Rock filter Rock filters may be used to control runoff within constructed channels at the downstream end of the channel during construction until the protective lining is installed or during a temporary disturbance within the channel. They may also be used below construction work within an existing stream channel while flow is being diverted past the work area. In such cases, the filter should be located between the work area and the discharge from the bypass system. Rock filters may not be used instead of an adequate protective lining in sediment basin emergency spillways. This can reduce the effective discharge capacity of the spillway and, in so doing, increase the possibility of embankment failure.
- Rock construction entrance Shall be installed prior to exiting the site to avoid excessive tracking of mud onto a highway. Access to the site should be limited to the stabilized entrance(s).
- 6. Compost Sock Sediment Traps Shall be constructed in the location shown on the erosion and sediment control plan in accordance with the erosion and sediment control plan details. Consideration should be given to how the location of any proposed trap will be accessed. If a proposed location is not easily accessible, special attention should be given to any access roads roads that will need to be constructed.

Erosion & Sediment Control Structure Maintenance Procedures

Rock Construction Entrance

The entrance shall be maintained in a condition that will prevent tracking or flowing of sediment onto public rights-of-way. This may require periodic top dressing with additional stone as conditions demand and repair and/or cleanout of any measures used to trap sediment. All sediment spilled, dropped, washed or tracked onto public rights-of-way must be removed immediately. Wheels on all vehicles shall be cleaned to remove sediment prior to entrance onto public rights-of-way. If washing is required, it shall be done on an area stabilized with stone and which drains into approved sediment trapping device. If the street is washed precautions must be taken to prevent muddy water from running into waterways or storm sewers.

Compost Filter Sock

Socks shall be inspected weekly and after each runoff event. Damaged socks shall be repaired according to manufacturer's specifications or replaced within 24 hours of inspection. Accumulated sediment shall be removed when it reaches half the aboveground height of the sock and disposed in the manner described elsewhere in the plan. Polypropylene socks shall be replaced according to manufacturer's recommendations. Upon stabilization of the area tributary to the sock, stakes shall be removed. The sock may be left in place and vegetated or removed. In the latter case, the mesh shall be cut onen and the mulch spread as a soil supplement.

Compost Sock Sediment Trap

All sediment traps shall be inspected at least weekly and after each runoff event. Access for sediment removal and other required maintenance activities shall be provided. Dispose of materials removed from the trap in the manner described in the E&S plan. Check embankments, spillways, and outlets for erosion, piping and settlement. Clogged or damaged spillways and/or embankments shall be immediately restored to the design specifications.

Erosion Control Blanket

Blanketed areas shall be inspected weekly and after each runoff event until perennial vegetation is established to a minimum uniform 70% coverage throughout the blanketed area. Damaged or displaced blankets shall be restored or replaced within 4 calendar days.

Riprap Apron

All aprons shall be inspected at least weekly and after each runoff event. Displaced riprap within the apron shall be replaced immediately.

Permanent Control Measures and Facilities

- 1. Vegetative cover The permanent seeding rates are listed on the standard construction detail sheet #20
- 2. Provide liming rates as recommended by the soil test result. Fertilizer shall be applied per details in Detail Sheet 20. Work soil supplements into soil or apply with hydroseeding. Mulch area with straw or hap mulch at 3 tons per acre. Inspect seeded areas after each measurable event. Eroded areas shall have topsoil replaced, seed resown and mulch reapplied and anchored. If erosion persists, the area will be either lined with sod or stabilized with rock riprap.
- 3. Mulch or straw or hay Mulch shall be applied over seeded areas no later than 48 hours after seeding. Spread mulch uniformly, in a continuous blanket at a minimum rate of 3 tons per acre. Mulch may be spread by hand or with an acceptable mechanical blower. Machines which cut mulch into short pieces will not be permitted. Mulch shall be anchored by use of crimping, netting, asphaltic or a nonasphaltic emulsion mulch binder immediately following mulch spreading. If any asphaltic or nonasphaltic emulsion mulch binder is used, the number of passes over the mulch as needed to secure it firmly shall not exceed three passes with maximum applied binder not exceeding 10 gallons per 1,000 Sq. Ft.
- 4. Erosion control blankets Erosion control blankets should be used on all slopes that are 3H:1V or steeper and where potential exists for sediment pollution to receiving surface waters. Cut slopes in competent bedrock and rock fill slopes need not be blanketed. Erosion control blankets should be used for all seeded areas within 50 feet of a surface water 100 feet of a special protection water regardless of slope.
- 4. Insloped Roadway Cut and fill slopes shall be stabilized immediately upon completion or roadway grading. These areas shall be blanketed where ever they are located within 50 feet of a surface water. A top dressing composed of hard, durable stone shall be provided for soils having low strengths. Roadside ditches shall be provided with adequate protective lining where ever runoff can not sheet flow away from the roadway. Adequately sized culverts or other suitable cross drains shall be provided at all seeps, springs, and drainage courses. Ditch relief culverts or turnouts shall be provided at the intervals indicated on the plan drawings. Riprap outlet protection has been sized according to anticipated discharge velocity.
- Roadside ditches Sizing and spacing of ditch relief culverts should be according to plan drawings. Rock filters are not required where
 roadway surface is stabilized, ditches are provided with protective liners, and cut banks are stabilized. Suitable outlet protection should
 be provided at each culvert outfall.
- 6. Riprap Apron Riprap aprons may be used to prevent scour at pipe or channel outfalls where anticipated discharge velocities do not exceed 17.0 feet per second, there is sufficient room to construct the apron, and where the aprons can be installed on a level grade. In cases where discharge velocities exceed 17.0 feet per second, a suitable means of velocity reduction (e.g. drop structure) should be used prior to discharging significant flows onto riprap apron.





CNX GAS COMPANY LLC ONE ENERGY DRIVE JANE LEW, WV 26378

OXFD17HS WELL SITE GENERAL NOTES



REVISIONS

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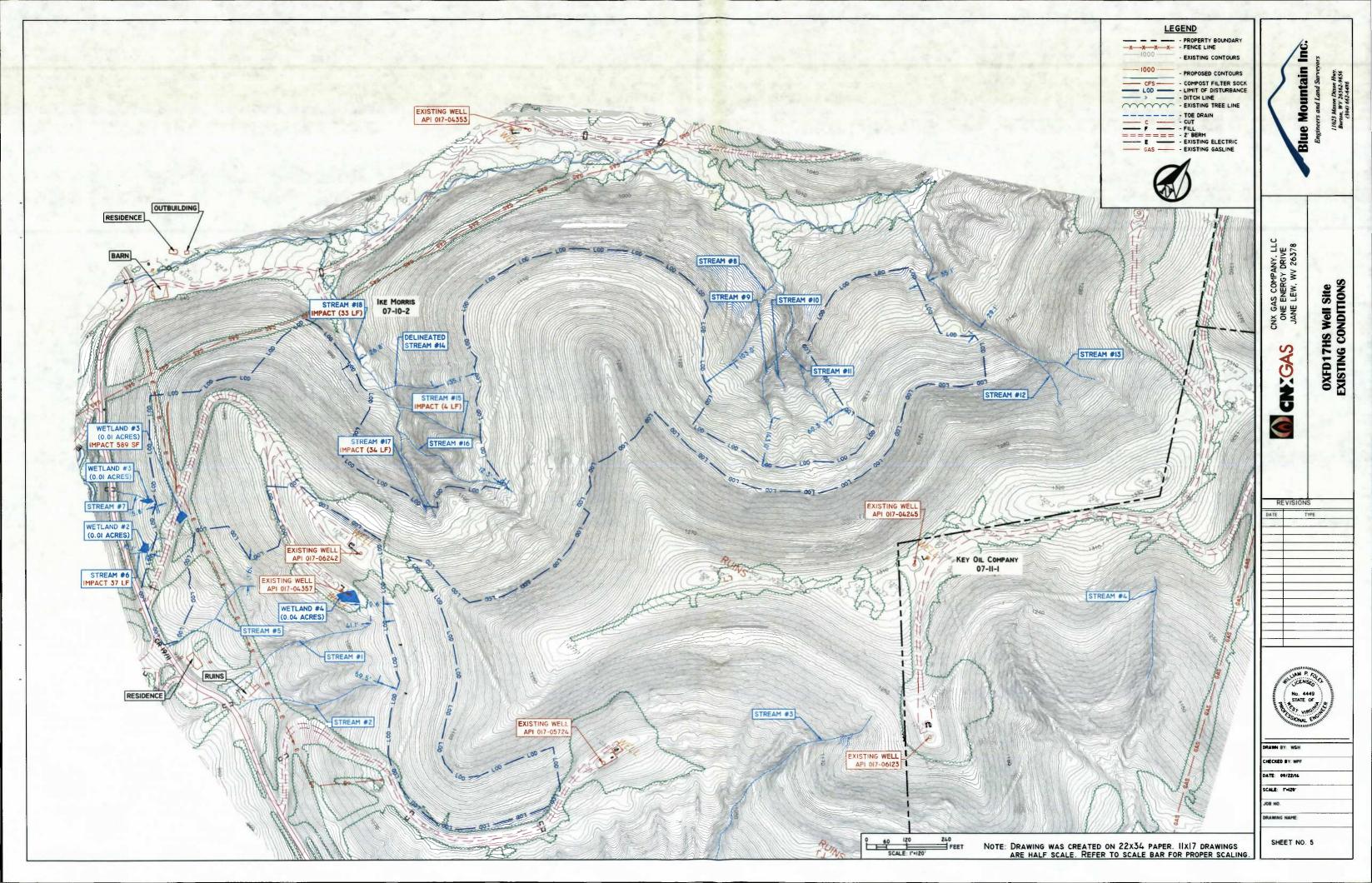
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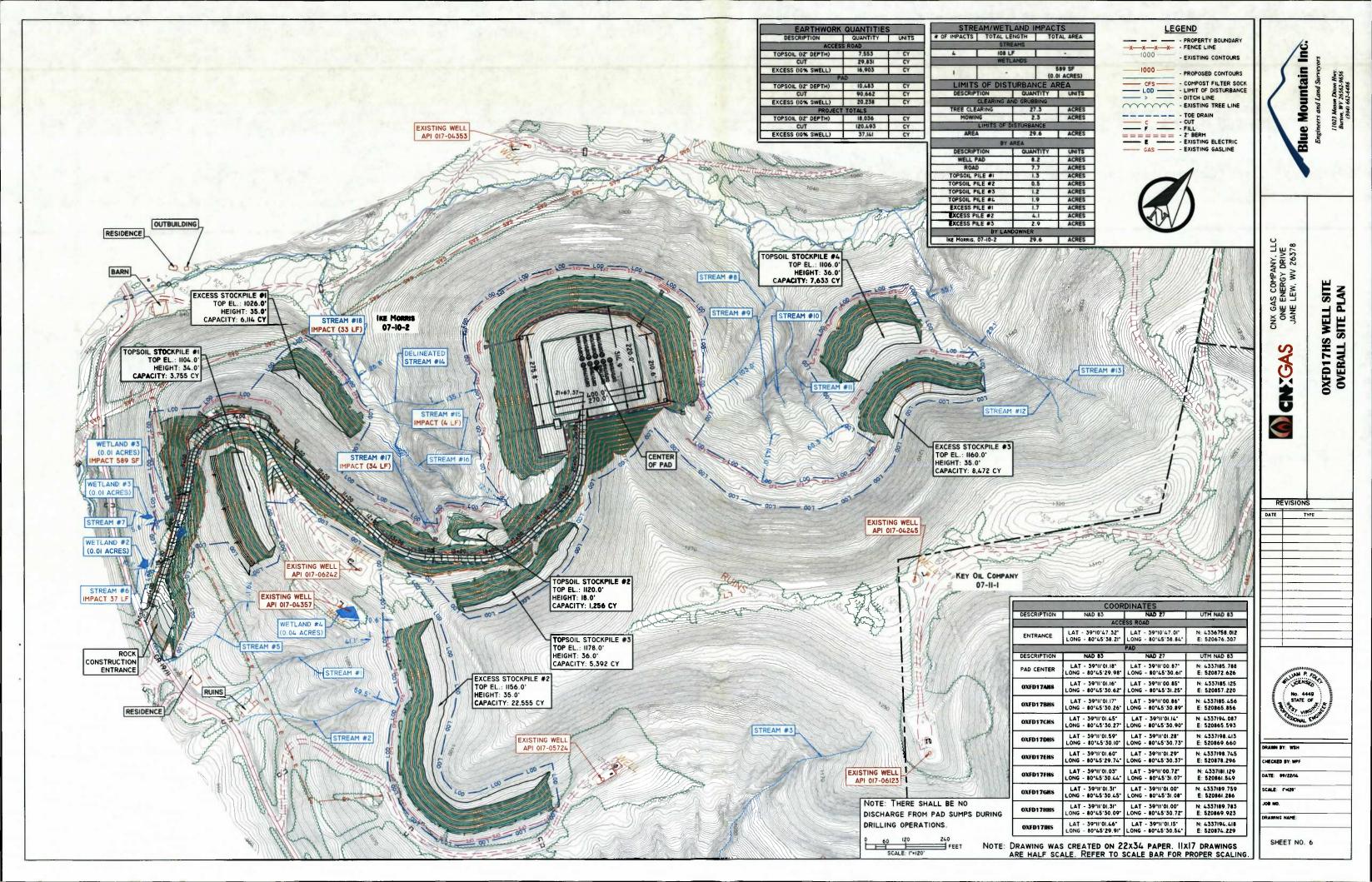
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CHECKED BY: WPF
DATE: 09/22/14

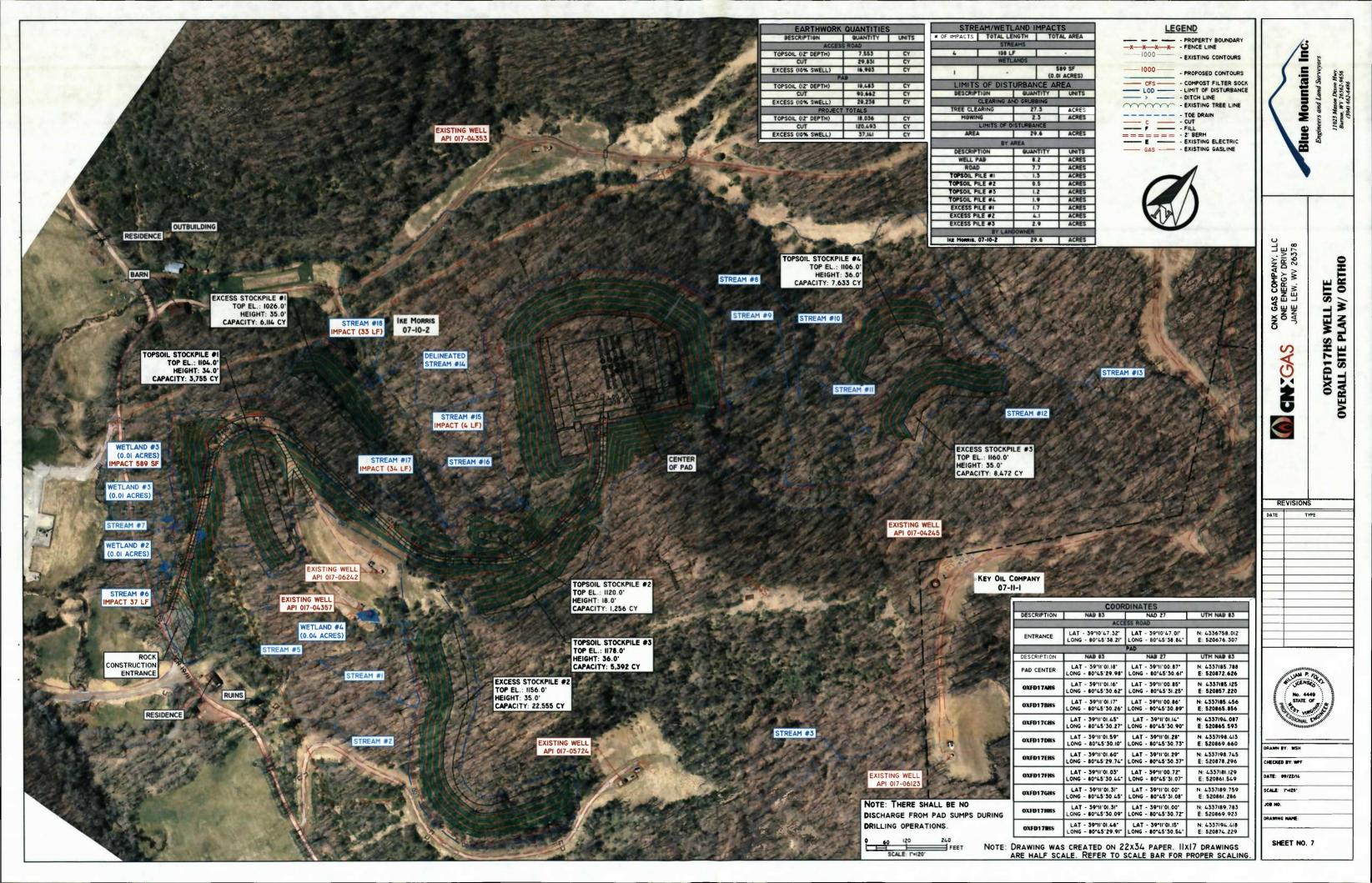
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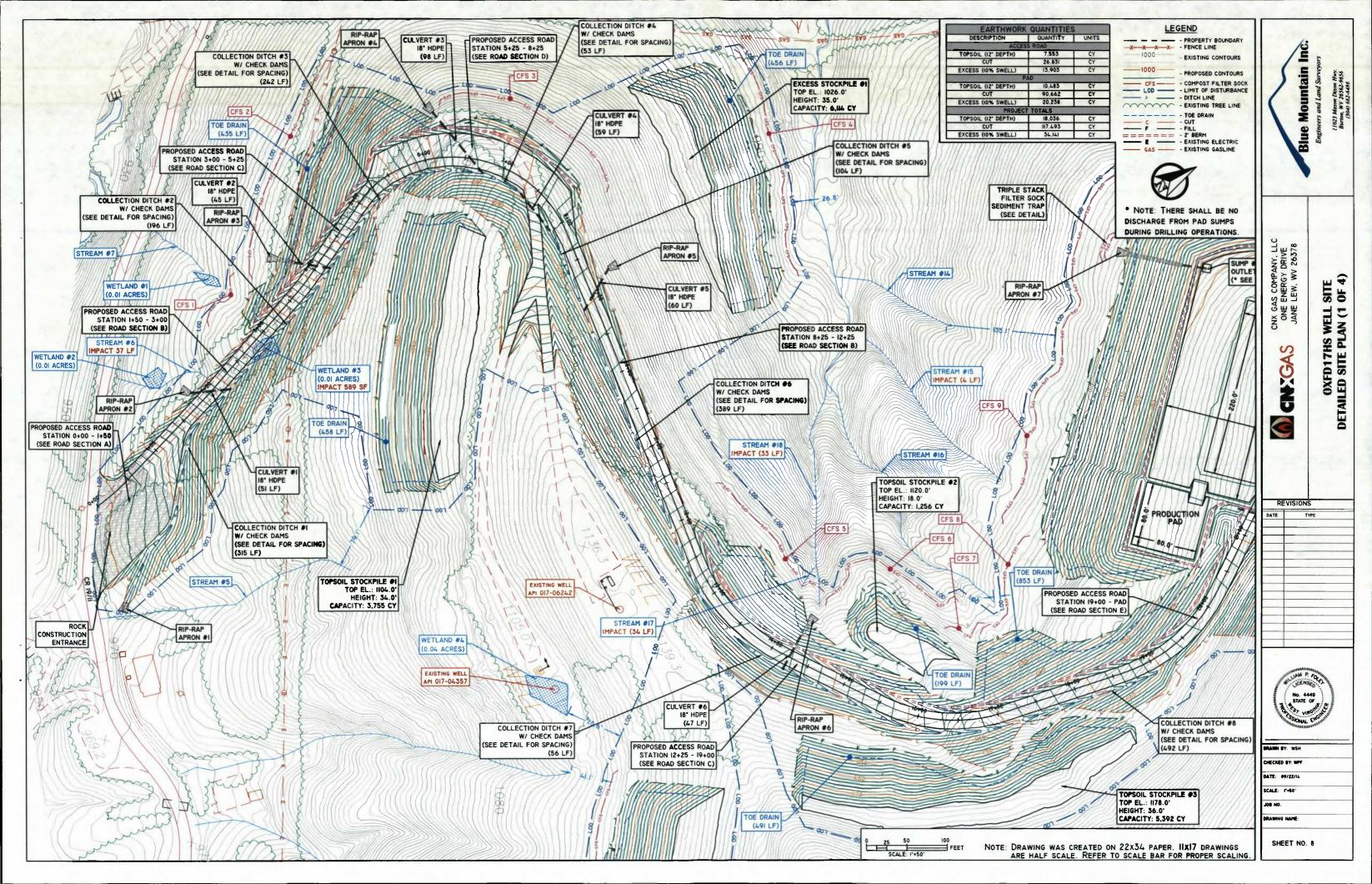
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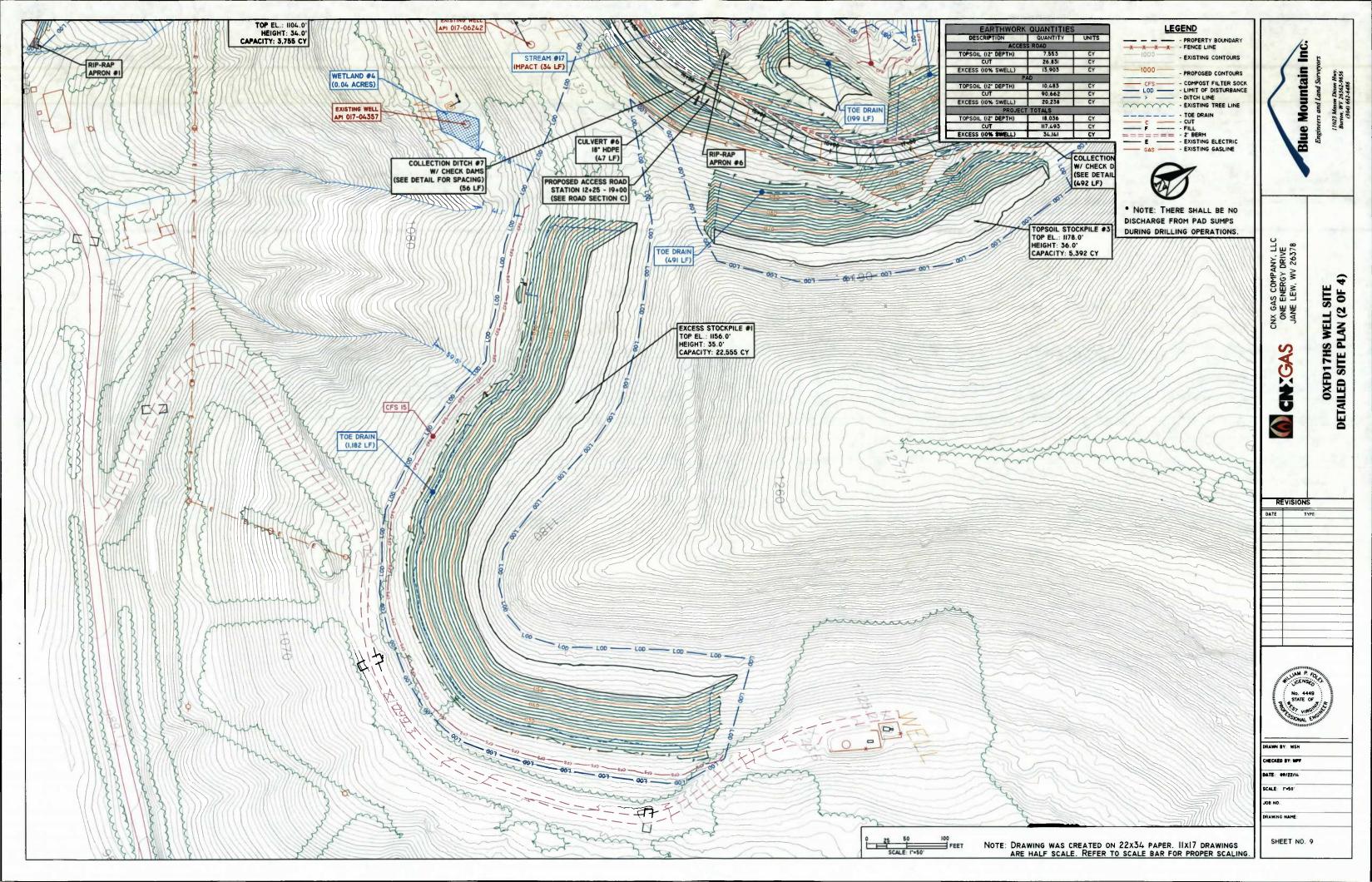


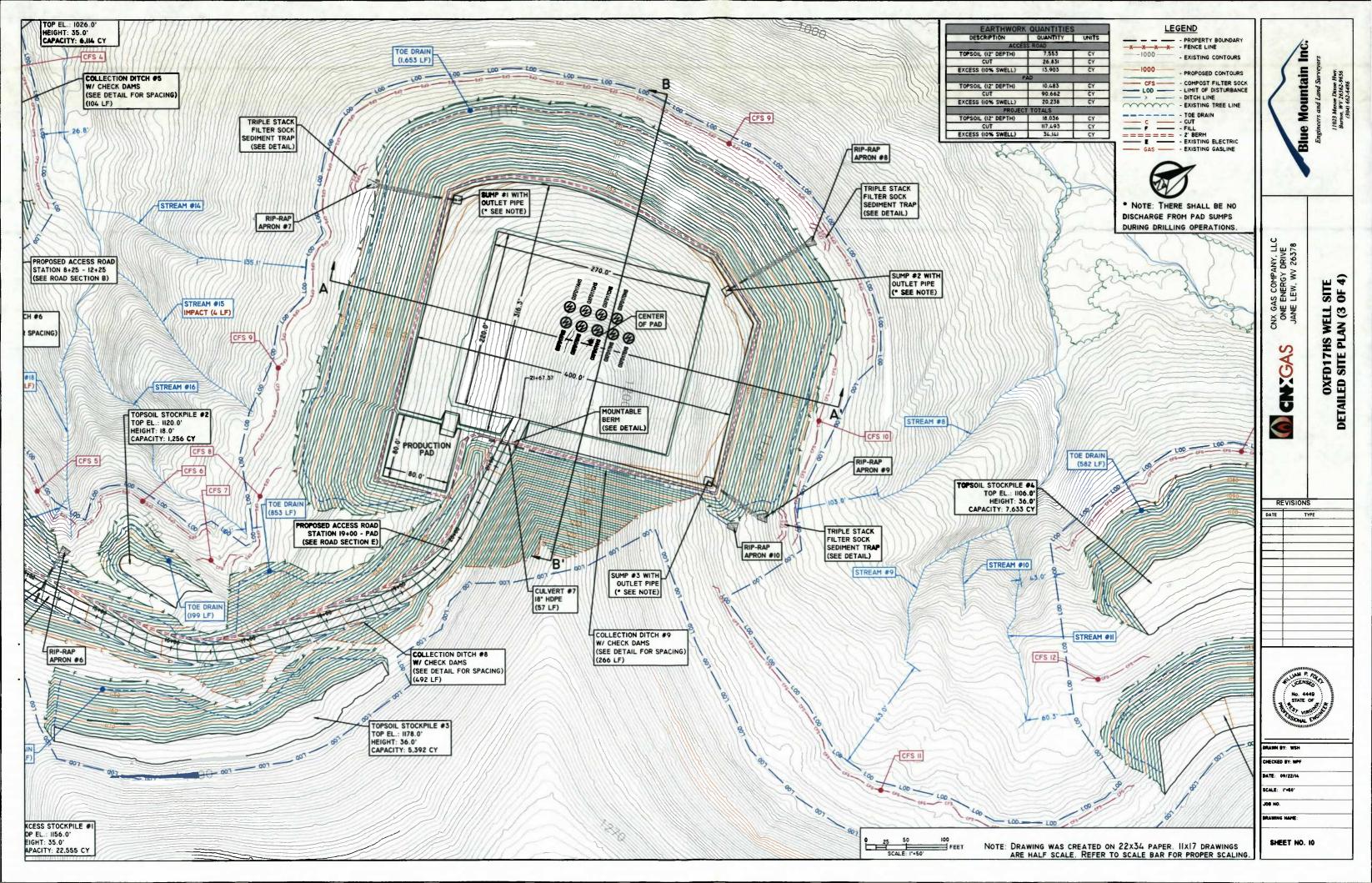


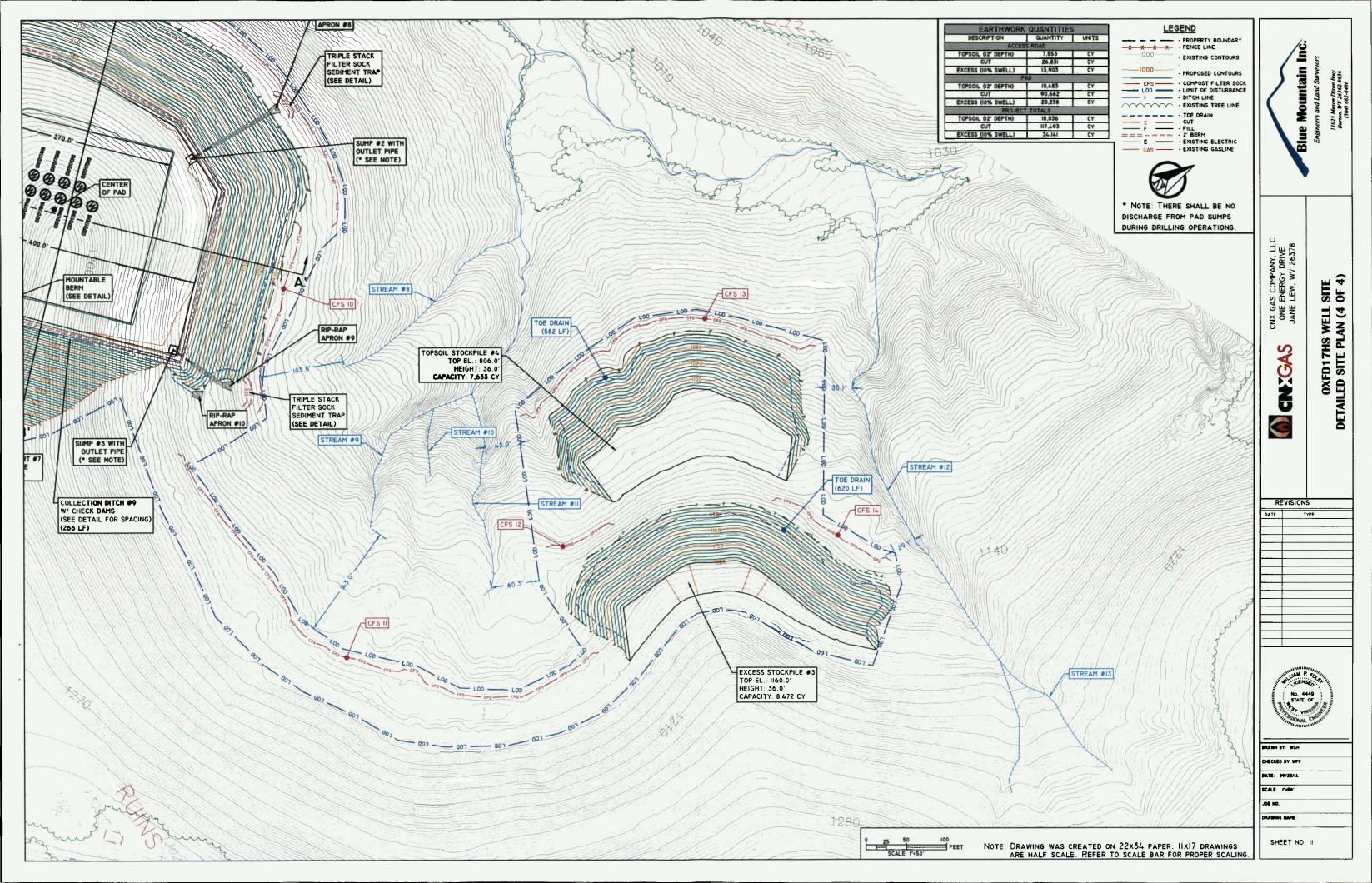


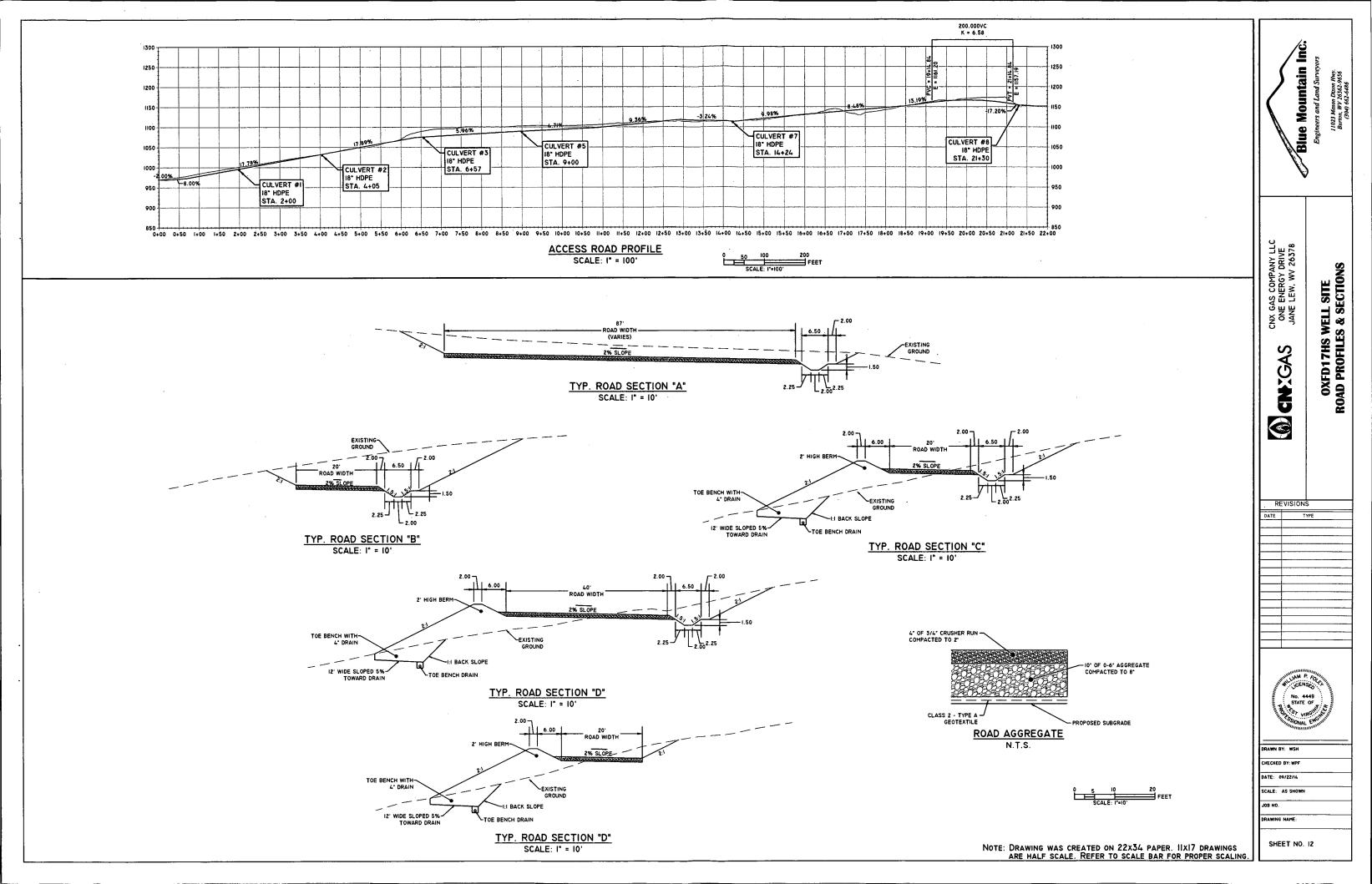






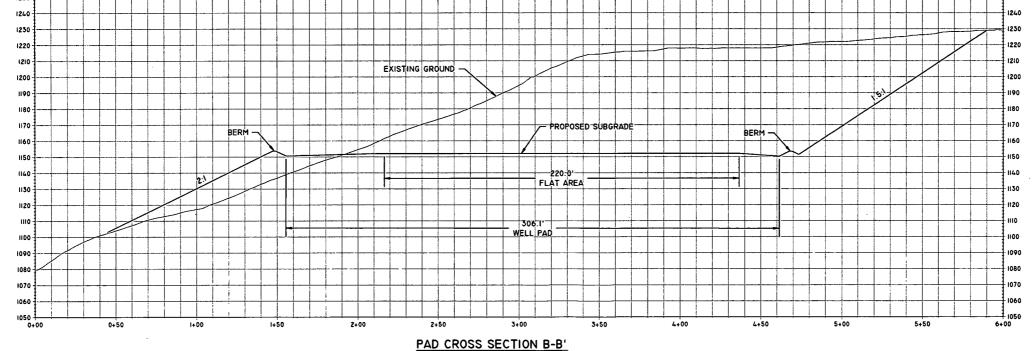






NOTE: DRAWING WAS CREATED ON 22X34 PAPER. IIXI7 DRAWINGS ARE HALF SCALE. REFER TO SCALE BAR FOR PROPER SCALING.

SCALE: 1" = 30" 4" OF 3/4" CRUSHER RUN -COMPACTED TO 2" - 12" OF CLEAN AGGREGATE COMPACTED TO 10" CLASS 2 - TYPE A -- PROPOSED SUBGRADE PAD AGGREGATE N.T.S.



3+50 3+00 PAD CROSS SECTION A-A'

SCALE: 1" = 30"

WELL PAD

4+00

1230 7

1220 1210

1170

1130 1120

1100

1080

1070

BERM

1+50

2+00

2+50

1220 - EXISTING GROUND 1200 PROPOSED SUBGRADE - BERM 1150 1070

5+00

4+50

5+50

6+00

Blue Mountain Inc.
Engineers and Land Surveyors

CNX GAS COMPANY LLC ONE ENERGY DRIVE JANE LEW, WV 26378

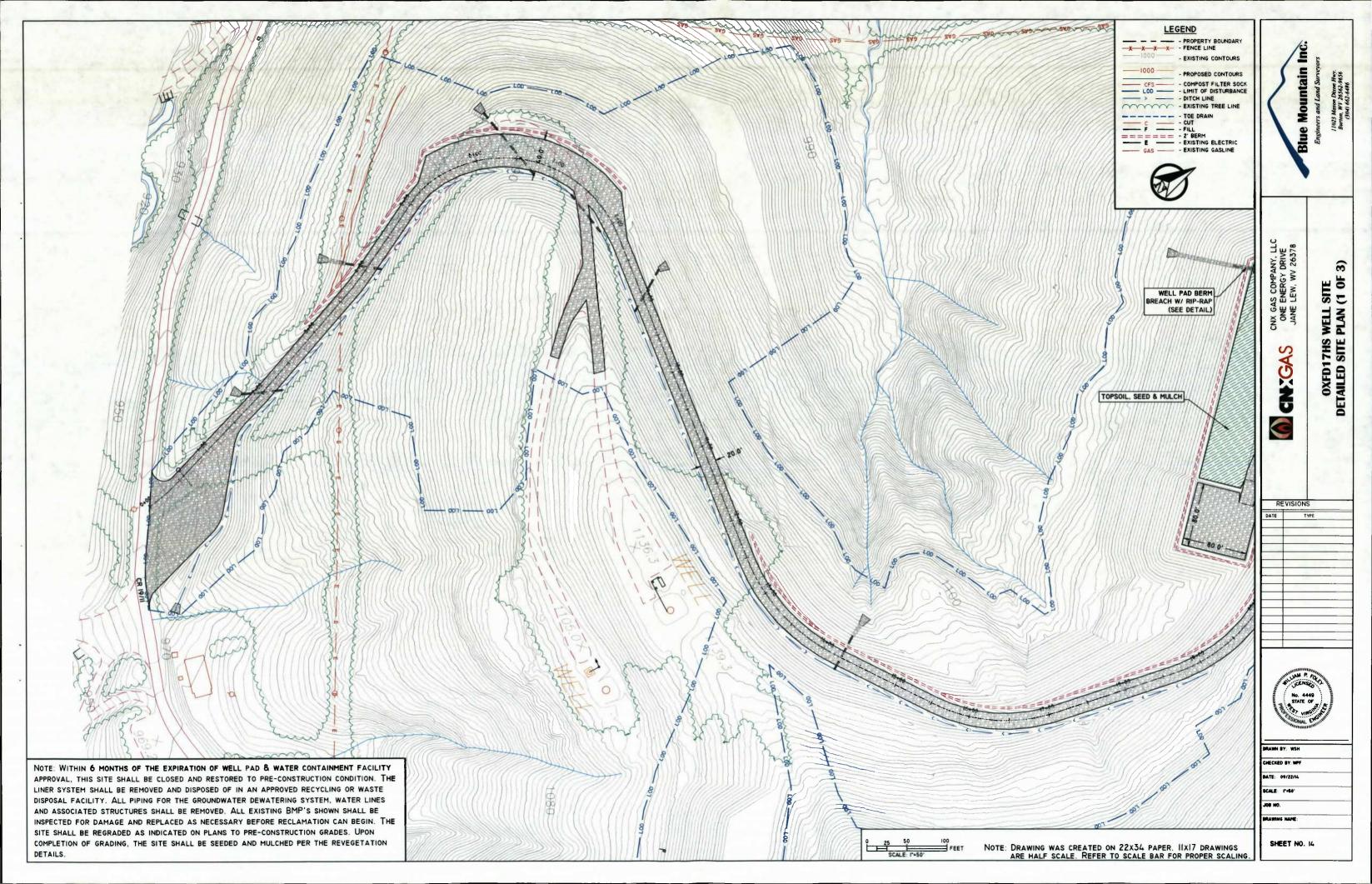
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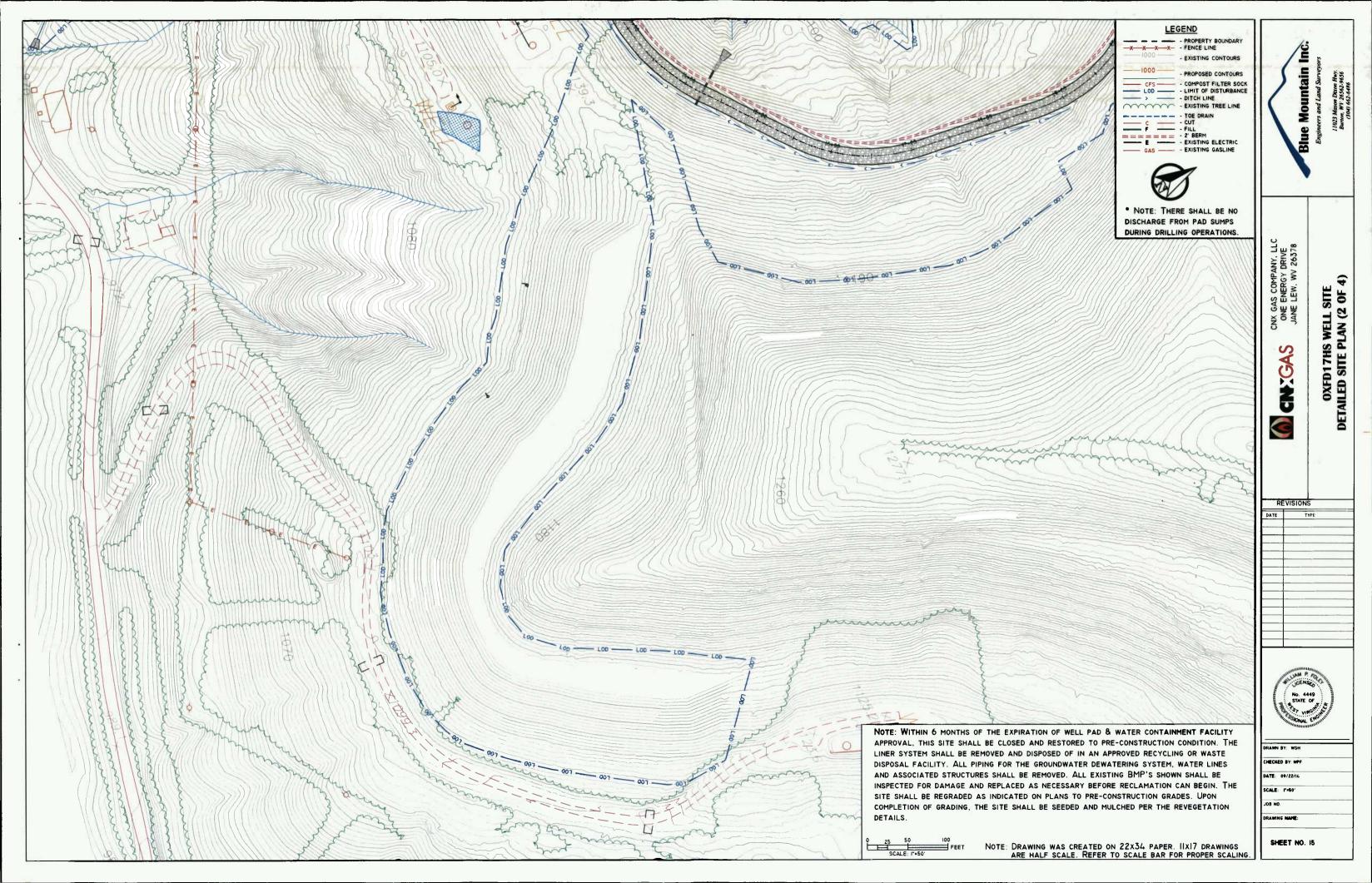
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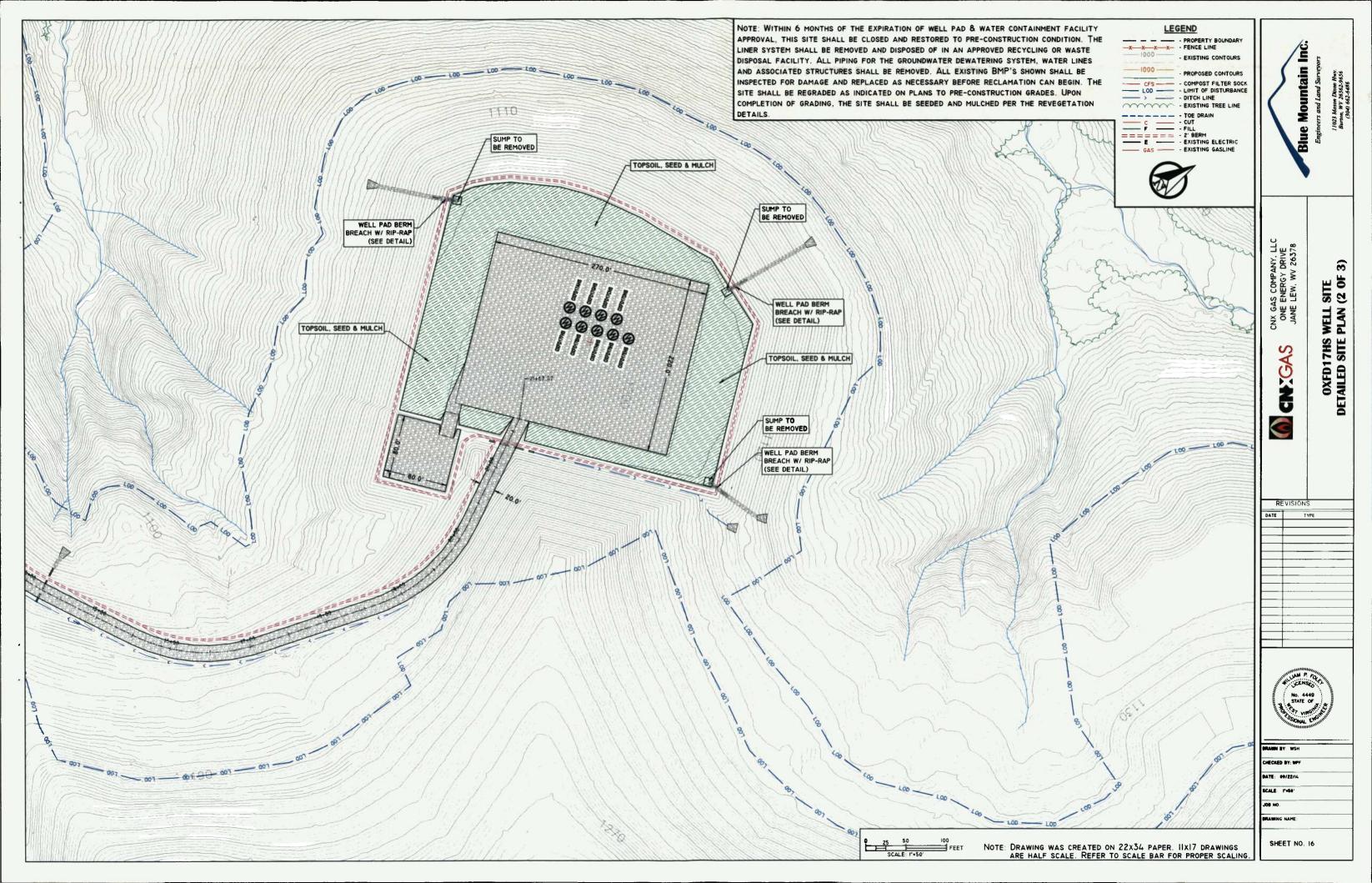
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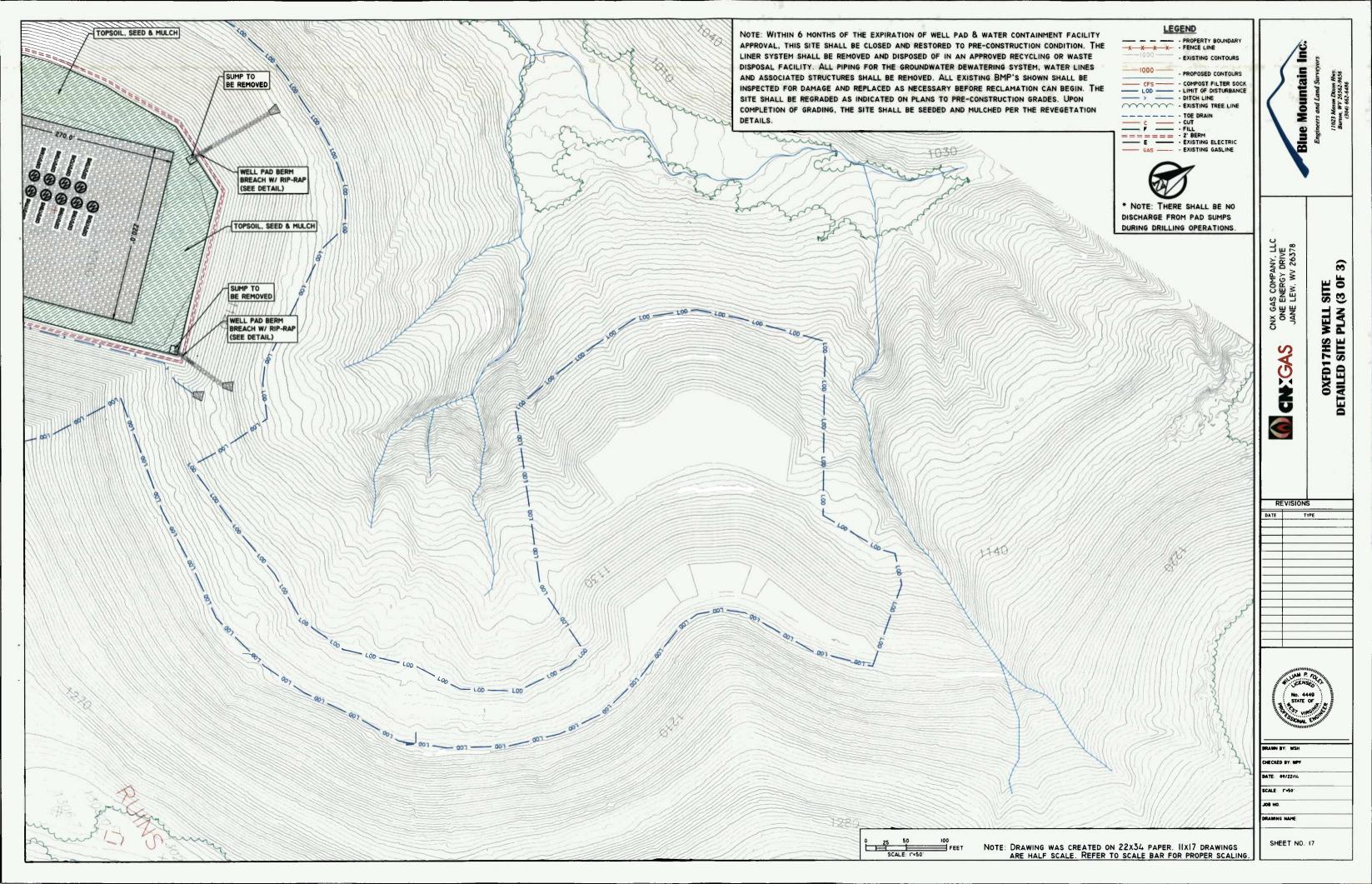
CHECKED BY: WPF DATE: 09/22/14

SCALE: AS SHOWN JOB NO.







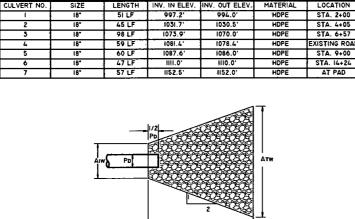


SECTION A - A

SPACING BETWEEN CHECK DAMS

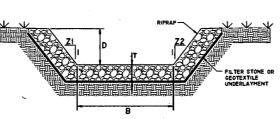
ROCK CHECK DAM

NOT TO SCALE



				GEOTEXT	TILE	
		RIPRAP			$\overline{}$	
OUTLET	PIPE DIA PD (IN)	SIZE (R)	THICK RT (IN)	LENGTH LA (FT)	INTIAL WIDTH AW (FT)	TERMINAL WIDTH ATW (FT)
APRON I	N/A	3	9	6	4	6,5
APRON 2	18"	5	9	12	8	13
APRON 3	N/A	3	9	6	4	6.5
APRON 4	18*	3	9	12	8	13
APRON 5	18"	3	9	12	8	13
APRON 6	N/A	3	9	6	4	6.5
APRON 7	N/A	3	9	6	4	6.5
APRON 8	N/A	3	9	6	4	6.5
APRON 9	N/A	3	9	6	4	6.5
APRON 10	N/A	3	9	6	4	6.5
			ID RAD	APRON		

RIP RAP APRON NOT TO SCALE



CHANNEL	LOCATION	В	D	Zi	22	RIPRAP GRADATION	7	UNDERLAYMENT
CD-I	ACCESS ROAD	5.	1.5	1.5	1.5	4-	6.	GEOTEXTILE
CD-2	ACCESS ROAD	5.	1.5'	1.5	1.5	4-	6.	GEOTEXTILE
CD-3	Access Road	2'	1.5	1.5	1.5	4.	6.	GEOTEXTILE
CD-4	ACCESS ROAD	5,	1.5	1.5	1.5	4.	6.	GEOTEXTILE
CD-5	ACCESS ROAD	2.	1.5	1.5	1.5	4.	6.	GEOTEXTILE
CD-6	ACCESS ROAD	S.	1.5	1.5	1.5	4*	6.	GEOTEXTILE
CD-7	ACCESS ROAD	5.	1.5	1.5	1.5	4.	6.	GEOTEXTILE
CD-8	ACCESS ROAD	2'	1.5	1.5	1.5	4.	6.	GEOTEXTILE

FILTER STUME UNDERSAMENT.

LIMANUEL DIMENSIONS ARE FOR THE COMPLETED CHANNEL AFTER ROCK PLACEMENT BY UNDERSAME DIMENSIONS ARE FOR THE COLUMNEL MAYS BE OVER-EXCAVATED A SUFFICIENT AMOUNT TO ALLOW FOR THE VOLUME OF BOCK, WHILE PROVIDED IT STEVERED FRIENDS DIMENSIONS.

LIMANUEL DIMENSIONS SHALL BE MANIFARED. CHANNEL SHALL BE CLEASED WHITEMEVER TOTAL CHANNEL DEFENDED BY 25% AT ANY LOCATION. SEDIMENT DEPOSTS SHALL BE REPOVED WITHIN EX. WAS OF PISCOVERY OR AS CONDITIONS FERDIT.

RIP RAP LINED CHANNEL

SUITABLE BACKFILL COMPACTED IN 9" LIFTS TO 95% MAX DRY DENSITY

COMPACTED

ROCK OR SOIL

(NOT TO SCALE)

SUMP NO.	INVERT IN	INVERT OUT	TOP ELEV.	(H) TOTAL HEIGHT
ı	1145.4"	1144.0"	1149.4'	4'
Z	1145.9	1144.0	1149.9"	4'
3	1149.31	1144.0'	1149.3	4.

SECTION

UNDERDRAIN SUMP DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

1.8' X 8' STONE PIT AREA W/ 4' DIAMETER SUMP CULVERT TO 12'
DISCHARGE PIPE WITH A GATE VALVE OUTSIDE OF BERM AREA.
2. 4' DIAMETER SUMP CULVERT TO BE PERFORATED WITH I'

2. A: DIAMETER SUMP COLVERT TO BE PERFORATED WITH I'M CLES SPACE 6 TO 8". PIPE IS NOT TO BE PERFORATED ON THE BERM SIDE.

5. INLET GRATE TO BE PLACED OVER 4" SUMP CULVERT.

4. THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE DURING DRILLING OPERATIONS & COMPLETION ACTIVITIES ON THE WELL PAD. VALVE IS TO REMAINED CLOSED AT ALL TIMES DURING DRILLING DEPARTIONS

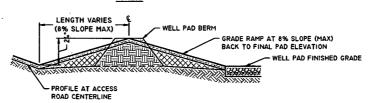
- 12" GATE VALVE

L 12" HOPE DRAIN

SWALE CENTERLINE SLOPED AT - 2%-4% TOWARDS FILL SLOPE - BERM CENTERLINE PLAN

OPERATIONS.

IMPERVIOUS BOTTOM -

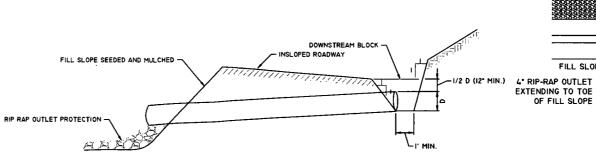


CROSS-SECTION

NOTE:

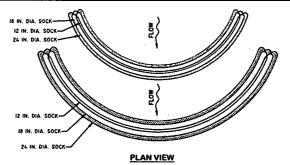
I. INSTALL SWALE AT, OR NEAR IO DEGREES FROM PERPENDICULAR TO THE ACCESS ROAD CENTERLINE IN THE DIRECTION OF THE ROAD GRADE.

WELL PAD ENTRANCE SWALE DETAIL
NOT TO SCALE



TYPICAL INSLOPED ROADWAY @ CULVERT

NOT TO SCALE



(2)-2 IN. X 2 IN. X 48 IN. HARDWOOD STAKES, WRAPPED TOGETHER WITH 16 GA. WIRE, 10 FT. O.C. -2 IN. X 2 IN. X 36 IN. HARDWOOD STAKE, 10 FT O.C.
STARTING 5 FT. FROM ANGLED STAKES
-BLOWN/PLACED FILTER MEDIA

DESIGN NOTES:

PAD SURFACE

FILL SLOPE

6" OF 6" MINUS CRUSHER RUN AGGREGATE CAPPED W/ 2" OF 1 1/2" OR 3/4"

CRUSHER RUN STONE

STAKING DETAIL

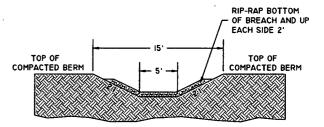
COMPOST SOCK SEDIMENT TRAP SHALL BE SIZED TO PROVIDE 2000 CUBIC FEET OF STORAGE CAPACITY FOR EACH ACRE TRIBUTARY TO THE TRAP.
HIMMUM BASE WIDTH IS EQUAL TO THE HEIGHT.
SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION SHALL NOT EXCEED 1/3 THE TOTAL HEIGHT OF THE TRAP.
SOCKS SHALL BE OF LARGER DIAMETER AT THE BASE OF THE TRAP AND DECREASE IN DIAMETER FOR SUCCESSIVE LAYERS AS SHOWN ON THE PLAN VIEW.
ENDS OF THE TRAP SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF I FOOT HIGHER IN ELEVATION THAN THE MID-SECTION, WHICH SHALL BE LOCATED AT THE POINT OF DISCHARGE.

COMPOST SOCK SEDIMENT TRAPS SHALL PROVIDE 2,000 CUBIC FEET STORAGE CAPACITY WITH 12" FREEBOARD FOR EACH TRIBUTARY DRAINAGE ACRE. (SEE MANUFACTUREN FOR ANTICIPATED SETTLEMENT.)

THE MAXIMUM TRIBUTARY DRAINAGE AREA IS 5.0 ACRES. SINCE COMPOST SOCKS ARE "FLOW-THROUGH," NO SPILLWAY IS

COMPOST SOCK SEDIMENT TRAPS SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN IT REACHES I/3 THE HEIGHT OF THE SOCKS.

COMPOST SOCK SEDIMENT TRAP



PROFILE VIEW

RIP-RAP BOTTOM OF BREACH AND UP

FILL SLOPE

PΔD

CONTAINMENT

PLAN VIEW

PAD BERM BREACH DETAIL NOT TO SCALE

NOTE: DRAWING WAS CREATED ON 22X34 PAPER. IIXI7 DRAWINGS ARE HALF SCALE. REFER TO SCALE BAR FOR PROPER SCALING.

DATE: 09/22/14 SCALE: AS SHOWN JOB NO.

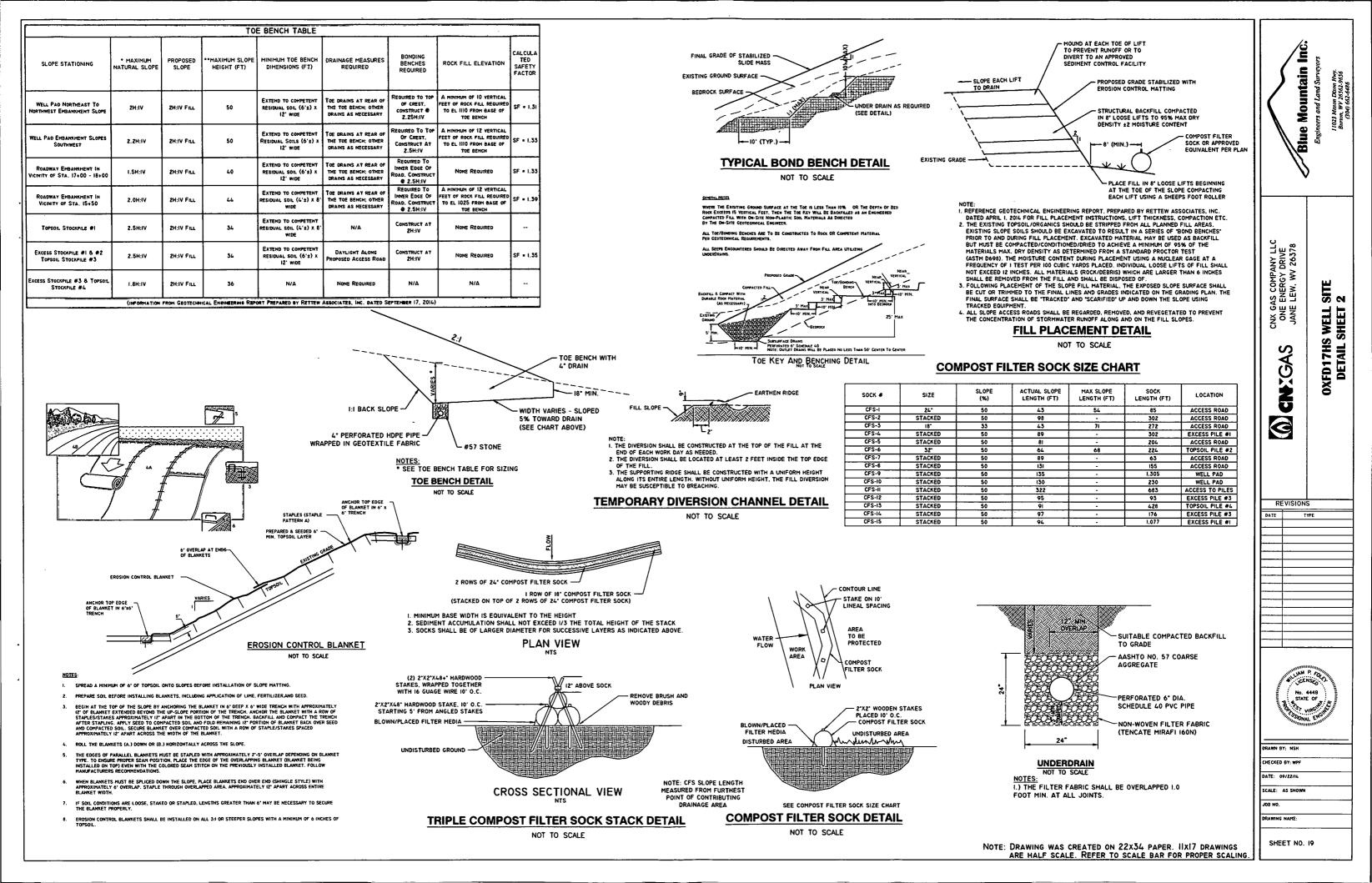
CNX GAS COMPANY LLC ONE ENERGY DRIVE JANE LEW, WV 26378 CNYCA

OXFD17HSHS WELL DETAIL SHEET 1

ue Mountain



DRAWING NAME:



Taken from the West Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Field Manual West Virginia Division of Environmental Protection Office of Oil and Gas Charleston, W.Va.

Temporary Seeding

a. General Conditions Where Practice Applies Where exposed soil surfaces are not to be fine-graded or worked for periods longer than 21 days. Temporary vegetative cover with sediment controls must be established where runoff will go directly into a stream. Immediately upon construction of the site (site includes road and location), vegetation must be established on road bank and location slopes. A permanent vegetative cover shall be applied to areas that will be left un-worked for a period of more than six

b. Seed Mixtures and Planting Dates

Refer to Tables 2 through 4 for recommended dates to establish vegetative cover and the approved lists of temporary and permanent plant species, and planting rates. Table 3 gives recommended types of temporary vegetation, rates of application, and optimum seeding dates. In situations where another cover is desired, contact the local soil conservation district for seeding recommendations.

c. Seed Application

Apply seed by broadcasting, drilling, or by hydrosced according to the rates indicated in Table IV-3. Perform all planting operations at right angles to the slope. Necessary site preparation and roughening of the soil surface should be done just prior to seeding. Seedbed preparation may not be required on newly

Permanent Seeding

a. General

Permanent vegetative cover will be established where no further soil disturbance is anticipated or needed. Soil fertility and pH level should be tested and adjusted according to the seed species planted. Planting of permanent vegetative covers must be performed on all disturbed areas after completion of the drilling process. Any site that contains significant amounts of topsoil shall have the topsoil removed and stockpiled when feasible. Topsoil should not be added to slopes steeper than 2:1 unless a good bonding to the sub-layer can be achieved. After proper grading and seedbed preparation, the vegetation will reestablish ground cover for the control of surface water runoff erosion.

All required seedbed preparation and loosening of soil by disking or dozer tracking should be performed just prior to seeding. If seedbed preparation is not feasible, 50% more seed shall be added to the recommended rates shown in Tables IV-3 and IV-4

When hydroseeding, seedbed preparation may not be necessary if adequate site preparation was performed. Incorporate the appropriate amount of lime and/or fertilizer in the slurry mix when hydroseeding.

When hydroseeding, first mix the lime, fertilizer, and hydro-mulch in the recommended amount of water. Mix the seed and inoculants together within one hour prior to planting, and add to the slurry just before seeding. Apply the slurry uniformly over the prepared site. Assure that agitation is continuous throughout the seeding operation and the mix is applied within one hour of initial mixing.

b. Lime and Fertilizer

- 1. Lime Shall be applied to all permanent seedings. The pH of the soil is to be determined and lime applied accordingly. Once the pH is known, select the amount of lime to be applied from Table IV-5.
- 2. Fertilizer shall be applied in all permanent seedings. Apply the equivalent for 500 lbs. minimum 10-20-20 fertilizer per acre or use the amount of fertilizer and lime recommended by a certified soil test.
- 3. Application: For best results and maximum benefits, the lime and fertilizer are to be applied at the same time as seedbed preparation.

c. Permanent Seed Mixture

Planners should take into consideration the species makeup of the existing pasture and the landowner's future pasture management plans when recommending seed mixtures. Selection: From Tables IV 4a and b, Permanent Seeding Mixtures Suitable for Establishment in West Virginia

- 1. All legumes must be planted with the proper inoculants prior to seeding.
- 2. 'Lathco' Flatpea is potentially poisonous to some livestock. 3. Only endophyte free varieties of Tall Fescue should be used. Tall Fescue and Crownvetch are also very invasive species, non-native to WV.
- 4. For unprepared seedbeds or seeding outside the optimum timeframes, add 50% more seed to the specified rate. Mixtures in Table 4b are more wildlife and farm friendly; those listed in bold are suitable for use in shaded woodland settings. Mixtures in italic are suitable for use in filter strips.

d. Seeding for Wildlife Habitat

Consider the use of native plants or locally adapted plants when selecting cover types and species for wildlife habitat. Wildlife friendly species or mixes that have multiple values should be considered. See wildlife friendly species/mixtures in Table IV-4b. Consider selecting no or low maintenance long-lived plants adaptable to sites which may be difficult to maintain with

Mulching

a. General Organic Mulches

The application if straw, hay, or other suitable materials to the soil surface to prevent erosion. Straw made from wheat or oats is the preferred mulch, the use of hay is permissible, but not encouraged due to the risk of spreading invasive species. Mulch must be applied to all temporary and permanent seeding on all disturbed areas. Depending on site conditions, in critical areas such as waterways or steep slopes, additional or substitute soil protective measures may be used if deemed necessary. Examples include jute mesh and soil stabilization blankets or erosion control matting.

Areas that have been temporarily or permanently seeded should be mulched to provide some protection to the soil surface. An organic mulch, straw, or hav should be used and the area then seeded as soon as weather or seasonal conditions permit. Do not use fiber mulch (cellulose-hydroseed) alone for this practice; at normal application rates it will not give the soil protection of other

types of mulch.

Wood cellulose fiber mulch is used in hydroseeding operations and applied as part of the slurry. It creates the best seed-soil contact when applied over the top of (as a separate operation) newly seeded areas. Fiber mulch does not alone provide sufficient protection on highly erodible soils, or during less than favorable growing conditions. Fiber mulch should not be used alone during the dry summer months or when used for late fall mulch cover. Use straw mulch during these periods and fiber mulch may be used to tack (anchor) the straw mulch. Fiber mulch is well suited for steep slopes, critical areas, and areas

b. Chemical Mulches Soil Binders, and Tackifiers

A wide range of synthetic spray on materials are marketed to stabilize and protect the soil surface. These are mixed with water and sprayed over the mulch and to the soil. They may be used alone in some cases as temporary stabilizers, or in conjunction with fiber mulch, straw, or hay.

When used alone alone most chemical mulches do not have the capability to insulate the soil or retain soil moisture that organic mulches have.

Specifications

From Table IV-6 select the type of mulch and rate of application that will best suit the conditions at the site.

Depending on the field situation, mulch may not stay in place because of wind action or rapid water runoff. In such cases, mulch is to be anchored mechanically or with mulch netting.

1. Mechanical Anchoring
Apply mulch and pull mulch anchoring tool over the mulch. When a disk is used, set the disk straight and pull across slope. Mulch material should be tucked into the soil about three inches.

2. Mulch Netting

Follow manufacturer's recommendation when positioning and stapling the mulch netting in the soil.

Tab	le IV-1			
Recommended Seeding Dates				
Planting Dates	Sultability			
March 1 - April 15 and August 1 - October 1	Best Seeding Periods			
April 15 - August 1	HIGH RISK - moisture stress less likely			
October 1 - December 1	HIGH RISK - freeze damage to young seedlings			
December 1 - March 1	Good seeding period. Dormant seeding			

	Table IV-5					
Lime and Fertilizer Application Table						
pH of Soil	Lime in Tons Per Acre	Fertilizer, Lbs., per Acre 10-20-20 or Equivalent				
Above 6.0	2	500				
5.0 to 6.0	3	500				
Below 5.0	4	500				

lime per acre are applied it must be incorporated into the soil by disking, backblading, or tracking up and down the slope.

	Tab	te IV-6					
Mulch Materials Rates and Uses							
Material	Minimum Rates Per Acre	Coverage	Remarks				
Hay or Straw	2 to 3 Tons	Cover 75% to	Subject to Wind blowing				
	100 to 150 Bales	90% of Surface	or washing unless tied down				
Wood Fiber	1000 to 1500 lbs	Cover all	For Hydroseeding				
Pulp Fiber		Disturbed Areas					
Wood-Cellulose		T					
Recirculated Paper							

	Table 2						
Acce	Acceptable Fertilization Recommendation						
Species	N (lbs/ac)	P2O5 (lbs/ac)	Example Rec. (per acre)				
Cool Season Grass	40	80	400 lbs 10-20-20				
CS Grass & Legume	30	60	300 lbs 10-20-20				
Temporary Cover	40	40	200 lbs 19-19-19				

	Ta	ble 3						
	Temporary Cover							
Species	Seeding Rate (lbs/acre)	Optimum Seeding Dates	Drainage	pH Range				
Annual Ryegrass	40	3/1 - 6/15 or 8/15 - 9/15	Well - Poorly	5.5 - 7.5				
Field Bromegrass	40	3/1 - 6/15 or 8/15 - 9/15	Well - Mod. Well	6.0 - 7.0				
Spring Oats	96	3/1 - 6/15	Well - Poorly	5.5 - 7.0				
Sudangrass	40	5/15 - 8/15	Well - Poorly	5.5 - 7.5				
Winter Rye	168	8/15 - 10/15	Well - Poorly	5.5 - 7.5				
Winter Wheat	180	8/15 - 10/15	Well - Mod. Well	5.5 - 7.0				
Japanese Millet	30	6/15 - 8/15	Well	4.5 - 7.0				
Redtop	. 5	3/1 - 6/15	Well	4.0 - 7.5				
Annual Ryegrass	26	3/1 - 6/15	Well - Poorly	5.5 - 7.5				
Spring Oats	64	3/1 - 6/15	Well - Poorly	5.5 - 7.5				

	Table 4a		
Permanent Seeding Mixture			
Species/Mixture	Seeding Rate (lbs/acre)	Soil Drainage Preference	pH Range
Crownvetch/	10 - 15	Well - Mod. Well	5.0 - 7.5
Tall fescue	30		
Crownvetch/	10 - 15	Well - Mod. Well	5.0 - 7.5
Perennial Ryegrass	20		
Flatpea or Perennial Pea/	20	Well - Mod. Well	4.0 - 8.0
Tall Fescue	15		
Ladino Clover/	30		
Serecia Lespedeza/	25	Well - Mod. Well	4.5 - 7.5
Tall Fescue	2		
Tall Fescue/	40		
Ladino Clover/	3	Well - Mod. Well	5.0 - 7.5
Redtop	3		
Crownvetch/	10		
Tall Fescue/	20	Well - Mod. Well	5.0 - 7.5
Redtop	3		
Tail Fescue/	40		
Birdsfoot Trefoil/	10	Well - Mod. Well	5.0 - 7.5
Redtop	3		
Serecia Lespedeza/	25		
Tall Fescue/	30	Well - Mod. Well	4.5 - 7.5
Redtop	3		
Redtop/	30		
Tall Fescue/	3	Well - Mod. Well	5.0 - 7.5
Creeping Red	50		
Tall Fescue	50	Well - Poorly	4.5 - 7.5
Perennial Ryegrass/	10		•
Tall Fescue/	15	Well - Poorty	5.0 - 8.0
Lathco Flatpea®	20		

<u> </u>	Table 4b			
Wildlife and Farm Friendly Seed Mixtures				
Species/Mixture	Seeding Rate (lbs/acre)	Soil Drainage Preference	pH Range	
KY Bluegrass/	20	LL		
Redtop/	33	Well - Mod. Well	5.5 - 7.5	
Ladino Clover or Birdsfoot Trefoll	2/10	1		
Timothy/	5	Well - Mod. Well	6.5 - 8.0	
Alfalfa	12			
Timothy/	5	Well - Poorly	5.5 - 7.5	
Birdsfoot Trefoil	8			
Orchardgrass/	10			
Ladino Clover/	2	Well - Mod. Well	5.5 - 7.5	
Redtop	3			
Orchardgrass/	10	Well - Mod. Well	5.5 - 7.5	
Ladino Clover	2			
Orchardgrass/	20	Well - Mod. Well	5.5 - 7.5	
Perennial Ryegrass	10			
Creeping Red Fescue/	30	Well - Mod. Well	5.5 - 7.5	
Perennial Ryegrass	10			
Orchardgrass or Kentucky Bluegrass	20	Well - Mod. Well	6.0 - 7.5	
Birdsfoot Trefoil/	10			
Redtop/	5	Well - Mod. Well	5.5 - 7.5	
Orchardgrass	20	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Lathco Flat Pea/	30	Well - Mod. Well	5.5 - 7.5	
Perennial Ryegrass	20			
Lathco Flat Pea/	30	Well - Mod. Well	5.5 - 7.5	
Orchardgrass	20			

For unprepared seedbeds or seeding outside the optimum timeframes, add 50% more seed to the specified rate.

For unprepared seedbeds or seeding outside the optimum timeframes, add 50% more seed to the specified rate.

NOTE: DRAWING WAS CREATED ON 22X34 PAPER. IIXI7 DRAWINGS ARE HALF SCALE. REFER TO SCALE BAR FOR PROPER SCALING. Blue Mountain

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CNYGAS

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SITE 3

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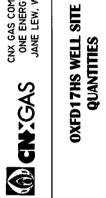
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DRAWING NAME:

QUANTITY SUMMARY DESCRIPTION	UNITS	QUANTITY
L) CLEARING AND GRUBBING	014113	QOAITITI
IA.) TREE CLEARING	ACRES	27.3
IB.) MOWING	ACRES	2.3
2.) COMPOST FILTER SOCK		<u> </u>
2A.) 12"	ĹF	1
28.) 18"	LF	272
2c.) 24"	LF	85
2D.) 32"	LF	224
2E.) STACKED"	LF	5,018
3.) COMPOST FILTER SOCK SEDIMENT TRAPS		
3A.) 12" COMPOST FILTER SOCK	LF	252
3B.) 18" COMPOST FILTER SOCK	LF	168
3c.) 24" COMPOST FILTER SOCK	LF	252
4.) AGGREGATE SURFACING		_1
4A.) PADS 3" CLEAN AGGREGATE (I2" COMPACTED TO I0")	TONS	4,158
48.) PADS (FLAT DRILL AREA) 3" CLEAN AGG. (10" COMPACTED TO 8")	TONS	3,208
4c.) PADS 3/4" CRUSHER RUN (4" COMPACTED TO 2")	TONS	1,386
4D.) ACCESS ROAD 0"-6" AGGREGATE (IO" COMPACTED TO 8")	TONS	3,452
4E.) ACCESS ROAD 3/4" CRUSHER RUN (4" COMPACTED TO 2")	TONS	1,38
4F.) GEOTEXTILE	SY	20,830
5.) SLOPE MATTING		
5A.) SLOPE MATTING	SY	72,295
6.) SEED & MULCH		· · · ·
6A.) SEED & MULCH	AC	14.9
7.) DITCH LINING		
7A.) 4" RIPRAP (6" DEEP)	TONS	520
8.) EXCAVATION		
8A.) CUT-ACCESS ROAD (I0% SWELL)	CY	29,83
8B.) CUT-WELL PAD (I0% SWELL)	CY	90,662
TOTAL CUT FOR PROJECT (NO SWELL)	CY	120,493
8c.) TOPSOIL-ACCESS ROAD (12" DEPTH)	CY	7,553
8p.) TOPSOIL-WELL PAD (I2" DEPTH)	CY	10,483
TOTAL TOPSOIL FOR PROJECT (ASSUME 12")	CY	18,036
9.) DITCHES		
9A.) COLLECTION DITCH LENGTH W/ ROCK CHECK DAMS	LF	1,847
10.) RIP RAP APRON & ROCK LEVEL SPREADERS		
IOA.) RIP RAP APRON	EA	10
II.) KEYWAY EXCAVATION		!
IIA.) KEYWAY EXCAVATION (TOE LENGTH X WIDTH X DEPTH)(SEE DETAIL FOR SIZING)	CY	14,028
IIB.) ROCK FILL (SEE GEOTECH REPORT)	TONS	7,430
12.) CULVERTS		
I2A.) I2" HDPE CULVERT	LF	
I2A.) 18" HDPE CULVERT	LF	417
12B.) 24" HDPE CULVERT	LF	
I3.) TOE DRAIN		
I3A.) TOE DRAIN	LF	6,929
I3B.) AASHTO NO. 57 COARSE AGGREGATE	TONS	1,796
IUB./ MAGITTO NO. 07 COMNOL MOUNEDATE	1 0110	1,770

Blue Mountain Inc.
Engineers and Land Surveyors
11023 Meton Durn Hw.
Burton, WY 2552-2655
(304) 662-6486

CNX GAS COMPANY LLC ONE ENERGY DRIVE JANE LEW, WV 26378



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